

# JUST THE FACTS and Configuration Guide

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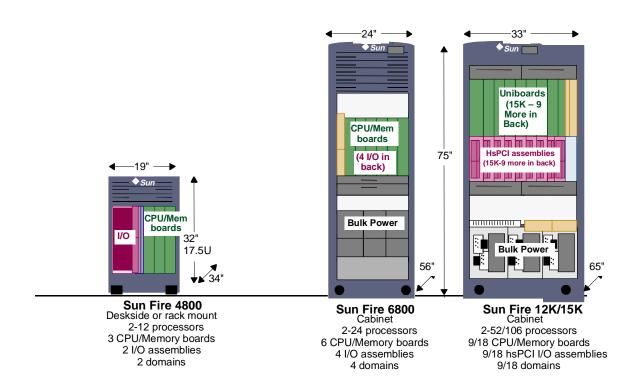
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## CHAPTER 1 Sun Fire 12K & 15K Server Positioning



#### Product Overview: Sun Fire 12K/15K Servers

The Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K and 15K systems are Sun's next-generation servers that go beyond the concept of a mainframe. The Sun Fire 15K and 12K are based on the Sun Fireplane interconnect, the copper-based UltraSPARC<sup>™</sup>III Cu processors, scalable high-end symmetric multiprocessing (SMP), and the Solaris<sup>™</sup>Operating Environment. They are the ideal general purpose application and data servers for host-based or client-server applications such as e-commerce, web and application hosting, online transaction processing (OLTP), decision support systems (DSS), data warehousing, Business Intelligence, communications services, or multimedia services. They are also exceptionally well suited for server consolidation projects. Additional expandability, scalability, and availability can be accomplished by clustering up to eight Sun Fire 12K/15K systems together and employing Sun<sup>™</sup> Cluster 3.0. Eight systems may also be attached together by Sun's new high speed low latency Sun Fire Link<sup>™</sup> Interconnect.

The Sun Fire 15K system has true "big iron" attributes, include the most scalable and powerful server in Sun's extensive server product line. This SMP system supports up to 106 processors at 1.2 GHz each with 8 MB of secondary cache, over ½ TB of memory, 18 I/O hubs supporting 72

PCI slots, tested support for over 250 TB of online disk storage, and a wide range of UNIX(R) application software. The new plane interconnect implementation achieves up to 172.8 GB/sec peak (up to 43.2 GB/second sustained) with an overall I/O of up to 21.6 GB/second sustained.

Those needing access to the performance and throughput of the Sun Fireplane Interconnect, high speed memory subsystem, and performance of the UltraSPARC II Cu processor, but are unable to justify the cost of Sun's largest server can choose the Sun Fire 12K server. Based on the same technology as the Sun Fire 15K, the Sun Fire 12K server offers blazing performance, a more modest complement of resources, yet can be readily upgraded to a Sun Fire 15K This SMP system supports up to 52 processors at 1.2 GHz each with 8 MB of secondary cache, over ½ TB of memory, 9 I/O hubs supporting 36 PCI slots, tested support for over 120 TB of online disk storage, and a wide range of UNIX(R) application software. The new plane interconnect implementation achieves up to 86.4 GB/sec peak (up to 21.6 GB/second sustained) with an overall I/O of up to 10.8 GB/second sustained.

In addition to unleashing outstanding power, speed, bandwidth and capacity, Sun takes system availability to the next level. Sun Fire 12K/15K are designed with many fault tolerant features, including automatic system controller failover, plane interconnect failure isolation, redundant communications to system controllers, error-correcting code (ECC) on datapaths, and dual power grids. The systems are designed to be upgraded without disrupting users or halting the system.

The Sun Fire 12K/15K systems incorporate advanced features not found in other UNIX servers. Examples include 5G, Sun's fifth generation Dynamic System Domains, IP multi-pathing and the ability to reboot up to all 18 domains at a time (9 domains at a time for the 12K). Each Sun Fire 15K has 144 hot swappable components for outstanding availability.

Dynamic System Domains partition the Sun Fire 15K into as many as 18 secure, fault-isolated domains, each running its own version of the Solaris Operating Environment. As many as 9 domains can also be created on the Sun Fire 12K.

Dynamic Reconfiguration balances resources by resizing domains on the fly. CPU/Memory and I/O can be independently and dynamically assigned and reassigned where they are most needed. For example on the Sun Fire 15K, each of 18 CPU/memory boards and 18 I/O assemblies may be placed independently, thereby allowing the configuration of domains optimized for workloads that are either compute intensive, I/O intensive, or both. This capability allows CPU/memory boards and I/O assemblies to be serviced separately.

#### Target Markets and Users for the Sun Fire 12K and 15K Systems

The Sun Enterprise family of servers is targeted at strategic markets: manufacturing, finance, telecommunications, government, education, health care, retail, design automation, and oil and gas. The Internet adds a significant level of complexity to enterprise applications which now support all business operations, including those conducted with external business allies and customers. Applications must support business-to-business and business-to-consumer electronic commerce. These applications require a platform that provides scalability, availability, reliability, and security. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K, in combination with the Solaris Operating Environment, possesses these qualities and capabilities, positioning it as the platform of choice.

The Sun Fire 15K system is the highest performing SMP system on the market. The Sun Fire

12K offers ½ the mainframe equivalent MIPS as the Sun Fire 15K and can be upgraded to the Sun Fire 15K with no downtime. The Sun Fire 12 and and 15K offer enhanced scalability and performance in a large-scale, centralized, enterprise server for parallel processing of commercial and technical applications. Commercial parallel and technical applications take advantage of the scalability of the Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems along with its standard operating environment and commodity hardware components. Technical parallel applications rely heavily on the floating point performance of the Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems. Commercial parallel applications include large-scale data warehousing, high-volume OLTP, server consolidation, and financial, analytical and e-commerce applications.

OLTP (On-Line Transaction Processing) customers face high-volume issues associated with providing short response times and high availability for thousands of users. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems addresses this by providing mainframe-like RAS capabilities and the ability to handle high transaction volumes. Sun has recently published a new world record benchmark result for the Sun Fire 15K that show that it can support 5775 concurrent users with low response times at 1788540 DS/Hrs while running SAP R/3. And this result was made with a Sun Fire 15K running with just 72 of its possible 106 processors! Sun used the new 1.2GHz processors and MPO under Solaris 9 to reach this result. This is over 50% higher on a per processor basis then the the original Sun Fire 15K benchmark result which was made with Solaris 8 using 76 900Mhz processors a little over a year ago. Data warehousing customers appreciate the Sun Fire 12K and 15K system's ability to provide greater levels of delivered bandwidth where fast query performance is desired. SMP architecture is employed, making partitioning of data unnecessary. Additionally, the Sun Fire 15K system's large data volume, commodity RDBMS solutions, and mission-critical high-availability make it an even more attractive solution to their needs. No matter which industry or application type, customers can always find a wide range of available commercial off-the-shelf applications.

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K system supports a larger number of processors, memory, I/O and dynamic system domains than other systems in the Sun Fire Server product line. In general The Sun Fire 12K system is recommended for those customers who require 16 or more processors at the time of purchase, but who will upgrade the system to 24 or more processors within 24 months of the time of purchase, but who do not plan on upgrading the system to a Sun Fire 15K in two years or less. The Sun Fire 15K is recommended for those customers that need 24 or more processors to start and who are likely to need more then 36 processors in 18 months from the time of purchase. Both systems are also recommended for customers that expect to have a large number of simultaneous I/Os, or plan to partition their system into more than 4 domains.

#### **Technical Computing Customers**

Technical computing customers seeking high performance compute servers are typically not divided by markets or applications, but by response time, room for growth, and cost.

The Sun Fire 15K system has a peak performance of up to 106 CPUs x 1200 MHz x 2 flops/clock = 254.4 Gigaflops. Using the Sun Fire Link gear up to 8 15K's can be attached together for a potential of over 2 Teraflops. The Sun Fire 12K has ½ the number of Gigaflops as the Sun Fire 15K which means that it is an ideal entry high end technical computing server. Computationally intensive applications, where the Sun Fire 15K system is preferred, are those that are highly parallelized or those where large numbers of users are accessing particular applications. Common technical vertical markets include CAD, EDA, petroleum, and

## Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

computational chemistry.

For technical customers, the Sun server family is positioned as listed below. Refer to the High Performance Computing 3.0 Just The Facts for further information.

- Sun V1280 server: A flexible workgroup server delivering exceptional performance at an affordable price.
- Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 4800 server: A powerful mid-range server with exceptional availability.
- Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 6800 server: Expandable, high-performance systems with mission-critical availability and integrated storage.
- Sun Enterprise<sup>™</sup> 10000 server: Sun's previous generation UltraSparc<sup>™</sup> II based sever. It has very high power and is highly availability for high-performance computing. It incorporates great RAS capabilities, like dynamic system domains, dramatically increasing system availability for compute-intensive applications.

#### **Performance**

The Sun Fire 12K/15K architecture is designed to offer balanced system performance. These systems feature outstanding integer and floating-point performance, supporting up to 52 or 106 UltraSPARC™ CPUs processors respectively running at 1.2 GHz each with 8 MB of secondary cache, . The Fireplane interconnect, the coherent shared-memory protocol used by the UltraSPARC™-III/IV processor generations, supports a sustained centerplane interconnect throughput bandwidth of 43.2GB/second for the Sun Fire 15K and 21.6GB/sec for the Sun Fire 12K. High-speed networking is supported by 10/100/1000 MB Ethernet cards. Fast I/O capability is supported through up to thirty-six 33 MHz and up to thirty-six 66 MHz hot swappable PCI adapters including fast/wide SCSI, UltraSCSI, and fibre channel arbitrated loop (FC-AL) interfaces on the Sun Fire 15K, and up to eighteen 33Mhz and up to eighteen 66Mhz hot swap PCI adapters on the Sun Fire 12K. SBus adapters are not supported on the Sun Fire family of servers. Memory Placement Optimization (MPO) further enhances the system performance by moving data closer to the CPUs resulting in performance boosts for some workloads from 8-40%, and up to 300% for a very specific type of HPC workload.

#### **Benchmarks**

The Sun Fire 15K continues to set new world records. New results are constantly being added so it is always best to check <a href="http://bsdmktg.west/SAE/Benchmarks/index-15k.html">http://bsdmktg.west/SAE/Benchmarks/index-15k.html</a> to make sure that you know what the latest results are.

The latest result was a new world record where the revised Sun Fire 15K shattered its own previous record by over 50% on a per processor basis. Here are the raw facts:

#### Sun Fire 15K SAP R/3 rel 4.6C SAP-SD

 Dialog Steps/Hr:
 1,242,000
 1,788,540

 Order Ll/hr:
 414,000
 596,180

 Users:
 4,100
 5,775

 Resp time:
 1.88s
 1.62s

 USIII Cu:
 76x900 MHz
 72x1.2 GHz

Solaris 8 Solaris 9 Oracle 8i Oracle 9i

1788540/72 = 24840.8 DS/Hr/CPU 1242000/76 = 16342.1 DS/Hr/CPU 24840.8/16342.1 = 1.52 or 52% improvement

Full details are available on the aforementioned webpage link. Currently on the web page results are available for:

**DSS - Decision Support Systems** 

Big Data Warehouses

#### TPC-H

- o World Record TPC-H SF3000 Result Sun Fire 15K with Oracle 9i, 23,813.7 QphH@3000GB and \$215 \$/QphH@3000GB
- o Sun Fire 15K TPC-H SF1000 Results. Best Perf, Best \$/Perf

**OLAP** 

#### General DSS

o DSS Query Scaling, 71X Faster on 72 CPUs

**OLTP - On-Line Transaction Processing** 

#### General OLTP

o Estimate of Mainframe MIPs

#### **ERP Applications**

- o SAP R/3 4,100 User SD Benchmark Results
- o SAP R/3 rel 4.6C 5,775 User SD Benchmark Results (new world record)

#### eCommerce

- o Sun Fire 15K SPECjbb2000 602,207 jbb ops/s using 64-bit JVM
- o Sun Fire 15K SPECjbb2000 404,472 jbb ops/s using 64-bit JVM
- o Sun Fire 15K SPECjbb2000 Performance 324,542 SPECjbb2000 operations/sec

#### IO and Networking Performance

#### Storage

- o Sun Fire 15K OLTP-Style IO Test 1.1 Million IO/sec
- o DSS/HPC-Style IO Test 12.3 GB/sec
- o IO Characteristics of Important Benchmarks

#### Scaling - CPUs and Memory

o Half Trillion Bytes of Buffer Cache Using Oracle 9i

## HPC Benchmark Results Industry Standard Benchmark Results

- o Linpack Family
- o SPEC CPU2000
- o Memory Bandwidth (Stream)

**ISV** Application Results

- o CFD
- o FLUENT
- o Bioinformatics

The Sun Fire 15K also performed a general DSS (Decision Support Systems) benchmark that shows how well it did with query scaling. In this benchmark the Sun Fire 15K demonstrated a near linear scalability result of 71 times faster on 72 CPUs. This is a very important measure of how well a system performs. When a system scales this well there no diminishing returns, each CPU added to the domain pulls its own weight. It is very hard to design a system that scales this well because everything must be balanced. SMP systems from other vendors in the past have had such a dismal record that it was common to see that doubling the CPU count from say 4-8 CPUs would only raise performance by 34% not the 100% you would like to see. For some additional information problems in scaling with SMP systems check out the following link. http://www.win2000mag.com/Articles/Index.cfm?ArticleID=3781&pg=2

The Sun Fire 15K, also set another world record in the SPECibb2000 benchmark by achieving 404,472 JBB operations per second. At that time in the benchmark the Sun Fire 15K beat IBM's 32-way p690 result of 339,484 JBB operations/sec. The SPECibb2000 benchmark is designed to simulate eCommerce types of applications.

In other benchmarks the Sun Fire 15K has demonstrated a delivered IO bandwidth that is twice the IBM p690's peak IO bandwidth. Sunfire 15K with 72 CPUs delivered and I/O Bandwidth of 10.3GB/sec with a current Peak I/O Bandwidth of 14.1GB/sec. IBM's P690 with its maximum complement of 32 CPUs has not commented yet on what its Delivered I/O Bandwidth number is yet but its Current Peak I/O Bandwidth is 4.8GB/sec. The current peak bandwidth on the Sun Fire 15K was calculated at 8 FCALs each at 100 MB/s for 18 Hot swap PCI (IO) assemblies: 8\*100\*18 = 14400 MB/s or 14.1 GB/s.

High-end IO performance is important for data warehouse environments. The test consisted of one Sun Fire 15K using a total of 188 StorEdge T3+ partner-pair arrays with 18 72GB drives each. PCI FC Host Adapter cards were connected with 71 IO slots. This Sun Fire 15K configuration delivered 10.3 GB/s using 3384 drives, on an IO test designed by Sun's Strategic Application Engineering (SAE) group. This IO test simulated a DSS or HPC - High performance computing (HPC) IO workload by doing large sequential reads from raw disk partitions. This test was designed to simulate how Oracle 9i or 8i behaves when running DSS queries. 10.3 GB/s is a huge amount of delivered IO bandwidth.

Since the Sun Fire 15K and 12K compete with IBM's Mainframe z series of servers Sun's SAE group has determined what the "Mainframe Equivalent MIPS" ratings of its various servers. These numbers are useful as a guide in comparing the various systems. Actual MIPs ratings for IBM servers can be found at http://www.tech-news.com/publib/pl2064.htm

Please note that the MIPS numbers in the next two tables and chart are for the original

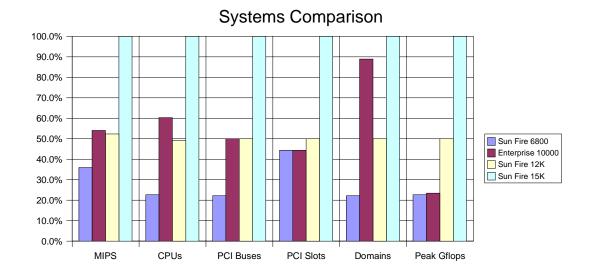
JUST THE FACTS

900MHz based Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K servers, and Gflop ratings are based on the new 1.2GHz processors. MIP ratings are anticipated at being significantly higher for the new 1.2GHz based, MPO enabled, Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K servers, and will be included in the future in this document when they are available.

| MIPS Rating of various Sun Servers |                     |        |          |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|----------|--|--|--|
|                                    | CPUs CPU speed MIPS |        |          |  |  |  |
| Sun Fire 12K                       | 36-way              | 900Mhz | 3350     |  |  |  |
| IBM Z900                           | 16-way              |        | 2694     |  |  |  |
| Sun Fire 6800                      | 24-way              | 900Mhz | 2300     |  |  |  |
| IBM z900 2064                      | 1 to 16-way         |        | 239-3192 |  |  |  |
| IBM S/390 G6                       | 12-way              |        | 1644     |  |  |  |
| IBM S/390 RY26 G5                  | 10-way              |        | 1069     |  |  |  |

The following table and its associated Chart are useful determining at a glance the various strengths of Sun's high end servers.

| Server           | MIPS | CPUs | <b>PCI Buses</b> | <b>PCI Slots</b> | <b>Domains</b> | Peak Gflops |
|------------------|------|------|------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Sun Fire 6800    | 2300 | 24   | 8                | 32               | 4              | 28800       |
| Enterprise 10000 | 3465 | 64   | 18               | 32               | 16             | 29824       |
| Sun Fire 12K     | 3350 | 52   | 18               | 36               | 9              | 63600       |
| Sun Fire 15K     | 6400 | 106  | 36               | 72               | 18             | 127200      |



### **Comparison of High End Solaris Systems**

| System                                | Sun Enterprise<br>10000                         | Sun Fire 12K  | Sun Fire 15K   |  |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Processor                             | 64 UltraSPARC II                                | 36(52) UltraSPARC<br>III Cu   | 72(106) UltraSPARC<br>III Cu                                 |  |
| Speed/Cache                           | 466 Mhz/2MB                                     | 900MHz/8MB<br>1.05GHz/8MB<br>1.2GHz/8MB   | 901MHz/8MB<br>1.05GHz/8MB<br>1.2GHz/8MB                      |  |
| CPU/Memory Boards                     | Up to 16  | Up to 9 Uniboards<br>and 8 Dual processor<br>MaxCPU boards  | Up to 18 Uniboards<br>and 17 Dual processor<br>MaxCPU boards |  |
| Maximum Memory                        | 64GB  | 288GB   | 576GB  |  |
| I/O Modules                           | Reside on the<br>CPU/Memory<br>board            | Up to 9 independent hsPCI assemblies  | Up to 18 independent hsPCI assemblies                        |  |
| Fire Link Support                     | Not Available                                   | Available   | Available  |  |
| PCI slots                             | 2 per board at<br>66Mhz, up to 32<br>per server | 4 per hsPCI<br>assembly,<br>2@66Mhz,2@33Mhz<br>or 2 per<br>Fire Link board<br>1@66Mhz,<br>1@33Mhz | Fire Link board<br>1@66Mhz,1@33Mhz                           |  |
| Serial ports                          | Not Available                                   | 2 ports total one on each of the 2 system controllers   | 3 ports total one on each of the 2 system controllers        |  |
| Ethernet 10/100                       | Not integrated                                  | Integrated into<br>System Controllers   | Integrated into System Controllers                           |  |
| Operation Environment                 | Solaris 2.5.1<br>(11/97) or later               | Solaris8 (10/01) or<br>later  | Solaris8 (10/01) or<br>later                                 |  |
| Dynamic system domains                | 1 to 16   | 1 to 9  | 1 to 18  |  |
| Number of Hot<br>swappable components | Up to 52  | Up to 83  | Up to 146  |  |
| Form Factor                           | E10000 cabinet                                  | Sun Fire 12K/15k cabinet  | Sun Fire 12K/15k cabinet                                     |  |
| Power supply                          | 6 for single grid<br>power                      | grid  | 7 with 2 ports each for dual grid N+1 per grid               |  |
| End of Life                           | Announced 1/14/03                               | Not Applicable  | Not Applicable   |  |
| Expander boards                       | None  | 9 Expander Boards   | 18 Expander boards   |  |
| Uniboard swapping                     | Can not use<br>Uniboards                        | Can swap with Sun<br>Fire 3800, 4800,<br>4810, 6800, 15K  | Can swap with Sun<br>Fire 3800, 4800, 4810,<br>6800, 12K     |  |

Comparison of Sun Fire 6800-15K Systems

| Performance Type  | Sun Fire 6800 Server   | Sun Fire 12K/15K System   |
|---|--|---|
| Processor performance • SPECint_rate2000  | 24 CPUs @ 900Mhz  • 118 Base 134 Peak  | 72 CPUs @ 900Mhz<br>354 Base 402 Peak 15K<br>177 Base 201 Peak 12K  |
| • SPECfp_rate2000<br>*NOTE New SPEC numbers<br>for 1.2GHz Uniboards are due<br>out in March 2003. | • 114 Base 131 Peak  | 342 Base 393 Peak 15K<br>171 Base 197 Peak 12K  |
| TPC-H benchmark (1000 GB)   | 4735.7 QphH @ 1000GB<br>\$581 \$/Qph @ 1000GB<br>DB2 with UtralSPARC III<br>750MHz processors. | F15K -<br>18,802.1 QphH@1000GB<br>\$287 \$/QphH@1000GB On<br>72 UltraSPARC III Cu<br>900MHz processors    |
| Sustained system bus throughput   | 9.6 GB per second  | 43.2 GB per second F15K<br>21.6 GB per second F12K  |
| Pin-to-pin latency  | approximately 200 ns   | approximately 313 ns  |
| Current Networking performance  | Up to 1000 Mb per second   | Up to 14.1 GB per second<br>F15K<br>Up to 7 GB/sec F12K   |
| I/O performance   | up to 8 33 MHz PCI buses + 8<br>66 MHz PCI buses   | F15K -up to 36 33MHz PCI<br>buses + 36 66MHz PCI buses<br>F12K – up to 18 33MHz and<br>18 66MHz PCI buses |

## **Markets and Applications**

The following chart illustrates how the Sun Fire 15K system fits into the current line of Sun server products.

| Product                     | Positioning   | Applications  | Markets   |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| Sun Fire 12K/15K<br>Systems | Enhanced scalability, availability, and performance in a large-scale, mission-critical, centralized, enterprise server for commercial and technical parallel processing applications. | Server consolidation Business Intelligence Mainframe consolidation E-commerce Data warehousing Data mining Business applications Customer management systems High-volume OLTP Engineering Design automation Analytics/commercial compute intensive Inter/Intranet | Manufacturing Finance Telecommunications Government Education Health care Retail Oil and gas Pharmaceuticals Chemical Internet commerce |
| Sun Fire 6800               | High-end scalable and expandable Sun server, offering the performance and availability required for mainframe-class, mission-critical applications                                    | Data warehousing Data mining Business applications Customer management systems OLTP NFStm software Design automation Analysis and simulation Video  | Manufacturing Finance Telecommunications Government Education Health care Retail Oil and gas Pharmaceuticals Chemical Internet commerce |
| Sun Fire 4800               | Excellent 12-way server for databases, business applications, high-performance computing or Server consolidations.  | High performance<br>computing, Internet<br>Data Centers   | Telecommunications Government Education Retail Internet commerce  |
| Sun V1280                   | Great Price performance 12-<br>way server with many high-<br>end features.  | Internet applications<br>Small application<br>Server  | Telecommunications<br>Internet commerce   |

### Specifications: Sun Fire 3800, 4800, 6800, 12K and 15K Systems

|                                       | Sun Fire<br>3800           | Sun Fire 48           | 00         | Sun Fire<br>6800            | Sun Fire<br>12K                                   | Sun Fire<br>15K                              |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| CPU/Memory boards                     | 2                          | 3                     |            | 6                           | 9   | 18   |
| Maximum CPUs                          |                            |                       |            |                             | 36 w/o I/O<br>tradeoff<br>52 with I/O<br>tradeoff | 72 w/o<br>I/O<br>tradeoff<br>106 with<br>I/O |
|                                       | 8                          | 12                    |            | 24                          |   | tradeoff                                     |
| Processor speed                       | 750-1200<br>MHz            | 750-1200 M            | Hz         | 750-1200<br>MHz             | 1200 MHz  | 1200<br>MHz                                  |
| Max Number of DIMMs                   | 64                         | 96                    |            | 192                         | 288   | 576  |
| Max Memory capacity (with 1 GB DIMMs) | 64 GB                      | 96 GB                 |            | 192 GB                      | 288 GB per<br>domain                              | 576 GB<br>per<br>domain                      |
| Centerplane                           | Active                     | Passive               |            | Passive                     | Active  | Active                                       |
| Repeater boards                       | 0                          | 02                    |            | 4                           | NA  | NA   |
| Expander boards                       | NA                         |                       |            |                             | 9   | 18   |
| Domains                               | 2                          |                       |            | 4                           | 9   | 18   |
| I/O assemblies (assemblies)           | 2                          |                       |            | 4                           | 19  | 18   |
| PCI assembly types                    | hot-swap<br>CompactP<br>CI | PCI and ho            | t-swap Com | pactPCI                     | hot-swap<br>PCI                                   | hot-swap<br>PCI                              |
| PCI slots/assembly                    | 6                          | 8 per PCI, 4          | per cPCI   |                             | 4   | 4  |
| Max total PCI slot                    | 12                         | 16                    |            | 32                          | 36  | 72   |
| Bulk power supplies                   | 2                          | 3                     |            | 6                           | 6   | 6  |
| Power requirements                    | 100-120 or 2<br>VAC        | 220-240               | 220-240 VA | (C                          |   |  |
| System controller boards              | 2                          |                       |            |                             |   |  |
| Redundant cooling                     | Yes                        |                       |            |                             |   |  |
| Redundant AC input                    | No                         |                       |            | Yes                         |   |  |
| Enclosure                             | Rackmount                  | Rackmount<br>Deskside | and        | Sun Fire<br>6800<br>cabinet | Sun Fire<br>12/15K<br>cabinet                     | Sun Fire<br>12K/15K<br>cabinet               |
| Room in rack for peripherals?         | Yes                        |                       |            |                             | No  | No   |

#### **Sun Fire 12K One Minute Summary:**

The following section attempts to briefly contrast the Sun Fire 12K against the SunFire 15K.

The Sun Fire 12K is a Entry model using proven SunFire 15K technologies:

- The Sun Fire 12K has all the Data Center Reliability and Quality features of the Sun Fire 15K
- The Sun Fire 12K is a new Entry Point in to the High End Servers, it has Up to 9 Dynamic System Domains; up to 52 USIII Cu CPUs; up to 288 GB memory
- The Sun Fire 12K has a new Entry Pricing point.
- The Sun Fire 12K has the ability to do a "On-the-fly"/no-downtime upgrade to Sun Fire 15K
- The Sun Fire 12K uses the same CPU/Memory Uniboard for high performance at low cost
- The Sun Fire 12K has the same Datacenter-class warranty, support, and service offerings as the Sun Fire 15k.

The Sun Fire 12K server is targeting \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 (US dollars) price band (as measured by IDC) market where Sun has never really had a major product presence before. Sun has always done well in the under \$500k and the greater than \$1M space, and expects similar results with this new product.

An "on-the-fly" upgrade kit from the Sun Fire 12K to the 15K can be purchased. The upgrade kit provides yet another Capacity Management offering from Sun to assist customers in the difficult task of Capacity Planning. Customers can buy what they need, when they need it. Conveniently, this upgrade can be done "on-the-fly", using Sun's Dynamic Reconfiguration technology. The upgrade kit enables additional systems resources (beyond the Sun Fire 12K limits) by simply DRing them into a running system. Normal operations can continue without interruption or reboot while the upgrade is being performed. DR can also resize and reconfigure individual domains during or after the upgrade has been completed.

Some good uses for the Sun Fire 12K:

- As a Mainframe alternative it has more MIPS then IBM's biggest mainframe at far less cost per MIP.
- As a Starfire replacement, in particular for those applications that may expand in the future.
- For Server/Mainframe consolidation projects.
- In traditional Sun Vertical markets (Financial, Telco, DB, D/W, etc)
- When a competitive server goes "Casters-Up" and hits the end of its useful life, or when the company that created it phases out its software binary compatibility in future servers.
- For an entry High Performance Technical Computing server.

#### A few Sun Fire 12K Q&As:

Note: a much more complete FAQ on the Sun Fire 12K/15K can be found at http://edss.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/faq.html

- Q: Can customers upgrade a Sun Fire 12K to a Sun Fire 15k by system replacement?
- A: Customers who may prefer a complete system replacement can use existing trade-in allowance programs, and receive brand new system equipment. Sometimes customers prefer the security of a new system warranty and latest hardware and software. The costs can be higher with this approach and is not without system interruption.
- Q: Is it more expensive to do the "upgrade-on-the-fly" than it would be to buy a Sun Fire 15k at the beginning?
- A: Yes, but only marginally. The upgrade from 12k to 15k is about 3%-5% more expensive than if the customer had bought a 15k originally. This 3%-5% difference includes the cost of installation at the customer site. On the other hand, many customers will never need to upgrade the machine, pocketing the purchase price difference and never incurring an upgrade expense. In any case, the time value of money alone makes the difference a "wash". It's a very cost effective insurance policy for SunFire 12K buyers.
- Q: Has Sun just "gutted" the SunFire 15K to provide a lower entry price?
- A: No. In fact, the Sun Fire 12K was in planning for well over a year at Sun before the introduction of the product. A key decision to NOT repackage the system in a smaller footprint was made to preserve key RAS features of the Sun Fire 15K in the 12K system infrastructure. This decision guaranteed a stress free upgrade path for our customers.

## CHAPTER 2 Selling Highlights

#### **Channels and Support**

The Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K and 15K system use the same selling channels as the rest of the Sun server line: direct and indirect worldwide. The principal support provider for warranty or for a SunSpectrum<sup>SM</sup> support contract is Sun Enterprise Services. The Sun Fire 12K/15K system warranty is one year for the hardware and software which includes 7 x 24 x 365 hardware onsite and telephone support (including holidays) with a 4 hour average hardware response time. Customers are also highly encouraged to obtain a SunSpectrum<sup>SM</sup> Support Program service contract. This contract goes beyond the Sun Fire 12K/15K warranty and provides for a flexible level of service that allows customers to choose the right amount of service based on their specific needs. Sun<sup>™</sup> Remote Services (SRS) monitoring is included as part of the Sun Fire 15K warranty and as part of a Gold or Platinum level service contract. The ServerStart<sup>SM</sup> system offering is a great service offering from Sun to help customers get their Sun Fire 12K or Sun Fire 15K server set up right from the start.

#### **Performance - Key Selling Factors**

Expandability

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers expands from entry-level configurations to system configurations that can handle hundreds of terabytes of data and thousands of users. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems are configured using the same Ultra Sparc III Cu CPUs and memory that are found on the Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 4800 and 6800 servers. These CPUs run at 900MHz, 1.05, and 1.2 GHz and above and can be found on the Sun Fire Uniboard, which is often referred to as the Sun Fire CPU/Memory board, or just CPU/Memory Board. The Sun Fire 15K system can have as little as 2GB and up to 576 GB of main memory in the system and in a domain. The Sun Fire 12 K can have as little as 2GB and as much as 288 GB of main memory. The Sun Fire 15K has been tested with and will support well over 250 TB of online disk storage. The Sun Fire 12K can support over 120 TB of online disk storage. Both the Sun Fire 12K and the Sun Fire 15K systems are designed around an all new high speed interconnect with a sustained bandwidth of 43.2 GB/sec on the Sun Fire 15K, and 21.6GB/sec on the Sun Fire 12K. The I/O subsystem for both servers incorporates 64-bit PCI technology clocked at 33 and 66 MHz.

The CPU/Memory boards in these servers scale independently from the I/O subsystem boards. These I/O boards are called hot swap PCI assemblies which is abbreviated hsPCI assemblies, and sometimes hsPCI or hPCI. This means that a Sun Fire 12K can have as few as 2 and many as 9 CPU/Memory boards and at the same time it can have as little as 1 or as many as 9 hsPCI assemblies. The Sun Fire 15K can have as few as 2 and as many as 18 CPU/Memory boards and as few as 1 and as many as 18 hsPCI assemblies.

Having the I/O scale independently of the CPU/Memory Uniboards allowed Sun to also offer the MaxCPU boards. The MaxCPU board offers 2 additional UltraSPARC III Cu processors and Level II SRAM running at 900MHz, 1.05 or 1.2GHz, but contain no memory. This allows the Servers to expand from a maximum Uniboard count of 36 on the Sun Fire 12K and 72 on

the Sun Fire 15K to 52 CPUs on the Sun Fire 12K and up to 106 CPUs on the Sun Fire 15K. These maximum CPU count servers are good for HPC - High performance computing (HPC) style applications that do not require very much I/O but need huge amounts of CPU cycles. Sun always recommends however that the maximum CPU count in the Sun Fire 12K be set at 50 CPUs and 104 CPUs for the Sun Fire 15K to allow for I/O redundancy.

#### Scalability

The Sun Fire 12K/15K system is highly modular. Customers can easily configure these systems to meet their application and performance requirements by simply adding UltraSPARC™ Uniboards, memory, hot swap PCI assemblies or PCI cards. The high-throughput Fireplane interconnect technologies and I/O architecture helps eliminate system bottlenecks and provides balanced system performance, even in systems with the maximum number of UltraSPARC™ CPUs and PCI cards. CPUs and hsPCI assemblies scale independently.

#### Security

System controllers in the UltraSPARC II high end servers which were external workstations have been moved into the Sun Fire 12K/15K cabinet and are attached directly to the centerplane. Comprehensive security is accomplished through improved integration between the Solaris 8 and above Operating Environment and the Sun Fire 15Ks dual system controllers which can log all operations to a designated log host. All administration is designed to accommodate multiple levels of access, with a clear separation of responsibilities between platform and domain, operators and administrators. Dedicated communication paths on the Fireplane between the system controller and every domain make the Sun Fire 12K and 15K much more secure then Sun's previous line of High End servers.

The integration of security functionality into the Sun Fire 12/15K server and the available security best practice resources and services help address today's security requirements. See Services section for Sun Professional Services. See Sun Fire 12K and 15K documents for references to the Sun Fire 15K security white paper and available Sun BluePrint articles on security best practice information.

#### Investment protection

The CPU/memory board, UltraSPARC™ III Cu processors, dual inline memory modules (DIMMs), and industry standard PCI cards used in the Sun Fire 4800 -6800 servers are also common to the Sun Fire 12K/15K systems. Therefore, when upgrading to the larger Sun Fire 15K system, customers can move these components from an existing chassis to the new chassis, provided that the CPU speed is 900 MHz or faster, protecting their investment. The Sun Fire 12K/15K systems use the same peripherals in the same expansion cabinets as the rest of the family. Mixed speed UltraSPARC-III processors are allowed between boards in the same domain and they run at their native speed without clocking down to the lowest speed processor. The Sun Fire 12K/15K servers runs the Solaris 8 or 9 Operating Environment which protects the customer's software investment. Sun provides full support for existing 32-bit applications; in particular, Sun helps ensure that the 32-bit applications will run without recompilation and therefore will interoperate with 64-bit applications.

For example: One day the Sun Fire 15K is upgraded with 2 new 1.2 GHz Uniboards. A 1.05 GHz Uniboard is pulled out of that Sun Fire 15K and put in a 6800. A 900MHz Uniboard is pulled out of the 6800 and put into a 4800 which only had one 900MHz Uniboard already. In this case, 3 systems were upgraded with just a board purchase.

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K share all parts in common. Hot Swap PCI assemblies, PCI cards, MaxCPU boards, Uniboards may all be moved between them on the fly.

#### Solaris<sup>™</sup> Operating Environment Applications

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K require the Solaris<sup>™</sup> 8 Operating Environment with a portfolio of over 12,000 available Commercial Off-the-Shelf (COTS) applications. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers will run with the Solaris<sup>™</sup> 9 Operating Environment which features the Memory Placement Optimization (MPO) code that enables a properly configured Sun Fire 12K or 15K server to place data closer to the CPU that needs it. Solaris also is required to run on the two System controllers in each Sun Fire 12K or 15K server.

#### Upgrade Program

There is a trade-in program available to move customers to the Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems from Sun's other servers, and from selected servers from Sun's competitors.

#### Upgradability

The modular design of the Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems simplifies the task of upgrading to new technologies that will improve performance. The Sun Fire 12K/15K system was designed to support future versions of the UltraSPARC™ processor and hot swap PCI I/O interface technology. The Sun Fire 12K may also be upgraded to the Sun Fire 15K in a procedure that results in no down time to the applications running on the Sun Fire 12K as it is being upgraded. Inexpensive kits are available which will upgrade the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K servers to be MPO capable if they do not already have the required hardware.

#### · Capacity on Demand

The Sun Fire Capacity On Demand (COD) 2.0 product option provides Sun customers with instant "on demand" compute resources at lower up-front costs. Additionally, COD 2.0 provides maximum flexibility by allowing customers to configure any number of COD resources with no requirement for system reporting of resources. COD 2.0 offers no time limit to purchase the COD RTU licenses, and there is no price premium of the COD option. The additional COD CPU/Memory board configurations provides increased memory capacity for the customers, and increases the amount of COD CPU/Memory board options.

#### Reliability, Availability and Serviceability Features (RAS)

Reliability, availability, and serviceability (RAS) are critical requirements of enterprise customers that deploy mission-critical applications. The reliability, availability and serviceability (RAS) goals for the Sun Fire 12K/15K systems are to protect the integrity of the customer's data while providing uninterrupted service to the end user.

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K RAS focus is on three areas:

- Problem detection and isolation- knowing what went wrong and ensuring the problem is not propagated
- Tolerance and recovery- absorbing abnormal system behavior and fixing it, or dynamically circumventing it
- > Redundancy --replicating critical components

To help ensure data integrity at the hardware level, all data and data paths are error correcting code (ECC) protected and all address and response buses are protected by ECC or parity. These checks help ensure that errors are managed appropriately and data is never corrupted.

For tolerance to errors, resilience capabilities are designed into the Sun Fire 12K/15K systems to help ensure that the system continues to operate, even in the unlikely event of an error leading to a degraded mode. As a symmetrical multiprocessing system(SMP), the Sun Fire 12K/15K systems can function with one or more processors disabled. In recovering from a problem, the system is checked quickly to determine the fault to allow minimum downtime.

The systems comes loaded with redundant features, such as redundant fans, power supplies, system controllers and even the Centerplane itself if fully redundant. Optionally a Sun Fire 12K/15K server can be configured with redundant hardware such as Uniboards or hsPCI assemblies to reduce downtime. Most major components of the Sun Fire 12K/15K can be repaired while the system is online and in use.

A detailed presentation is available that covers the RAS improvements in the Sun Fire 12K/15K servers over the previous generation of High End servers and may be downloaded from the Sun Internal Website for delivery to Sun's customers.

Details of Sun Fire 12K and 15K RAS features can be found in Chapter 3 of this document.

#### Manageability

- System Management Services (SMS), runs on the system controller in combination with Sun Management Center, provides an advanced graphical interface for management, monitoring and control of multiple Sun Fire 15K servers and other servers in the Sun Fire family.
- > SRS supports the customer's systems availability needs by providing the ability for Sun Enterprise Services to react quickly to problems. The service proactively detects error conditions based on sets of defined thresholds. If errors are detected, a corrective approach can be taken in partnership with the customer.
- > Solaris WebStart is a browser-based tool used to install a single image of the Solaris Operating Environment and co-packages.
- > Solaris Live Upgrade supports installation and reconfiguration of new versions of the operating system while the current system is still running.
- Solaris Resource Manager helps enable the consolidation of multiple applications onto a single Solaris server. It provides the ability to allocate and control major system resources, ensuring service availability for critical enterprise applications, ITdefined groups, and individual users.
- > Solaris Bandwidth Manager can be used to manage the bandwidth used by IP traffic. It allows both incoming and outgoing network traffic to be prioritized by different classes of service.
- Automated Dynamic Reconfiguration (ADR) allows one to invoke scripts for tasks such as adding or deleting a system board to or from a domain, moving a board between domains, or for determining the status of a system board.
- RAS features dual system controllers. If one system controller fails, the other automatically takes over. The power supplies are designed to do dual grid power input. This means that the Sun Fire 12K or 15K can run even if one power grid fails. Also, the power supplies are N+1 redundant, so even after a power grid failure one of the six power supplies could fail and the system would be unaffected.
- Fans are installed as push-pull partners, so should one fan tray fail, its partner would provide all the cooling necessary to keep the system running. In addition, the fan tray fans are also fully redundant themselves in the fan tray.

## Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

➤ All major parts in the Sun Fire 15K have a feature called Dynamic FRUID (FRU = Field Replaceable Unit). Dynamic FRUID is a small bit of storage that contains information about a part, like MAX temperature or failure imformation, serial numbers, etc. This allows Sun to diagnose problems much faster when a complex failure analysis must be performed.

## CHAPTER 3 Reliability, Availability, Serviceability (RAS)

Reliability, Availability, and Serviceability assess and measure a system's ability to operate continuously and to minimize service interruption. A system's reliability reduces failures and insures customer data integrity. A system's serviceability provides for short service cycles when component upgrades are necessary or failures occur. High reliability, to avoid failures, and quick serviceability, to recover rapidly from failures together lead to enhanced availability. A system's Availability goes beyond reliability and serviceability though by also including the software that runs on the system. The availability of a system defines continuous accessibility to the functions and applications supported by the system.

#### **Definitions**

#### Reliability

The reliability of the system is characterized by the frequency of hardware system outages. This frequency is typically measured by the Mean Time between System Interrupt (MTBSI) or Mean Time Between Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) Replacement (MTBFR). During a system interruption the system is unavailable to run customer applications.

When computers had one of everything, and everything needed to work for the computer to function properly the reliability of the system initially depended on the reliability of every individual component. Now that systems are constructed from parts that are redundant, an individual component may fail, however, the system will continue to operate. Sun's focus is primarily on providing available systems, and clearly availability is impacted by component reliability, but major gains can be made in availability by pairing up individually reliable components. Clearly we need to build the computer out of reliable individual components as the best foundation towards a highly available system.

#### Availability

Availability is the quality of being accessible and ready for use. The availability of a machine depends not only on the technology, but is also on the environment surrounding the machine. Obtaining optimal levels of availability starts at the core system design and extends to the overall data processing or application architecture.

An environment that promotes availability includes the people who are running the computing platform and the processes surrounding the computing environment. Without taking care of the people and processes, the features built into the Sun Fire family of computers will not lead to the availability a customer really wants to have. The product dimension of availability is impacted by both the system reliability and the reduction of downtime.

One aspect of availability is the ability to continue to run while physical changes are made to the system. If that change can be deactivated and reactivated so that the system and the operating system using the system can use the new hardware the component is considered hot swappable. Using Suns Dynamic Reconfiguration capabilities the Sun Fire 15K can have up to 144 hot swappable parts. This leads to high levels of Availability and flexibility.

System Availability can be measured in minutes per year of unavailability. The "nine" measure is also

often used. A system with "five nines" availability is expected to be available for 99.999% of the time, which means expected unavailability of 0.001% of the year or a little over five minutes per year. Measuring the "nines" on a Sun Fire 12K or 15K is complicated by the aspect of independent Domains. For instance If for some reason one domain has a CPU that dies and brings it down, the other domains will continue to run. So the Server is available because it is still doing work, but the domain is not.

#### Serviceability

Serviceability is characterized by the effectiveness of maintenance and repair of the system. The major serviceability metric which attributes to the system availability is the Mean Down Time (MDT) which reflects the average time the system is down due to a system interruption. The Mean Down Time is influenced by the Mean Time to Repair (MTTR) of the individual Field Replaceable Units (FRUs), and the amount of time it takes to reboot the system following a repair.

Given that computer components do break from time to time despite all the efforts made to make them 100% reliable. No matter how much technology improves the reliability, and redundancy techniques improve availability — serviceability is a key component. The ease with which the computer is mended and made functional directly impacts the availability of the machine.

Since its inception, Sun has established a consistent trend in delivering increasingly modular and serviceable systems. Improving everything ranging from the reduction in slot dependencies, to tighter integration and greater environmental tolerances, Sun has made the time required for the replacement of a failed module much shorter. These enhancements, coupled with improved diagnostic capabilities, have significantly reduced the service cycle on systems, and simultaneously increased their reliability and availability.

#### Highly-available vs fault-tolerant

Fault-tolerant operation means that a system will continue to operate and provide service, despite any single fault. Fault tolerant machines are considerably more complex to design and produce than highly available machines.

The Sun Fire family is designed to be highly available — there will be unavailability during a diagnosis and reconfiguration following the failure of a limited range of hardware components. This can be contrasted with a fault tolerant machine, which should maintain service throughout a fault. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers can withdraw service to these problem components during the fault and restart service automatically after deconfiguration of the faulty component from the machine. Additionally, customers may choose to deconfigure most components for any reason.

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers are designed with full redundancy and no single points of hard failure. This means that no hardware failure can cause a "hard" down, i.e. a down that prevents the full machine from coming back up without being serviced. For the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K should certain hardware elements fail, such as a CPU, the domain that the CPU was in will go down. The System will then test all the components in the domain and will black list out any component that fails to pass the verification self tests. The domain will then come back up following the failure without any faulty component. Using properly configured hardware and Sun Cluster software customers can make their applications truly fault tolerant with availability that reaches to 5-9's. Customers are strongly encouraged to discuss methods of maximizing the availability of their Sun Fire servers with their Sun Sales Engineers.

Here is an exhaustive list of what will happen with various hardware failures on the Sun Fire 12K and

## Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

15K. Please note that most, if not all of these items listed as failures can be avoided with proper configuration of the server or by using clustering software.

#### Survive component failure

Instruction cache tag or data single-bit error (parity & retry)
Data cache tag or data single-bit error (parity & retry)
External cache tag or data single-bit error (ECC)
DRAM or data interconnect single-bit error (ECC)
Fan (redundancy)
Power Supply (redundancy)

Power Supply (redundancy) System Controller board (failover) Network Interface Card (with IPMP) FC-AL adapter (with MPxI/O)

#### Affects one Dynamic System Domain

Fireplane address bus single-bit error (detected by parity)
Memory or data interconnect multiple-bit error (detected by parity)
DRAM chip complete failure (detected by parity)
CPU failure not covered above
CPU/Memory board failure not covered above
I/O Assembly failure not covered above
OS panic

#### Survive component failure

Coherency Directory cache single-bit error (ECC) Single-bit error on address or response centerplane crossbar (ECC) Centerplane support board (failover)

#### **Affects one Dynamic System Domain**

Expander board failure Steering signal parity error

Note: does not crash other domains that are doing Interdomain transfers

#### Affects up to two Dynamic System Domains

[Applies when an expander is split between two domains, i.e. the CPU board is in one domain, and the I/O board an another domain]

Expander board failure

Steering signal parity error

Note: does not crash other domains that are doing Interdomain transfers

#### **Affects all Dynamic System Domains**

Centerplane ASIC failure (reboot in degraded mode),

Note: ASIC failure must be complete and not partial to affect all Dynamic System Domains

#### UltraSPARC III Cu processor error protection

The UltraSPARC III Cu processor has ECC protection on its external cache SRAM, and parity protection on the major internal SRAM structures. A parity error on an internal cache structure is corrected by software, ensuring correct operation after a fault.

The external cache data resides on eight high-speed (4 ns) SRAMs. A single-bit error correction and a double-bit error detecting code protects the 64-byte-wide cache lines. Errors during data-cache or instruction-cache fills are recovered by software flushing and invalidation. Errors during system data

transactions are corrected by hardware.

The Sun Fire address bus connection between the CPU and the address repeater is protected by parity

The CPU generates both parity and ECC for all outgoing data blocks. The parity is checked by the receiving dual-CPU data switch. The ECC is checked by all data switch units in the path of a transfer. ECC is checked and corrected by the CPU when it receives a data block.

#### Data cache error protection

The on-chip data cache is a 64 KB, 4-way associative cache with 32-byte lines. The cache contents, physical tags, and snoop tags are separately parity protected. Errors in the data or in the physical tags are corrected in software by invalidating the cache, and retrying the load instruction. Errors in the snoop tags cause the line to be invalidated.

#### System interface error protection

The system address bus connection between the processor and the address repeater is protected by parity. The processor generates both parity and ECC for all outgoing data blocks. The parity is checked by the receiving dual processor data switch. The ECC is checked by all data switch units in the path of a transfer. ECC is checked and corrected by the processor when it receives a data block.

#### Address interconnect error protection

The address and response busses and control signals are parity protected to detect single -bit errors. In addition, the address and response crossbars on the Sun Fireplane Interconnect have ECC protection to correct single-bit errors and detect double-bit errors. The ECC corrects single-bit address errors on the fly, and detect double-bit errors. An address parity or uncorrectable ECC error stops execution in the affected domain.

#### Data interconnect error isolation

The ECC checks done by the Data Switches can identify the source of ECC errors in most cases. A particularly hard case for ECC errors is when a devices writes bad ECC into memory. These get detected much later by other devices reading these locations. Since the bad writer may have written bad ECC to many locations and these may be read by many devices, the errors appear to be in many memory locations, while the real culprit may be a single bad writer.

Since the Data Switch ASICs check ECC for all data entering or leaving each device from other devices, the original source of errors can be isolated. For example, a bad writer writing bad ECC to a memory on a different board will result in ECC errors being detected in two Data Switches: the first on the bad writer's board, and the next on the write target's board. The direction and transaction tag information can identify which CPU pair was the source of the error and which device is the target of a bad ECC write.

#### Console bus error protection

The console bus is a secondary bus to allow access by the System Controller to the inner working of the machine without having to rely on the integrity of the primary data and address busses. This allows the System Controller to operate even when there is a fault preventing main operation to continue. It is common to all domains and is protected by Parity.

#### **Redundant Components**

System availability is greatly enhanced by the ability to configure redundant components. All hot-replaceable (swappable) components in the system are, or can be, configured redundantly if the customer desires. Each system board is capable of independent operation. The Sun Fire family is built with multiple system boards and is inherently capable of operating with a subset of the configured boards functional. Redundant system components include:

- CPU/memory boards (optional)
- Expander boards
- hsPCI assemblies (optional)
- PCI cards (optional)
- Max CPU boards (optional)
- · System controller boards
- · System clock boards
- Bulk power supplies
- Fan Trays

#### **Redundant CPU/Memory boards**

A Sun Fire 15K system can be configured with up to 18 CPU/Memory boards (Uniboards), and the Sun Fire 12K system can be configured with up to 9 CPU/Memory boards. Each board contains up to four processors and their associated memory banks. Each CPU/Memory board is capable of independent operation. They can be hot-swapped out of running systems, and moved between system domains. The system is inherently capable of operating with a subset of the configured boards functional. The Ultra Sparc III Cu based Uniboard may also be moved between any of the Sun Fire 3800-15K systems as desired.

#### Redundant expander boards

A Sun Fire 15K system is configured with up to 18 Expander boards (Expanders), the Sun Fire 12K with 9 Expanders. Expander boards may be hot swapped out and into the system only if the CPU/Memory board (Slot 0 board) and the bottom hsPCI assembly or MaxCPU board has been removed first.

#### Redundant hsPCI assemblies

A Sun Fire 15K system can configure up to 18 hsPCI assemblies and up to 9 for the Sun Fire 12K. Each board supports up to four PCI cards. The hsPCI assemblies can be hot-swapped out of running systems, and moved between system domains.

#### Redundant PCI cards

Standard PCI cards are mounted on the Sun Fire 12K/15K hot swap PCI assemblies by means of a special cassette, which allows them to be safely hot swapped. Systems can be configured with multiple connections to the peripheral devices, enabling redundant controllers and channels. Software maintains the multiple paths and can switch to an alternate path on the failure of the primary. One primary benefit of the Sun Fire 12K and 15K over all other Sun Sun Fire servers is that the PCI cards themselves may be hotswapped. Compact PCI cards however can be hotswapped on the Sun Fire 3800, 4800, 4810 and 6800 servers.

#### **Redundant MaxCPU boards**

A Sun Fire 15K system can be configured with up to 17 MaxCPU boards, and the Sun Fire 12K with up to 8 MaxCPU boards. Each MaxCPU board contains two processors and their associated Level II SRAM. Each MaxCPU board is capable of independent operation. They can be hot-swapped out of running systems, and moved between system domains.

#### Redundant system controllers

There are two system controller boards on the Sun Fire 12K and 15K. The system controller software, SMS, runs over Solaris<sup>TM</sup>. The system controllers via SMS keep check on each other and copy state information between them to allow automatic failover should the active system controller board fail. Two system controllers are standard with every Sun Fire 12K or 15K high end server. Each System Controller also keeps its data safe on 2 Disks tied together in a mirrored (RAID 1) configuration for added availability.

There is a main system controller and a hot-spare system controller. The main system controller is responsible for providing all system-controller resources for the system.

If failures of the hardware or software occur on the main system controller, or failures on any hardware control path (e.g. console bus interface, ethernet interface) from the main system controller to other system devices, then upon detection of these failures, the system controller failover software will automatically trigger a failover to the spare system controller. The spare system controller will assume the role as the main system controller, and take over all the main system controller's responsibilities. The system-controller data, configuration, and log files are replicated on the both system controllers.

#### Redundant system clocks

Sun Fire family systems have redundant system clocks. Should the clock system on one system controller board, the consumers of the clock lines will continue drawing their resources from the other system controller until such time as downtime can be arranged to replace the failed system controller board 0.

Each system controller board generates 75 MHz clocks which are separately distributed to the boards and the other system controller. Each board contains circuitry that selects which incoming clock will be buffered and fanned out to local clock loads. Each system board receives a 75 MHz clock, doubles the frequency to 150 MHz, and sends phase-aligned 75 MHz and 150 MHz clocks to local "consumers". One master system controller board is selected to supply clocks. The phase detector

on the slave system controller board compares its clock against the clock from the master board., and feeds back the error signal to speed up or slow down the slave system controller board.

#### Redundant power

The processor cabinet uses six dual-input 4 KW bulk power supplies. All six are standard feature on both the Sun Fire 15K and Sun Fire 12K. Two power cables go to each supply, so they can connect to separate power grids. These supplies convert the input power to 48 volt DC. All power in the system is commoned together. The power supplies are also N+1 redundant, such that the system can keep on running with a failed power supply. This means that if the Sun Fire 15K is in its maximum configuration that only 5 of the 12 power connections would be required to be active in order to provide all the power necessary to run the machine with Ultra Sparc III Cu processors. For a Sun Fire 12K only 4 power cords going to unique power supplies are needed to provide N+1 redundancy, and 8 power cords for DualGrid with N+1 redundancy. The additional 2 power supplies that come with the Sun Fire 12K base can be used for Dual Grid N+3 redundancy on the 12K or can just be powered off depending on the owners preference. The power supplies can be replaced while the system is in operation. The Sun Fire 12K can also be configured for triple Grid power if desired.

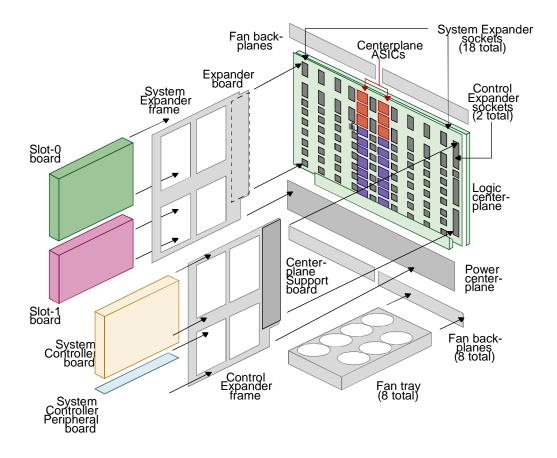
Power is distributed to the individual system boardsets through separate DC circuit breakers. The boardsets each have their own on-board voltage converters, which transform 48 VDC to the levels required by the on-board logic components. Failure of a DC-to-DC converter will affect only that particular system board. A spreadsheet is available off of the main Sun Fire 15K configuration page that will allow you to calculate exactly how many power supplies need to be powered on for any particular configuration.

#### Redundant fans

There are four fan trays above, and four below the system boards. The fans have two speeds, and normally run at low speed. If any of the sensed components get too hot, then the fans are switched to high speed. The fan trays are installed as "push-pull" partners with one on top, and one on the bottom. Should either partner fail, the other partner can provide the full cooling required by the machine from the partner trays. In addition the fans in the fan tray are also fully redundant, such that the fan tray can provide full cooling even if ½ of the fans are disabled in the tray.

#### Reconfigurable Logic Centerplane (Fireplane)

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K have three parallel redundant independent crossbars implemented on the logic plane interconnect: one set for addresses, one for responses, and one for data. The plane interconnect contains 20 redundant ASICs, and is the only non-hot-swappable logic component in the system. Since a failed plane interconnect ASIC cannot be removed from a running system, each of the three plane interconnect crossbars (Address, Response, Data) can be independently be moved in and out of degraded mode on the fly. Degraded mode is separately configurable for each system domain. A failed ASIC on the centerplane may result in a all Domain reboot. When this occurs, the machine will reconfigure the centerplane to not use the paths on the half of the crossbar that was using the affected ASIC. This means that the machine will go into "double-pump" mode alternate paths which effectively reduces the machines centerplane speed to as low as ½. However Since the Centerplane has a very large amount of bandwidth for both sustained (43.2GB/sec on the Sun Fire 15K, ½ that on the Sun Fire 12K) and peak loads (172.8 GB/sec on the Sun Fire 15K, ½ that on the Sun Fire 12K) many workloads could be minimally impacted if the system comes back up in double pump mode.



#### **Automatic System Recovery**

A suitably configured system will always reboot after a failure. The System Controller locates the fault, reconfigures the system excluding the failed processor, memory, or interconnect component, and reboots the operating system.

The System Controller will only configure in parts which have the Fatal Error FRUID Bit clear. Field Replaceable Units (FRUs) that have been already detected as faulty by this or another machine will not be used.

#### **System Controller**

The heart of Sun's availability technology is the system controller. It is an Ultra Sparc based standalone system running System Management Services (SMS) and the Solaris operating system.

The system controller has access via JTAG to registers in each significant chip in the machine, and continuously monitors the state of the machine. Should there be a problem detected, it is the job of the System Controller to attempt to determine what hardware has misbehaved and then take steps to prevent that hardware from being used until it has been replaced.

The system controller performs the following main functions:

- · Configures the system
- Set up the system and coordinate the boot process
- · Set up the system partitions and domains
- · Generate system clocks
- Monitor the environmental sensors throughout the system
- Handles errors: detection, diagnosis, and recovery
- Provide the platform console functionality and the domain consoles
- Provide routing via syslog of messages to a syslog host

The heart of the system controller (SC) in the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers is a multifunction, UltraSPARC based printed circuit board (PCB) which provides critical services and resources required for the operation and control of the Sun Fire system. System boards within the platform can be logically grouped together into separately bootable systems called dynamic system domains, or simply domains. The System Controller can control up to 18 domains simultaneously on a single Sun Fire 15K platform, and 9 domains on the Sun Fire 12K. The System controller may also be used to run a very limited number of additional programs. These programs are listed in the Open SC white paper.

The SMS software lets you control and monitor domains, as well as the platform itself. SMS software packages are installed on the SC. In addition, SMS communicates with every Expander board over an Ethernet connection that is etched on to the centerplane.

SMS helps enable the platform administrator to perform the following tasks:

- Administrate domains by logically grouping domain configurable units (DCU) together.
- Dynamically reconfigure a domain
- Perform Automated Dynamic Reconfiguration (ADR)

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- Monitor temperatures, currents, and voltage levels
- Monitor and control power to the components
- Execute diagnostic programs
- Warns of impending problems
- Notifies when a software error or failure has occurred.
- Monitors a dual SC configuration for single points of failure.
- Automatically reboots a domain after a system software failure
- Keeps logs of interactions between the SC environment and the domains.
- Provides support for the Sun Fire 15K system dual grid power.
- Configurable Administrative Privileges

You perform SMS operations by entering commands on the SC console after remotely logging in to the SC from another workstation on the local area network, or directly via a ASCII terminal session directly with the serial port on the SC. You must log in as a user with the appropriate platform or domain privileges if you want to perform SMS operations (such as monitoring and controlling the platform). Administration tasks on the Sun Fire 12K or 15K system are secured by group privilege requirements. Upon installation, SMS installs 39 UNIX groups to the /etc/group file.

#### Console Bus

The Console bus is a secondary bus which allows the System Controller to access the inner working of the machine without having to rely on the integrity of the system address and data busses. This allows the System Controller to operate even when there is a fault preventing system operation to continue. It is protected by Parity.

#### **Environmental Monitoring**

The System Controller is regularly monitoring the system environmental sensors in order to have enough advance warning of a potential condition so that the machine can be brought gracefully to a halt, thus avoiding physical damage to the system and possible corruption of data.

The environmental items monitored include:

- power state
- voltages
- fan speed
- temperatures
- device failure
- · device presence

#### **Temperature**

The internal temperature of the system is monitored at key locations as a fail-safe mechanism. Based on temperature readings, the system can notify the administrator of a potential problem, begin an orderly shutdown, or power the system off immediately.

#### **Power Subsystem**

DC voltages are monitored at key points within the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K. DC current from

# Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

each power supply is monitored and reported to the System Controller.

#### Field Replaceable Unit Identification

The Field Replaceable Unit IDentification (FRUID) feature on the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K is a new and powerful technique Sun has developed to help maximize customer availability.

Each component has an 8 KB SEEPROM chip or area on the component on which is stored 2KB of static, hardware write protected data recording such information as Manufacturing Part Number, Serial Number, Vendor Name, Ethernet Address and Bootbus Timing. The 6 KB of dynamic data holds such information as power-on hours, fatal bit error, hardware level, repair history, temperature log and error log.

The benefits to system availability are:

- The fatal error bit in each FRUID is asserted if the System Controller diagnoses that the FRU is
  misbehaving. This Fatal Error bit is be set until the part has been returned to the repair vendor for
  investigation or is reset in the field.
- Failure logged twice in succession can be logged, showing that the failure mode was not fixed the first time.
- Trend analysis on serial numbered FRUs allows identification of manufacturing defects.
- Trend analysis on power-on hours, temperature logs etc. enables identification of wearout phenomenon.
- Trend analysis on the vendor that supplied the part to SUN identifies any vendor-specific weaknesses.
- The enhanced configuration information allows selective patching of specific hardware issues by enabling the patching technology to identify the hardware components in the machine and provide only the necessary patches for that configuration.

#### **Concurrent Serviceability**

The most significant serviceability feature of the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K is to replace system boards online as a concurrent service. Concurrent service is defined as the ability to service various parts of the machine without interfering with a running system. Failing components are identified in the failure logs in such a way that the field replaceable unit (FRU) is clearly identified. With the exception of the plane interconnect, all boards and power supplies in the system can be removed and replaced during system operation without scheduled down time. Replacing the System Controller that is currently active, or switching control to the redundant System Controller can also be done without causing a disruption in the main system operation.

The ability to repair these items without an occurrence of downtime is a significant contributor in achieving higher availability. A by-product of this online repairability of the Sun Fire family concerns upgrades to the on-site hardware. Customers may wish to have additional memory or an extra I/O controller. These operations can be accomplished online with users suffering only a brief (and minor) loss of performance while the system board affected is temporarily taken out of service.

Concurrent service is a function of the following hardware facilities:

- All plane interconnect connections are point-to-point making it possible to logically isolate system boards by dynamically reconfiguring the system.
- The Sun Fire family uses a distributed DC power system, that is, each system board has its own
  power supply. This type of power system enables each system board to be powered on/off
  individually.

 All ASICs that connect off-board plane interconnect have a loopback mode that enables the system board to be verified before it is dynamically reconfigured into the system.

#### **Dynamic Reconfiguration of System Boards**

The online removal and replacement of a system board is called dynamic reconfiguration (DR). Dynamic reconfiguration can be used to remove a troubled board from a running system, or to add new boards into an existing system without requiring a system stop or even a process stopage. For example, the board can be configured in the system even though one of its processors failed. In order to replace the module without incurring down time, dynamic reconfiguration can isolate the board from the system, hot swap it out, and then allow replacement of the failing hardware parts. Therefore, the dynamic reconfiguration operation has three distinct steps:

- Dynamic detach
- Hot replace
- Dynamic attach

Dynamic reconfiguration enables a board that is not currently being used by the system to provide resources to the system. It can be used in conjunction with hot replace to upgrade a customer system without incurring any down time or to move resources from one domain to another domain on the fly. It can also be used to replace a defective module that was deconfigured by the system and subsequently hot removed and repaired or replaced.

Dynamic deconfiguration and reconfiguration is accomplished by the system administrator (or service provider) working through the system controller or from a domain.

- The first step is the logical detachment of the system board. The Solaris operating system's scheduler is informed, for the board in question, that no new processes should start. Meanwhile, any running processes and I/O operations are enabled to complete, and memory contents are rewritten into other memory banks.
- A switchover to alternate I/O paths then takes place so that when the I/O assembly is removed the system continues to have access to the data.
- The next step in the process is for the system administrator to manually remove the now inert system board from the system a *hot replace* operation. The removal sequences are controlled by the system controller, and the system administrator follows instructions given by software.
- The removed system board is then repaired, exchanged, or upgraded.
- The second half of hot replace is employed to reinsert the new board into the system.
- Finally, the replaced system board is dynamically configured in by the operating system. The I/O can be switched back, the scheduler assigns new processes and the memory starts to fill.

So with a combination of dynamic reconfiguration and hot replace, the system family can be repaired (or upgraded) with minimal user inconvenience. Hot replace minimizes this interval to minutes by onsite exchange of system boards.

An interesting additional advantage of dynamic reconfiguration and hot replace is that online system upgrades can be performed. For instance, when a customer purchases an additional system board, it too can be added to the system without disturbing operation.

DR is available today on the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K. Additionally in the ability to DR out MaxCPU boards or hsPCI assemblies is also being completed in Phase 3 of the DR rollout. It should be noted that PCI cards can be "DR'ed out of an hsPCI assembly today.

#### System controller removal and replacement

The hot-spare system controller board can be removed from a running system. While both system controllers may be removed simultaneously from a running Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K it is not recommended to do so.

#### **Remote Service**

The optional capability exists for automatic reporting (to customer service headquarters sites) of unplanned reboots and error log information via email.

Every System Controller has remote access capability that enables remote login to the System Controller. Via this remote connection, all System Controller diagnostics are accessible. Diagnostics can be run remotely or locally on deconfigured system boards while the Solaris is running on the other system boards.

#### **Regulatory Compliances**

An important portion of RAS is that it also meets governmental regulatory specifications. These ensure the the product is safe and will not interfere with the proper operation of other machines. The Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K meet or exceed all of the following Regulation requirements:

| Safety      | UL/CSA-60950, EN60950, IEC950 CB Scheme with all country deviations, IEC825-1, 2, and CFR21 part 1040 |
|-------------|---|
| Ergonomics  | EK1-ITB-2000  |
| <br>RFI/EMC | EN55022/CISPR22 Class A, FCC CFR47 Part 15<br>Class A, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3                       |
|             | EN55024   |
|             | CE, FCC A, ICES-003 A, C-tick, VCCI A, GOST-R,<br>BSMI, EK, UL/cUL, TUV-GS                            |

### **RAS** features

| Reliability Features  | Availability Features  | Serviceability Features  |
|---|--|--|
| ECC-protected data path     ECC protected plane interconnect address path     | Highly configurable to<br>increase redundancy (I/O,<br>CPU, system boards, system<br>controller, memory, etc.) | Hot -swap components:     System boards, I/O, power supplies, fan assemblies, system controller boards |
| Parity-protected address and<br>control signals within a<br>boardset          | • Hot-plug components: CPU, I/O cards, power supplies, and fans  | Keyed connectors on hot-<br>swappable components   |
| Highly reliable distributed power system                                      | <ul><li>Redundant power subsystem</li><li>Redundant power supplies</li></ul>                                   | No slot dependencies except<br>for system controllers  |
| Environmental monitors and controls   | Redundant cooling<br>subsystem   | Point-to-point plane<br>interconnect connection<br>enables component isolation,<br>making DR possible  |
| Connectors, cables, and<br>guides all designed for<br>robustness              | Auto SC failover   | Failed components clearly identified and logged  |
| Point-to-point routers to<br>maintain bus integrity over<br>multi-drop buses. | Cluster capability to meet<br>high level availability<br>requirements  | Hot-swap power/cooling<br>modules  |
| ECC error logging   | Multiple operating system<br>support using dynamic system<br>domains   | SunVTS software  |

| Reliability Features     | Availability Features   | Serviceability Features   |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| • POST                   | Compatible with commercial battery backup systems   | Several internal self-tests for<br>error reporting  |
| BIST logic in all ASICs  | <ul> <li>ECC-protected data path</li> <li>ECC protected plane</li> <li>interconnect address path</li> <li>ECC-protected interconnect</li> </ul> | Dynamic reconfiguration for<br>trouble isolation and online<br>repair   |
| PCI Bus parity protected | <ul> <li>Redundant system controllers<br/>can be configured for auto-<br/>failover high availability</li> </ul>                                 | Remote Monitoring available<br>and included in purchase price   |
|                          | <ul> <li>Auto reboot: POST isolation<br/>of failed components prior to<br/>boot</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Intelligent system controller<br/>continuously monitors state of<br/>the machine</li> </ul>  |
|                          | IP Multi-pathing increases<br>network availability  | Console bus provides<br>secondary path for system<br>controller to access hardware<br>health information  |
|                          | <ul> <li>System controller monitored<br/>via Sun Management Center<br/>(SunMC) and can be done<br/>remotely</li> </ul>                          | Electronic serial numbers on<br>all active boards   |
|                          | Factory-configured hot spares:<br>CPU/memory, I/O assembly,<br>expander board   | • SunMC simplifies configuration and management for the system and also aids in detecting, identifying, isolating, and correcting problems before they impact the system. |
|                          | Redundant power cables/connections  | Sun Validation Test Suite to<br>perform system-level<br>diagnostics   |
|                          | <ul> <li>Distributed dual power grid capability</li> </ul>  |   |
|                          | <ul><li>Dynamic Reconfiguration</li><li>Automatic System Recover</li><li>Dynamic Multi-Pathing</li></ul>  | Dynamic Reconfiguration   |
|                          | CPU Power Control   |   |

# CHAPTER 4 Enabling Technology

#### Technology

Four principal areas of technology used in the design of the Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K and 15K systems gives Sun a significant competitive advantage. They are:

The UltraSPARC<sup>™</sup> Microprocessor Family

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers features the SPARC Version 9 compliant, 64-bit UltraSPARC™ III Cu 1.2GHz processor with up to 8 MB of external cache. The UltraSPARC III processor provides very high integer and floating-point performance to address the needs of the most computationally demanding applications. With 64-bit data and addressing, the UltraSPARC III Cu processors have a number of important features to improve operating system and application performance:

- ➤ Ultra-dense manufacturing process 16 million transistor design (including cache) implemented using 0.15 micron, 6-layer metal CMOS technology operating at 1.8 volts. Package using a 1200-pin (800 signal) ceramic land gate array
- 4-way associative on-chip 64 KB Data and 32 DB instruction cache, with up to 8 MB of external level-two cache through an integrated controller
- Integrated DRAM controller with support for up to 8 GB of memory that can transfer data at up to 2.4 GB/sec
- Interface to the new Fireplane system interconnect supports peak data rates of 2.4 GB/sec.
- > Six-way superscalar issue, no-stall 14-stage pipeline
- ➤ Larger cache, improved branch prediction, lower cache latency, and higher clock rates combining to double the performance of the UltraSPARC III Cu.
- > High efficiency trap management
- > 16 K-entry branch prediction array
- > Enhanced error isolation and fault diagnosability
- ➤ Enhanced VIS<sup>™</sup> instructions set with three new instructions for high performance on multimedia and networking applications
- > Binary compatibility across UltraSPARC processor line
- · Enormous System Bandwidth

The logic plane interconnect is the heart of the Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems It provides a sustained data bandwidth of 43.2 GB/s on 18 boardsets in the Sun Fire 15K and 21.6 GB/s on 9 boardsets in the Sun Fire 12K. The Fireplane interconnect contains three redundant 18 X 18 crossbar routers. System scalability and low latency are a function of having sufficient internal bandwidth between processors, memory and I/O and the crossbar technology, versus bus technology, was clearly proven in Sun's previous generation Enterprise 10000 server. Sun Fire 12K and 15K employs separate crossbar routers for address, response and data. Bandwidth scales up as system hardware is added.

The Solaris<sup>™</sup> (10/01 or later) Operating Environment

Without a stable and well-proven operating system, the best hardware in the world is useless. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers includes the industry's leading enterprise Operating Environment, the Solaris<sup>™</sup> Operating Environment. Built on the latest UNIX

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technology, the Solaris™ Operating Environment delivers unparalleled scalability and performance. The Solaris Operating Environment has been enhanced over the past few years to be able to address very large memories and to scale up to 106 processors and beyond, both important features for the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers. With enterprise integration by design, the Solaris Operating Environment provides easy access to a wide range of computing environments and network technologies. It delivers a competitive advantage to business through networked computing, scalability, and multi-architecture support. The Solaris Operating Environment provides an advanced, superior solution for all customer IT needs, both technical and business. The Solaris Operating Environment is an industrial-grade solution with the performance, quality, and robustness to deliver mission-critical reliability.

The Solaris Operating Environment delivers a unique advantage for mission-critical environments, providing advanced features and functionality that, combined with built-in networking, gives users a high-performance computing environment enabling faster, and more productive work.

The Solaris Operating Environment delivers the power of the Sun Enterprise servers to users through enhanced networking capabilities and performance, graphics and imaging, increased standards compliance, and key operating system management advancements.

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems require the Solaris 8 Operating Environment or beyond. Systems that are desired to run the Memory Placement Optimization code require an MPO capable version of the Sun Fire 12K or 15K server, and the Solaris 9 12/02 or later Operating Environment.

#### Custom ASICs

A number of custom integrated circuits were designed and fabricated for the Sun Fire family of servers. This enabling technology represents a huge engineering investment by Sun and promises improvements in reliability, performance, and overall cost. The following list represents some of the latest technology developed for the Sun Fire generation of compute platforms. For additional detail, please refer to the "The Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K System Architecture" document.

Slot-0 and Slot-1 Components UltraSPARC™ Processor PCI Controller ASIC (Schizo) Link Controller ASIC (WCI) Address Repeater ASIC (AR) Datapath Controller ASIC (SDC) Dual-Processor Data Switch ASIC (DCDS) Data Switch ASIC (DX) Centerplane Components Address Multiplexer ASIC (AMX) Response Multiplexer ASIC (RMX) Data Arbiter ASIC (DARB) Data Multiplexer ASIC (DMX) Expander Board Components System Address Controller ASIC (AQX) System Data Interface (SDI) ASIC Slot-0, Slot-1, Expander Component Boot Bus Controller ASIC (SBBC)

# CHAPTER 5

# **System Architecture**

#### Introduction

The Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K and 15K systems are comprised of a plane interconnect, system board sets (CPU/memory board, PCI I/O board, plane interconnect expander), and Control Board sets (plane interconnect support board, Control Board, SPARC engine), peripherals, and power and cooling subsystems. These components and their relationships are illustrated in the figure below, and their functions are described in the following pages.

#### **System Block Diagram** Control Boardset 2 Centerplane **System** Cabinet Fan backplanes Fan trays Logic centerplane Fan trays Power centerplane 9 System Fan backplanes boardsets Soardset Address & data ASICs on each Control Side 15K. Fan trays **System Boardset** 9 boardsets Slot-0 board in front only Power 12K Supplies 4 CPUs & Ecaches Power 32 DIMMs Supplies Expander 4 PCI cards in hot-<sup>'</sup>Board Hot Swap cassettes Slot-1 board

#### **Logic Centerplane**

With the rapid movement of processor technology and performance, bus technology has been hard-pressed to keep up. The all-new Fireplane system interconnect reverses this trend by providing superior memory and I/O bandwidth, ensuring balanced and predictable performance under the most demanding loads. The Fireplane system interconnect is the heart of the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire15K. It provides a maximum data bandwidth of 43.2 GB per second between 18 board sets on the Sun Fire 15K, and a maximum data bandwidth of 21.6 GB per second between 9 board sets on the Sun Fire 12K. The logic plane interconnect also delivers a console bus and an Ethernet to each board set.

The plane interconnect contains three redundant 18x18 crossbars:

- · Address crossbar
- Response crossbar
- · Data crossbar

#### Address Crossbar

The 18x18 redundant Address crossbar provides a path for address transactions between the System Address Controller (AQX) ASIC on each expander board. A pair of unidirectional paths connects to each expander board: one sending, one receiving. Each address transaction requires two clock cycles. The Address crossbar in conjunction with the Response crossbar is one of the major changes over the previous generation Enterprise 10000 which uses a bus architecture.

#### **Response Crossbar**

The 18x18 Response crossbar provides a reply path between the System Address Controller (AQX) ASIC on each expander board. Each response message takes either one or two clock cycles, depending on the type. The response path is half the width of the address path. A pair of unidirectional paths connects to each expander board: one sending, one receiving. The response path is used for responses from home and slave agents to the original requester, and for completion messages from the requester to the home agent.

#### **Data Crossbar**

The 18x18 Data crossbar moves cache line (72-byte wide) packets between the System Data Interface ASICs (SDI) on each expander board. Each connection is a bi-directional 36-byte wide path. The bandwidth is (18 slots) x (32-byte path) x (150 MHz) divided by 2 for bi-directional paths, resulting in a maximum throughput of 43.2 GB per second. To maximize the use of these bi-directional paths, queuing occurs in the Data Multiplexer (DMX) ASICs. The data crossbar is implemented from 12 bit sliced Data Multiplexer (DMX) ASICs, which are under the control of two lockstep data arbiter (DARB) ASICs. If a failure occurs in the data crossbar, it can be put into double-pumped mode using half the datapath. It is possible to move into and out of double-pumped mode during system operation without rebooting.

#### **Board sets**

A board set is a combination of three boards that plugs into the plane interconnect.

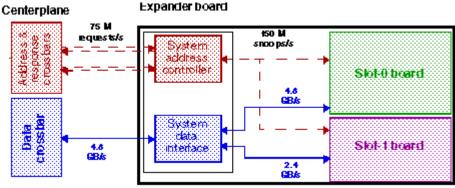
There are two types of board sets:

- 1. System board set. These contains Slot 0 boards with processors and memory, and Slot 1 boards such as the hsPCI assembly, Sun Fire Link board, or the MaxCPU board.
- Control Board set is comprised of the Centerplane support board, the SC Peripheral board, the SC CPU board and the Control board.

3.

#### System board set

A system board set is a combination of three boards, an Expander board, a slot-0 board, and a slot-1 board. The board set as a unit is hot-swappable from the plane interconnect, and the slot-0 and slot-1 board are individually hot-swappable from the Expander. Slot 0 boards are CPU/Memory boards. Slot 1 boards are the hsPCI assembly or MaxCPU boards.



Logical View of System board set

#### **Expander board**

An expander board expands a plane interconnect slot to accommodate two boards: a slot-0 type and a slot-1 type. It provides a Level-2 Fireplane address bus that can execute 150 million snoops per second. The System Address Controller (AQX) on the expander board recognizes addresses targeted at other board sets, and transmits them across the plane interconnect.

The expander provides a three-port data switch to route data between the slot-0 board, the slot-1 board, and the plane interconnect. This dataport is 36-bytes wide to the plane interconnect and to the slot-0 board, and 18-bytes wide to the slot-1 board. A board set can transfer a maximum rate of 4.8 GB per second in each direction to other board sets.

It is possible to use an expander with only one system board (either slot-0 or slot-1). A system board may be hot plugged into the expander, tested, and configured into a running system, without disturbing the other board. The expander may be hot inserted or removed after its two system boards are removed. The expander also receives a console bus from each of the two system controllers.

18 Expanders come standard in the Sun Fire 15K. 9 Expanders come standard in the Sun Fire 12K. When the upgrade kit is purchased for the Sun Fire 12K to take it to a Sun Fire 15K it will include 9 additional expander boards. These additional expander boards activate the back half of the centerplane in the Sun Fire 12K which is why the Sun Fire 12K may be upgraded to a Sun Fire 15K dynamically.

#### Slot-0 (Top) boards (Uniboards)

#### System board set: CPU/Memory board (Slot-0)

The CPU/Memory board (Uniboard) is the only slot-0 type System board and is common to the Sun Fire 3800, 4800, 4810, 6800, 12K and 15K servers. The CPU/Memory board accommodates four processors. Each processor has an associated memory subsystem of 2 banks of four DIMMs, so memory bandwidth and capacity are both scaled up as processors are added. The memory capacity of the board is 32 GB using 1 GB DIMMs. The maximum memory bandwidth on a board is 9.6 GB per second. The CPU/Memory board has a 4.8 GB (each direction) per second connection to the rest of the system.

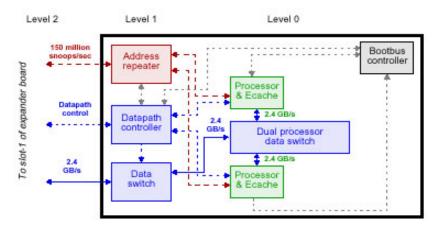
#### Slot-1 (Bottom) boards

#### System board set: hot swap PCI assembly (hsPCI) (Slot-1)

The Sun Fire hsPCI assembly has two I/O controllers and is a slot-1 board. It is called the hsPCI assembly since it is hot-swappable. Each controller provides one 66 MHz PCI bus, and one 33 MHz PCI bus, for a total of two of each speed on the I/O board. Each controller has a total bandwidth of up to 1,200 MB per second. A Sun Fire I/O assembly has a 2.4 GB per second connection to the rest of the system. A cassette is used to provide hot-swap capabilities for industry-standard PCI cards. The cassette is a passive card carrier that adapts the standard PCI edge connector to a pin and socket connector that is suitable for hot-swapping. A PCI card is placed into a hot-swap cassette, and then the cassette is hot-swapped onto the PCI assembly. It relies on software along with the System Controller, for turning power on and off to each PCI slot.

#### System board set: MaxCPU board (Slot-1)

The MaxCPU board is a slot-1 board. It accommodates two UltraSPARC III Cu processors or better, but does not accommodate main memory. This board allows processors to replace PCI cards in system configurations when more processing power is needed than I/O connectivity or when domains need processors that can be DRed in very quickly.



Logical View of the Dual-CPU board

#### **Control Board Set**

The System Control Board set is the heart of the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers availability and serviceability technology. It provides the critical services and resources required for operation and control of the Sun Fire 15K System. It configures the system, coordinates the boot process, sets up the dynamic system domains, monitors the system environmental sensors, and handles error detection, diagnosis, and recovery. Two System Controller board sets are configured into the system to provide redundancy and automatic failover in the event that one fails. The operating system used on the Sun Fire 15K is Solaris 8 (10/01) or better, loaded on a hard disk drive.

#### The Control Board set consists of three boards:

- Centerplane Support board: Plugs into a dedicated plane interconnect slot, and is the same size as an expander board. It provides power/clock/JTAG support for the plane interconnect
- Control Board: Plugs into the Centerplane Support board, and is the same size as a slot-0 board.

#### Control Board is implemented as a two-board combination:

- An off-the-shelf SPARC engine CP1500 6U high cPCI board with an UltraSPARC-IIi
  CPU and 256MB of memory. This runs Solaris and System Management Services
  (SMS). The SPARC engine cPCI card mounts flat on top of the Control Board, similar
  to the way PCI cards are mounted onto hsPCI assemblies.
- Control Board, for the Sun Fire 15K-specific logic and connection to the Centerplane Support board.

#### System Controller: System Clock:

- Driven by 1 of 5 sources.
- · Monitors clock input conditions and automatically switches if one is bad.
- Each board comes up running off its own system clocks by default.
- · Each board in the system receives a clock from each System Controller .

#### System Controller: I2C Bus

- The System Controller can access every board, fan, and power supply in the system via an I2C bus.
- Exception is the power plane interconnect which has no I2C components.

#### **System Controller: Console Bus**

- The System Controller is the console bus master for the entire system, and either System Controller can be the master.
- Each System Controller uses the CP1500 board for its "brains".
- The CP1500 board uses an UltraSPARC-IIi processor to run the Solaris operating environment and all associated applications needed for bring up, maintenance, and interrogation of the system.
- Two Ethernet ports on the CP1500 are used for the System Management Services (SMS) monitoring software and the other Ethernet port is used for the System Controller-to-System Controller "heartbeat".

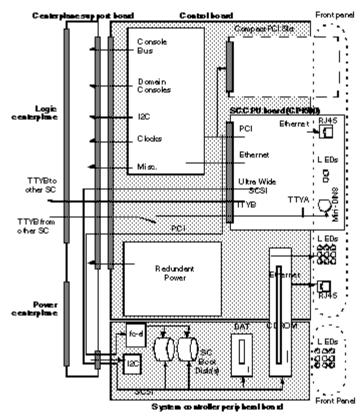
- One serial port is used for external access via the front panel, and the other serial port is used for back-door tip access.
- The SCSI port is used to support the boot disk, an optional hard disk drive (HDD), and a DVD drive.

#### System Controller: Ethernet

- The System Controller has a dedicated Ethernet port for each I/O subsystem.
- Two "heartbeat" ports exist between the two System Controllers
- Two external ports are provided for the SMS terminal

#### System Controller: I/O board

- Holds the DVD drive and two HDD drives (one boot device and one optional)
- Provides power to the drives
- I2C will monitor the board's power supply status
- · Provides SCSI port connection from the System Controller to the drives



Logical View of the I/O board

#### **Peripherals**

The Sun Fire 3800 through Sun Fire 6800 have room in the same rack with the system enclosure for various peripherals. The Sun Fire 12K/15K cabinet does not currently support additional peripherals inside of the cabinet.

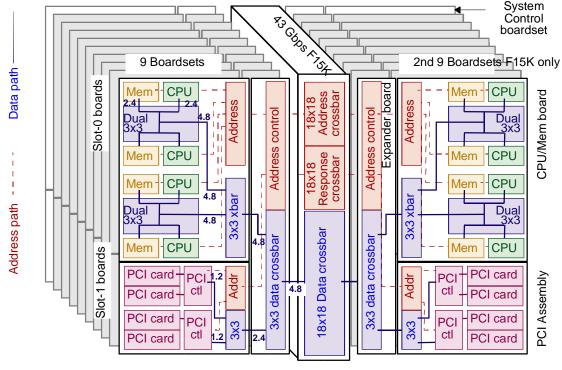
#### System Interconnect (Fireplane)

The Sun Fire 12K/15K systems uses the Fireplane interconnect which is the coherent shared-memory interconnect architecture used in the UltraSPARC-III/IV generation of systems. This is Sun Microsystems' fourth generation of shared-memory interconnect, dating back to the early 1990s. Sun Microsystems uses an improved system interconnect with each new processor generation to keep system performance scaling with CPU performance.

The Sun Fire Fireplane is an evolutionary improvement over the previous generation Ultra Port Architecture (UPA). The system clock rate is increased by 50% from 100 MHz to 150 MHz. The snoops per clock cycle is doubled from one half to one. Taken together, this triples the snooping bandwidth to 150 million addresses per second. The maximum data bandwidth for the Sun Fire 6800 and smaller systems is the snoop rate times the 64-byte coherency block, which is 9.6 GB per second, triple that of the previous generation Sun Enterprise 3500–6500 servers. The bandwidth for the Sun Fire 15K is (18 slots) x (32-byte path) x (150 MHz) divided by 2 for bidirectional paths, resulting in a maximum throughput of 43.2 GB per second, 3.4 times greater than that of the Enterprise 10000. It is ½ that bandwidth for the Sun Fire 12K.

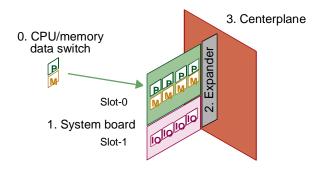
The Sun Fire Fireplane also adds a new layer of point-to-point directory-coherency protocol, for use in systems that require more bandwidth than a single snoopy bus can provide coherency for. This facility allows coherency to be maintained between multiple snoopy buses, and is used in the Sun Fire 12K and 15K.

The small numbers in the Sun Fire 15K logical block diagram below, represent peak bidirectional data bandwidths at each level of centerplane interconnect.

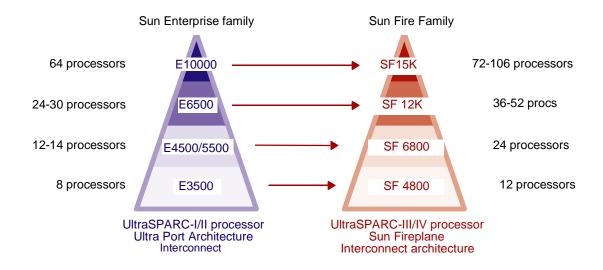


#### **Centerplane Interconnect Levels**

The Sun Fire 12K/15K interconnect is implemented in several physical layers. The system interconnect of a server is implemented as a hierarchy of levels: chips connect to boards, which plug into a plane interconnect. The latency is lower and the bandwidth is higher between components on the same board, because there are more connections between them than there is to off-board components.



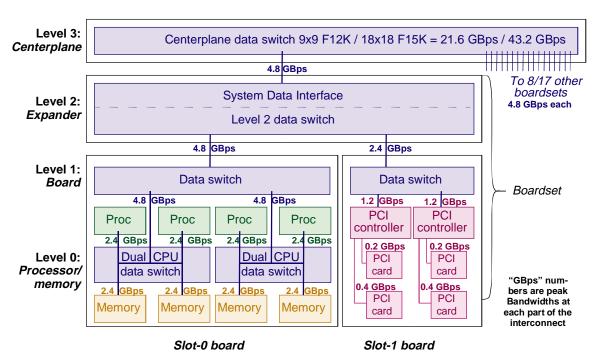
Sun Fire 12K/15K Interconnect Architecture



#### Interconnect Performance

This section briefly quantifies the centerplane interconnect latency and bandwidth of the Sun Fire 12K/15K.

#### **Data Interconnect Levels**



The numbers in the above figure refer to the peak bandwidth at each level. The Level 3 Centerplane figures represent the peak bisectional bandwdth for the centerplane. All datapaths are bi-directional and the bandwidth on each path is shared between traffic going into and out of a functional unit.

#### **Bandwidth**

Bandwidth is the rate at which a stream of data is delivered. These numbers are the peak memory bandwidths, as limited by the centerplane interconnect implementation. Memory is assumed to be interleaved 16-ways across the eight memory banks on one board.

| All accesses to memory on:     | Sun Fire 12K         | Sun Fire 15K         |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Same CPU as requester          | 9.6 GB/s x number of | 9.6 GB/s x number of |
|                                | board sets,          | board sets,          |
|                                | 86.4 GB/s maximum    | 172 GB/s maximum for |
|                                | for 9 board sets     | 18 board sets        |
| Same board as requester        | 6.7 GB/s x number of | 6.7 GB/s x number of |
|                                | board sets,          | board sets,          |
|                                | 60.3 GB/s maximum    | 121 GB/s maximum for |
|                                | for 9board sets      | 18 board sets        |
| Different board than requester | 2.4 GB/s x number of | 2.4 GB/s x number of |
|                                | board sets,          | board sets,          |
|                                | 21.6 GB/s maximum    | 43 GB/s maximum for  |
|                                | for 9 board sets     | 18 board sets        |
| Random data location           | 23.5 GB/s            | 47 GB/s              |

#### Same-board Peak Bandwidth

The maximum same-board bandwidth is 9.6 GB per second per board. This occurs when: processors all access their own local memory, or all access the memory of the other processor in their pair, or two access their local memory, and two access memory on the other half of the board from themselves. The minimum same-board peak bandwidth is 4.8 GB per second per board. This occurs when all four processors access memory on the other half of the board from themselves. When memory is 16-way interleaved the peak bandwidth is 6.7 GB per second per board. In Sun Fire 3800 through Sun Fire 6800, the total same-board bandwidth is limited to 9.6 GB per second by the address bus snoop rate. Sun Fire 12K and 15K do not have this restriction.

#### Off-board Bandwidth

The off-board datapath is 32 bytes wide x 150 MHz = 4.8 GB per second. Since this bandwidth has to serve both outgoing requests from this board's CPUs, and incoming requests for memory from other CPUs, the per-board bisection bandwidth is halved to 2.4 GB per second. In Sun Fire 3800 through Sun Fire 6800, the total off-board bandwidth is limited to 9.6 GB per second by the address bus snoop rate.

# Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

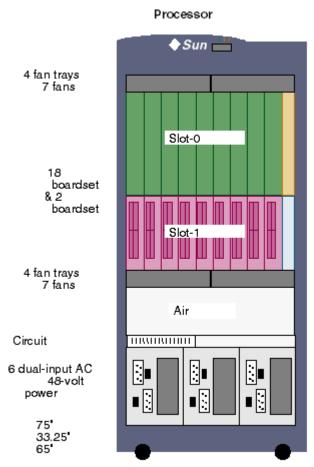
#### Latency

Latency is the time for a single data item to be delivered from memory to a processor. There are several kinds of latency that can be calculated or measured. Two are presented below:

- 1. Pin-to-pin latency: calculated from the centerplane interconnect logic cycles. It is independent of what the processor does with the data.
- 2. Back-to-back load latency: measured by a kernel of the Imbench benchmark.

# CHAPTER 6 System Components

#### Sun Fire 12K/15K System Cabinet



24" minimum additional space needed for front and back access

- The Sun Fire 12K/15K system enclosure is a 74.75-inch high, 33.25-inch wide, and 65-inch deep, data center cabinet that is symmetric in the front and the back except for the cap on the top front, and for different doors.
- The processor cabinet is configured with a full complement of eight fan trays, six bulk power supplies, and two system control boardsets which perform RAS services.
- A fully-loaded processor cabinet weighs 2,200 pounds (1000 kg) (F15K). Note: The Sun Fire 12K weighs significantly less however since the Sun Fire 12K can be upgraded to a Sun Fire 15K it is recommended to plan for the maximimum possible weight of a Sun Fire 15K when a Sun Fire 12K is purchased.

- Inside the cabinet is an 18-slot card cage for system boards, control boards, and plane interconnect support boards.
- Directly above and below the card cage are the fan trays which draw air up through the cabinet and filters to exhaust out the top. Four trays containing 7 fans are located above the system boards and 4 trays containing 7 fans are located below the system boards.
- The cabinet will house 6 4KW power modules, each with dual AC inputs in order to support dual power grids. 12 power cords will be included to help ensure redundancy.

#### **System Power**

#### **Site Power**

The system runs from 200/240 VAC, single phase power, with a frequency of 47 to 63 Hz. The processor cabinet requires twelve 30-amp circuits, which are usually hooked up to two separate power grids. In North America and Japan, the site power receptacles are NEMA #L6-30R, otherwise they are IEC 309. The power cables that go between the system and the site's power receptacles are supplied with the system.

#### **Processor Cabinet Power System**

The processor cabinet uses six dual-input 4 KW bulk power supplies. Two power cables go to each supply. These supplies convert the input power to 48 volt DC, which is commoned together. The system can keep on running with a failed power supply. The power supplies can be replaced while the system is in operation. Power is distributed to the loads through individual DC circuit breakers. The boards each have their own on-board voltage converters, which transform 48 VDC to the levels required by the on-board logic components. Power and cooling components are hot-swappable.

#### System Cooling

#### **Environmental Requirements**

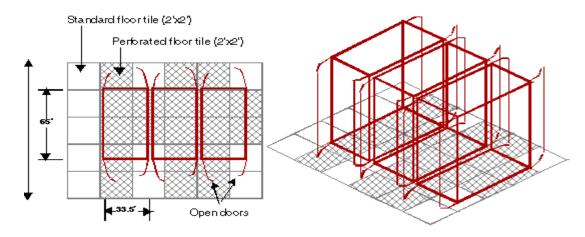
The operating environment limits are - temperature: from 5° to 35° C (41° to 90° F); humidity: from 20% to 80%; and altitude: up to 3,048 m (10,000'). A fully-loaded Sun Fire 15K system draws 24 KW of power (18 KW for the Sun Fire 12K), and has an air conditioning load of approximately 80,000 BTU/hour (54,000 BTU/hour for the Sun Fire 12K). Smaller configurations draw less power. Note: Customers that anticipate that their is a reasonable chance that they will upgrade a Sun Fire 12K to a Sun Fire 15K are encouraged to plan their Environmental requirements for the Sun Fire 12K as if it were a Sun Fire 15K.

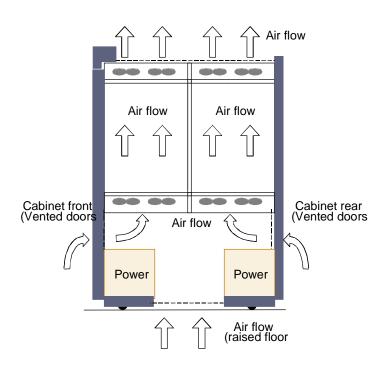
#### **Raised Floor Requirements**

While Sun does not require the Sun Fire 12K or 15K to be installed on a raised floor, it does very strongly urge its customers to do so. Raised floor environments are more likely to be less subject to air flow blockages, and are generally easier to work with to ensure that hot spots do not occur. When used on a raised floor, a fully-loaded processor cabinet needs seven 2'x2' perforated tiles

# Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

under it (assuming that the tiles are capable of delivering 600 CFM cooling air at 0.07" of water). Rows of fully-loaded processor cabinets can be located adjacent to each other, with 5' of space per row, as shown below. Though the Sun Fire 12K weighs considerably less then the Sun Fire 15K since it can be upgraded to the Sun Fire 15K customers are stongly urged to plan for the weight and raised floor cooling of the Sun Fire 12K as if it were a Sun Fire 15K.





# Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

#### **Processor Cabinet Cooling System**

- Air flows from bottom to top: in through air inlets in the bottom, front, and back of the processor cabinet, and out through the top.
- There are four fan trays above and four fan trays below the boards.
- The two-speed fans run at medium speed normally. If any of the sensed components exceed temperature thresholds, the fans will switch to high-speed to provide additional cooling.
- The system can run with a failed fan or fan tray
- The fan trays can be swapped while the system is running.

**System Cooling** The Sun Fire 15K requires boot storage. Sun recommends either the Sun StorEdge S1, Sun StorEdge T3-A, Sun StorEdge T3-B or the Sun StorEdge 5200. These devices need to be installed into a data center rack. The Other storage devices can be used with the Sun Fire 15K, though the ones listed above are the only ones that can be used to boot it.

Complete storage and other I/O device attachment information about the Sun Fire 15K and 12K servers can be cound at

http://systems.corp/products/servers/docs/SF Highend IO Support Matrices latest.pdf

# CHAPTER 7 System Management

#### **Dynamic System Domains**

This section describes the dynamic system domains feature of the Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems' interconnect. A Sun Fire 15K system may be dynamically subdivided up into as many as 18 domains, and 9 domains on a Sun Fire 12K. Each domain has a separate boot disk to execute a private instance of the Solaris<sup>™</sup> Operating Environment, as well as separate disk storage, network interfaces, and I/O interfaces. CPU boards and hsPCI assemblies may be separately added and removed on the fly from running domains.

Domains are used for server consolidation and to run separate parts of a solution, such as application server, web server, and database server. The domains are hardware-protected from hardware or software faults in other domains.

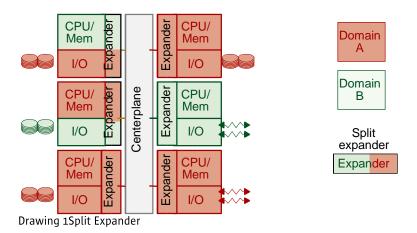
#### Example of a Sun Fire 12K or 15K divided into three domains. Domain #1 Domain #2 Domain #3 8 CPUs & 8 PCI buses 48 CPUs & 48 PCI buses 8 CPUs & 8 PCI buses **OLTP Decision Support** development CPU/Mem CPII/Mem CPII/Mem **CPU/Mem** CPU/Mem 2 PCI buses Centerplane CPU/Mem 2 PCI buses Network

#### **Domain Configurability**

On the Sun Fire 15K each of the 36 system boards (18 slot-0 boards and 18 slot-1 boards) may be independently added to (or removed from) a running domain. On the Sun Fire 12K each of the 18 system boards (9 slot-0 boards and 9 slot-1 boards) may be independently added to (or removed from) a running domain. This allows processor and memory resources to be moved from one domain to another, without disturbing the disk storage and network connections. Each domain must have an hsPCI assembly, so the maximum number is 18 domains for the Sun Fire 15K and 9 domains for the Sun Fire 12K.

When the two system boards in a boardset are in different domains, it is termed a split expander, since the expander board keeps the transactions separate for each system board. The figure below shows a sample configuration with some of the boardsets split between the two domains. No physical proximity is needed between boards in a domain.

Since split expander hardware is shared between two domains, an expander failure will bring down both domains. Also, memory accesses that go through a split expander take two system clocks (13 ns) longer. If all expanders were split, the load-use latency for accesses to other boardsets would go up about 6%. If one domain in a split expander is undergoing POST, and the 2<sup>nd</sup> domain sharing that expander requires recovery (panic, Dstop, reboot etc.), the 2<sup>nd</sup> domain must wait until the 1<sup>st</sup> domain finishes POST. If the first domain is large and/or running a high level of POST, this delay could be hours, not minutes.



#### **Domain Protection**

Primary domain protection is done in the system address controller (AXQ) ASICs, by checking each transaction for domain validity when it is first seen. The system data interface chips can also screen data transfer requests for valid destinations (to a granularity of the 36 system boards on the Sun Fire 15K and 18 system boards on the Sun Fire 12K). In addition, each plane

interconnect arbiter (data, address, response) screens requests to a granularity of the 18 expanders on the Sun Fire 15K and 9 expanders on the Sun Fire 12K. This is a double-check on the other domain protection mechanisms which are in the system address controller and system data interface chips.

If a transgression error is detected in the system address controller, it treats the operation like a request to nonexistent memory. A transgression error in the plane interconnect will cause a domainstop of the transgressing domains, since this must indicate a failure of the primary protection mechanism.

#### **Domain Fault Isolation**

Domains are protected against software or hardware faults in other domains. Failures in hardware shared between domains will cause failures only in the domains that share it. Shared hardware includes plane interconnect ASICs, clocks, etc., and the expander board logic serving a CPU/memory board and an I/O board in two different domains.

The steering signals from the system address controllers on the expander boards to the address and response mux chips on the plane interconnect are parity protected. If there is a parity error, the multiple copies of the plane interconnect arbiter could get out of lockstep with each other. So, for a normal transaction, this will cause an immediate domainstop of the domain.

#### **Domain Errors**

Nonfatal errors, such as correctable single-bit errors in a datapath, cause a recordstop. History buffers in the ASICs are frozen so that information about the failure can be scanned out via JTAG while the domain continues to run.

Generally, a domainstop shuts down cleanly and quickly only the domain that has encountered the fatal error. When the hardware detects an unrecoverable error, domainstop operates by shutting down the paths in and out of the system address controller (AXQ) and system data interface ASICs. This shutdown is intended to prevent further corruption of data, and to facilitate debugging by not allowing the failure to be masked by continued operation.

The only case where multiple domains are stopped by the same error is when the error is in hardware shared by several domains.

- An error on an expander board shared by two domains will shut down both domains.
- An error in a plane interconnect ASIC, or plane interconnect wiring (connections between two plane interconnect ASICs) may shut down any or all domains.
- Connections between plane interconnect ASICs and expander ASICs are considered a
  part of that expander's wiring. An error here will shut down only the one or two
  domains that share the failed expander.

A parity error in the steering signals from an expander board to an arbiter. This error cannot cause the arbiters to so lose lockstep that another domain cannot correctly continue.

The Sun Enterprise<sup>™</sup> 10000 pioneered dynamic system domains (DSD) in the Unix server marketplace. In the Sun Fire generation, domains have been extended to the 4800-15K servers. Each domain is composed of one or more CPU/memory boards and one or more hsPCI assemblies. Each domain runs its own instance of the Solaris<sup>™</sup> Operating Environment, and has its own peripherals and network connections. Domains can be reconfigured without interrupting the operation of other domains. Domains can be used for:

- Testing new applications
- Operating system updates
- Supporting different departments
- Removing and reinstalling boards for repair or upgrade

#### **System Domain Implementations**

- **Server consolidation:** One Sun Fire 12K or 15K system can replace two or more smaller servers or mainframes. It is easier to administer (uses a single system controller), more robust (more RAS features), and offers the flexibility to shift resources freely from one "server" to another. This is a benefit as applications grow, or when demand reaches peak levels requiring rapid deployment of additional computing resources.
- Development, production, and test environments: In a production environment, most sites require separate development and test facilities. Isolating facilities enables the development work to continue on a regular schedule without impacting production. With a Sun Fire 12K or 15K system, development and test functions can safely coexist on the same platform.
- **Software migration:** Dynamic system domains may be used as a means of migrating systems or application software to updated versions. This applies to the Solaris<sup>™</sup> Operating Environment, database applications, new administrative environments, or any type of application.
- Special I/O or network functions: A system domain may be established to deal with specific I/O devices or functions. For example, a high-end tape device could be attached to a dedicated system domain, which is alternately merged into other system domains which need to make use of the device for backup or other purposes.
- **Departmental systems:** A single Sun Fire 12K or 15K system may be shared by multiple projects or departments, simplifying cost justification and cost accounting requirements.
- Configuring for special resource requirements or limitations: Projects which have
  resource requirements that might overflow onto other applications may be isolated to their
  own system domain. For applications that cannot take advantage of all resources (that is,
  they lack scalability), multiple instances of the application may be run in separate system
  domains.
- Data warehouse applications: Many data warehouses use multiple systems to tier data.
   The Sun Fire 12K or 15K systems can tier data on the same system and dynamically allocate more resources to individual tiers as needed.

#### System Controller (SC)

The Sun Fire System Controller (SC) is an embedded computer that resides within each Sun Fire 12K or 15K server. The SC is responsible for many housekeeping and monitoring functions, playing a key role in keeping system availability high and in streamlining management tasks. The SC provides system console access to all domains within the server and the system as a whole. It manages hardware configuration during booting and during dynamic reconfiguration. It is also responsible for system error detection, status logging and reporting, environmental monitoring, identification services, and reporting.

Dual SCs are standard in all Sun Fire 12K or 15K systems, with one configured as a primary and one as as backup controller. The backup controller monitors the "heartbeat" of the primary to ensure its proper functioning. Should the primary controller fail, the backup controller assumes the role of master, with all functions, including the system clock, moving seamlessly from the primary controller to the backup. Like other boards in the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers, the SC boards are hot-swapable, allowing system controllers to be repaired and replaced without requiring any system downtime.

Communication with other system boards of the Sun Fire 12K/15K system is handled by the console bus, a dedicated bus used for control and management operations. Communication external to the Sun Fire 12K or 15K server is available via a serial or Ethernet connection.

The SC is an integral part of the operation of the Sun Fire 12K or 15K server. SC functions include the following:

- Virtual system clock: The SC provides time of day to all domains within the system, in addition to providing the system clock signals to system boards.
- Virtual system console: The SC provides the system console interface to each domain. A
  connection to the console of a particular domain may be placed in "advise mode", allowing
  other read-only domain console connections to view all console activity.
- Virtual key switch: Domains do not have physical system key switches. Instead, the system
  console implements a "virtual key switch" for each domain. The virtual key switch allows the
  system administrator to secure the domain in the same way a physical key would be used.
  The virtual key switch supports the same four settings used on all Sun servers: off, normal
  operation, system diagnostics, and secure operations.
- Power control: The SC is used to control the 48V power supplies within the Sun Fire 12K or 15K system and to turn individual boards and field-replaceable units (FRUs) on and off.
- Environmental monitoring and reporting: Temperature sensors are placed on or adjacent
  to all critical parts / FRUs in the Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems, with their measurements
  transmitted to the SC. The SC monitors these readings and takes appropriate action if an
  over-temperature condition occurs. Environmental conditions are available via SNMP and
  vital command-line queries.
- Error management: The SC acts on errors reported to it from system components via the
  console bus. Using information from components along the error path, the SC identifies the
  component(s) generating the error and marks the failed component for system removal at the
  next reboot.
- Hardware configuration management:
  - Automatic system recovery (ASR) management: In the ASR process, the SC checks each component for errors. If the part is faulty, either by failing a diagnostic test or by

- a notation of a fault in its EEPROM, the part is removed from the system during boot time.
- Dynamic reconfiguration (DR) and domain creation responsibilities: The SC is responsible for the configuration within the Fireplane system interconnect to identify which boards will make up each domain. Identification can be done when a domain is created or when resources are added to or deleted from a domain. In either case, the system interconnect must be told which boards make up each domain so that it can isolate its activity to one domain at a time.
- POST Management: Like previous Sun servers, the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers run a
  series of diagnostic tests when they are powered on. These power-on self-tests (POSTs) are
  more extensive and complete than in previous generations, since testing of domains and
  boards is scheduled in parallel whenever possible. POST management features and activity
  include the following:
  - Exercises the Sun Fire 12K or 15K system logic below the FRU level; with a high degree of accuracy, finds failing components and enables isolation to the FRU
  - Provides a highly-available platform for customer applications, even in the face of hardware failures
  - Provides low-level, start of day configuration services, including detailed interaction with specific hardware components
  - Records sufficient information about failed and marginal components so that both field replacement and subsequent factory repairs are expedited
  - Remembers which components passed the tests, and will configure only those components into the final system configuration. This is possible by using the JTAG access to each of the key Sun Fire 12K or 15K system ASICs.
  - Can be directed to ignore certain components by looking them up in the blacklist. In this way, components scheduled for service, of questionable functionality, or at a specified revision level can be kept out of a system configuration.
  - Has the responsibility for establishing the final system hardware configuration. If there is a failed or blacklisted component, there are usually a variety of ways in which the final system may be configured.
- Sun Management Center (SunMC) software: In combination with the optional software, SunMC, the networked SC gives administrators a powerful tool for system and resource management. The SunMC software provides features such as domain management, a GUI interface to dynamic reconfiguration, alternate pathing, and SC commands. SunMC also provides hardware information, environmental monitoring, and propagation of alarms to associated devices.
- Capacity on Demand software: The Capacity on Demand software 2.0 and above for the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers runs on the SC.
- Remote service: All functions on the SC that can be performed remotely are set up for terminal execution via dial-up connections.
- SunVTS™ software: SunVTS™ software (Sun Validation Test Suite) is the replacement product for SunDiag™ software. Like SunDiag software, SunVTS software is run at the UNIX® level and is designed to exercise the entire system. It supports either a graphical or TTY user interface and provides error and information logging. Customers should be encouraged to not accept or use any subsitute product then the genuine SunVTS as this is critical to the proper diagnostic capabilities of the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers.

The key features of SunVTS software are:

- UNIX-level diagnostics System tests execute real UNIX code under the Solaris<sup>™</sup>
   Operating Environment.
- Automatic system probing The system configuration is displayed through the user interface.
- Two user interfaces A graphical-based interface and a character-based interface are both available. The SunVTS kernel is cleanly separable from the user interface, such that multiple-user interfaces can communicate with the same SunVTS kernel. The character-based interface permits the writing of shell scripts to control SunVTS software.
- Application Programming Interface (API) The API provides a defined interface into the SunVTS kernel from other processes, as well as the user interfaces. A SunVTS execution could be initiated in a cron-like fashion, with no direct user interface at all.
- Advanced configuration and execution control Tests can be grouped together based on user requirements, with fine-grained execution control for status and logging information.
- Network Console (netcon): The SC provides a service called Network Console (netcon). Netcon provides a "console" for single-user operations. Normally, a SC must be on the same subnetwork as the Sun Fire 12K or 15K system; with netcon, they can be anywhere in the world that has a network attachment. The service is provided such that sessions, similar to rlogin sessions, can be provided to X-Windows clients on the same network as the SC. This helps enable system administrators to access the SC from any location on the same network as the SC.

#### Netcon:

- Helps enable access to the UNIX console, as with the Sun Enterprise 10000 -- shell prompt, ASCII session
- Requires domain administrator authority
- Private internal Ethernet when the Solaris Operating System is running
- IOSRAM "tunnel" protocol when in OpenBoot PROM (OBP)
- Like the Sun Enterprise 10000, has the ability to log all traffic to a file

# CHAPTER 8

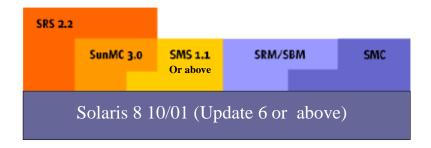
### Software

### Sun Fire™ 12K and 15K Server Software

#### Introduction

The software market is constantly evolving, creating new products and services to meet the explosive growth and changing demands of information technology. To manage Sun's products in an enterprise environment, Sun provides software solutions that improve network efficiency, reduce congestion, and manage thousands of system components under a single management solution - satisfying the demands of large corporations.

To operate a Sun Fire 12K or 15K server, users must run the Solaris 8 Operating Environment (10/01 or better) and SMS software. It is also recommended that customers use SunMC and other management services software to enhance server administration and monitoring. The software information is presented as it specifically relates to the Sun Fire 12K and 15K server environments. The following graphic depicts the software stack for the Sun Fire 12K and 15K.



#### Sun's Sun Fire 12K and 15K software includes:

- Solaris 8 or 9 provides advanced features and functionality that give users the highperformance operating environment needed for running mission-critical applications.
- System Management Services helps enable users to control and monitor each domain as well as the Sun Fire 12K or 15K system.
- Sun Management Center helps enable users to monitor and manage thousands of Sun systems from a single source. For the Sun Fire 12K or 15K, the software package provides support for the platform and domains.
- Sun Remote Services remote management service that provides proactive problem detection and prompt resolution of system events. This reduces system downtime and provides health and utilization reports that can be an effective IT business planning tool.
- Solaris Management Console client/server application used to manage one or more Solaris domains. It can launch any UNIX application on any Solaris server in the network.
- Solaris Resource Manager helps enable the consolidation of multiple applications onto a single Solaris server. It provides the ability to allocate and control major system resources, allowing service availability for critical enterprise applications, IT-defined groups, and individual users.
- · Solaris Bandwidth Manager helps enable control of bandwidth assigned to particular

applications, users, and departments that share the same intranet or Internet link. It efficiently distributes network bandwidth and ensures service for mission-critical applications.

### The Solaris<sup>™</sup> 8 (10/01 or later) Operating Environment

The Solaris<sup>™</sup> 8 (10/01 or later) Operating Environment provides an advanced, industrial-grade solution for all customer IT needs, both technical and business; it has the performance, quality, and robustness to deliver mission-critical reliability. The Solaris Operating Environment, with enterprise integration by design, provides easy access to a wide range of computing environments and network technologies while delivering a competitive advantage to business through networked computing, unparalleled scalability, and multi-architecture support. It combines new levels of availability and reliability - to help enable continuous, 24x7 uptime - with massive scalability, sophisticated manageability, and advanced security. With the Solaris Operating Environment, enterprises adapting to the Internet age, as well as dot-com businesses adopting the disciplines of the data center, can increase service levels while at the same time reducing IT risks and lowering service costs.

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers includes the Solaris Operating Environment 8, which has been enhanced to address very large memories and scale to support hundreds of processors. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems run the Solaris Operating Environment 8 with features and benefits that include:

- Scalability enhancements
- Improved ease-of-use features
- Improved reliability, availability, and serviceability (RAS) features
- Sun Management Center 3.x
- · Integrated directory services
- Integrated security
- Hot relief
- Network multipathing solution with IP Multipathing (IPMP) and DR support
- Disk Storage multipathing solution with Sun StorEdge<sup>™</sup> Traffic Manager Software and DR
- Clustering with Dynamic Reconfiguration support
- True 64 bit computing to address large memory sets
- 32 and 64 bit support
- 12000 ISV applications
- · Live upgrade
  - Installing and reconfiguring new versions of the Operating System while the current system is still running.

Solaris 9 12/02 (update 2) is required to run the Memory Placement Optimization function on the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers.

### **Software Compatibility Matrix**

The latest Sun Fire 12K/15K Software Compatibility Matrix can always be found at: <a href="http://edss.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html">http://edss.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html</a>

### Sun Cluster 3.0 and the Solaris 8 Operating Environment

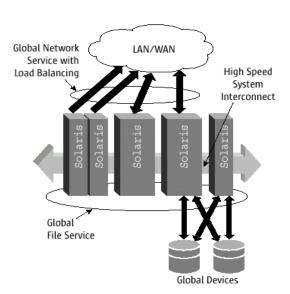
"Sun Cluster 3.0 software is a new approach to creating a cluster computing environment for the networked data center. Based on abstracting applications and services, such as data storage and network connectivity, from the physical hardware. Sun Cluster 3.0 extends a high-availability (HA) environment to provide a single, logical view of a commercial computing environment from both an application services and administrative perspective."

Sun Cluster 3.0 extends the Solaris 8 Operating Environment with Sun's cluster framework; it helps enable core Solaris services - devices, file systems, and networks - to operate seamlessly across a tightly coupled cluster while maintaining full Solaris compatibility with existing applications. Sun Cluster 3.0 offers a platform that provides high availability (HA) and scalability to everyday Solaris applications through continuous network and data availability. Services that are written to the simple-to-use Sun Cluster 3.0 API can achieve even higher availability as well as scalability.

### **Summary of Features and Benefits**

- Global devices
- Global file service
- Global network services
- Scalable Services
- Failover services
- Faster failover
- Diskless failover
- Simplified, centralized cluster management
- Cluster-enabling of applications
- Eight-node support
- Dynamic Reconfiguration Support (with SC 3.0 Update 2 or above)

#### **Cluster 3.0 Features**



### **Sun Management Center**

In combination with the Sun Management Center (SunMC), the networked system controller (SC) gives administrators a powerful tool for system and resource management. SMC software provides features such as domain management, a GUI interface to dynamic reconfiguration, alternate pathing, and SC commands. SunMC also provides hardware information, environmental monitoring and propagation of alarms to associated devices.

- SunMC helps enable flexible integration with the major enterprise management packages
- Critical to SRS (Sun Remote Services)
- · Global DR across domains
- Local DR within a domain
- Logical view per domain; tree hierarchy including all hardware and OS components
- Alarms and traps
- Monitor master and standby SCs
- · Solaris objects in the SCs
- · Environmentals of the system controllers themselves
- Platform Management Information Bus (MIB)
- Platform view and domain view
- Hardware monitoring (presence, state)
- Environmental state and events
- · Domain management
- System controller monitoring
- SMS processes on the SC
- Sun Fire 12K and 15K specific physical views "...displaying photo-realistic images of hardware components and pointing to components with an associated event, helping to enable administrators unfamiliar with a particular Sun platform to quickly determine which components need to be replaced"
- Support controlled SC

#### Console

The System Controller provides a service called console. Console provides a "console" for single-user operations. Normally, a System Controller must be on the same subnetwork as the Sun Fire 12K and 15K system; with console, they can be anywhere in the world that has a network attachment. The service is provided such that sessions, similar to rlogin sessions, can be provided to X-Windows clients on the same network as the System Controller. This enables system administrators to access the System Controller from any location on the same network as the System Controller.

#### Console enables:

- Access to UNIX console
- Requires domain administrator authority
- Private internal ethernet when the Solaris<sup>™</sup> Operating System is running
- IOSRAM "tunnel" protocol when in OBP

.

### Dynamic Reconfiguration (DR) for Resource Management

Dynamic Reconfiguration (DR) allows resources to be dynamically reallocated between domains. DR helps enable a physical or logical restructuring of the hardware components of a system while the system is running. This high degree of resource flexibility allows administrators to reconfigure the system easily in order to meet load or schedule demands. As a system's resources and requirements change from hour to hour or from month to month, DR optimizes the time and money needed to reallocate those resources.

When it is preferable to reconfigure domains on the Sun Fire 12K/15K server automatically based on predetermined schedules, resource or user load, or other system events, scripts can be written to automate the reconfiguration process by using the Dynamic Reconfiguration capability.

### Solaris<sup>™</sup> Resource Manager (SRM)

Sun's Solaris Resource Manager software offers the means to allocate, control and monitor system resource usage. Previously, this capability was only available in the mainframe environment. With SRM software, system resources such as CPU, virtual memory, and a number of processes can be allocated to users, groups, and applications. SRM software is a Sun key enabler for server consolidation and increased system resource utilization. Critical application availability is increased because priority can be established over less important applications or functions. It is an effective tool for creating and managing shared service environments. Beyond simple time-sharing schemes, it provides fine-grained, hierarchical control of system resources for users, groups, and applications, enabling an equitable distribution of computational resources within a given Solaris system and promoting server consolidation. Solaris Resource Manager software is particularly effective for use in enterprise servers since it can prevent server resources from being usurped by rogue processes, abusive users, and large computational loads.

#### Features and benefits include:

- Major system resource controls
- Fair-share allocation
- Hierarchical control model
- Policy-based resource administration
- Resource reporting

### Solaris™ Bandwidth Manager (SBM)

Solaris<sup>™</sup> Bandwidth Manager is a policy-based, directory-enabled software solution regulating IP networks' bandwidth usage in LANs and WANs. SBM is a Sun key enabler for providing differentiated classes of services. It helps enable administrators ability to provide high-quality

network service by controlling the bandwidth assigned to applications and users, prioritizing traffic, and building advanced bandwidth management policies. These policies make it possible to mirror the business organization into the information system. The policies can then be stored in a directory to be enforced throughout the organization as required.

Solaris Bandwidth Manager allows monitoring of network traffic, receiving detailed network traffic statistics and collecting of accounting information to feed to the organization's billing system. SBM is customizable and extensible; it provides Java and C programming APIs, which simplifies customization and makes possible the integration of SBM with other applications.

Key features and benefits include:

- Monitoring and allocation of IP traffic priorities and bandwidth
- Directory-enabled
- Policy-based management
- Granular usage reporting

### **Auto Diagnosis and Recovery Features**

Auto Diagnosis and Recovery provides new levels of reliability, availability, and serviceability for the Sun Fire 15K/12K servers to help customers minimize both planned and unplanned downtime and significantly reduce business interruptions through faster time to service.

Auto Diagnosis with Messaging: Auto Diagnosis detects the first instance of an error and records the Component Health Status (CHS) of the faulty or suspect components. Auto Diagnosis provides easy-to-understand error reports that identify faulty or suspect components to a single-Field Replaceable (FRU) or multi-FRUs. The server's Power On Self Test (POST) then uses the CHS information to deconfigure the faulty component out of the system. Diagnostic information is reported through the platform and domain console event message or the loghost output.

Component Health Status: Deconfigures faulty components (CPU/memory boards, CPUs, L2\_SRAM modules, DIMMs, I/O boards, Expander boards, Maxcat CPU board) after a hard failure. CHS identifies ("blacklists") faulty components due to a fault or suspected fault. The reconfigured system is automatically rebooted. The fault is isolated from the new configuration, significantly reducing the chances of a similar failure.

CHS and diagnostic information are persistently stored on a component, which prevents the reoccurrence of a fault and improves the availability characteristic of Sun Fire 15K/12K servers. As the diagnosis information is contained inside the component, service and repair of these systems becomes faster and more efficient. Valuable service information is collected and reported to help Sun detect hardware errors and improve product quality.

Auto Restoration: Working in conjunction with the Auto Diagnosis engine and Component Health Status, Auto Restoration automatically restores the system with the fault isolated in the event of a fatal error as a result of a faulty component. If a FRU or component is disabled because of its CHS, immediate replacement is not necessary because the domain is restored with the fault isolated.

Email event notification: Automatically generates an email notice informing designated recipients of domain events when they occur. You can receive immediate notice of critical events, without manually monitoring the domain message logs.

Solaris OE Enhancements: Kernel Updates for Solaris 8 OE and Solaris 9 OE on UltraSPARC III systems enhance the correctable error (CE) DIMM and L2\_SRAM module handling. Multiple Correctable Errors on accessing a DIMM or L2\_SRAM module indicate a higher probability of experiencing an uncorrectable error (UE). To prevent a fatal UE, memory pages are retired and CPUs are automatically off-lined. The availability of domain increases, because the Solaris OE does not access pages or L2\_SRAM modules that have an increased failure probability. The CPU offlining feature detects potential CPU cache failures and offlines affected CPUs, keeping systems up and applications available. Solaris in the Domain sends a message to the system controller (SC) and L2\_SRAM modules diagnosed by the Solaris OE will be persistently stored in the Component Health Status (CHS).

# CHAPTER 9 Capacity on Demand

#### **COD 2.0**

The Capacity on Demand option is for Sun Fire 12K/15K servers. COD 2.0 provides rapid access to extra capacity for unpredictable peaks in demand. There is no limit on adding COD Uniboards within the configuration guidelines of the server. The maximum number of instant access resources available on Sun Fire 12K/15K servers is eight CPUs.

With COD 2.0, F12K/15K servers can be configured with any number of COD CPU resources depending on customer requirements. When the COD CPUs are needed, customers activate CPUs installed in a Sun Fire 12K/15K server by purchasing additional right (RTU) licenses. This gives customers rapid access to additional capacity so that they can more quickly respond to sudden increases in demand. With COD, customers have systems that accommodate growth, but only pay for the capacity they use, better matching capital outlays to resource utilization. The COD 2.0 option helps enable customers to configure new or existing Sun Fire systems with additional "capacity on demand" processor and memory resources at lower up-front costs.

The Capacity on Demand (COD) option provides additional processing resources that you pay for when you use them. Through the COD option, you purchase and install unlicensed COD CPU/Memory boards in your system. Each COD CPU/Memory board contains four CPUs, which are considered as available processing resources. However, you do not have the right to use these COD CPUs until you also purchase the right-to-use (RTU) licenses for them. The purchase of a COD RTU license entitles you to receive a license key, which helps enable the appropriate number of COD processors. The COD 2.0 software that is included in all Sun Fire server systems self-monitors the COD resources and virtually eliminates the need for the customer to provide system usage reports or system monitoring. The COD 2.0 software for the Sun Fire 12K/15K is SMS version 1.3 and above. The SMS 1.3 software was made available on February 18th, 2003.

The Sun Fire COD uniboards include three different configured options - The first COD uniboard option contains 4 unlicensed COD CPUs running at 1050MHz; 4x8MB Ecache;8 banks of 2GB memory options (16GB total for the board). The second COD uniboard contains 4 unlicensed COD CPUs running at 1.2 GHz; 4x8MB Ecache;8 banks of 2GB memory options (16GB total for the board). The third COD uniboard contains 4 unlicensed COD CPUs running at 1.2 Ghz; 8 banks of 4GB memory options (32 x 1GB DIMMs, 32GB total for the board). Also, x-option COD uniboards are also available with 1050MHz and 1.2 GHz processors. One Sun Fire COD 2.0 RTU is required for each COD CPU to be activated.

Sun Fire Capacity on Demand customers will be required to abide by specific legal terms and conditions, which can be found on the Terms and Conditions addendum. A copy of the contract addendum can be found off the following web link (select COD 2.0): http://sunlegal.central/Legal/GlobalAccts/ContractsPUBLIC.html

Because the memory is directly controlled by the CPU, the physical memory banks associated with a particular CPU will be disabled if that CPU is disabled. It is possible to have a single CPU/Memory board with a combination of enabled/disabled CPUs. Only the memory associated

JUST THE FACTS

with the enabled CPUs would be accessible. If a customer experiences a CPU failure on a COD system they can use a COD CPU as a hot spare as long as the total number of active CPUs in the system are licensed. You can purchase COD RTU licenses at any time from your Sun sales representative or reseller. You can obtain a license key (for the COD resources purchased) from the Sun License Center.

The COD 1.0 option is offered on the Sun Enterprise 10000 server. The Sun Enterprise 10000 server does not support COD 2.0. The COD 2.0 option is supported on the Sun Fire 12K/15K, and the Sun Fire 3800-6800 servers.

The Service Maintenance contract is structured so that you pay only 20% for the COD board, and an additional 20% for each licensed CPU on the COD board.

Sun hopes to offer the COD 2.0 uniboards at each new iteration of CPU/Memory uniboard speeds going forward in the future for Sun Fire 12K/15K, and Sun Fire 4800-6800 servers.

# CHAPTER 10 Services and Support

Sun's extensive service portfolio of Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K and 15K service solutions is the "how to" for safely delivering the RAS (Reliability, Availability and Serviceability) features of the Sun Fire 12K or 15K server into the customer's mission critical environment. Based on field-proven methodologies, best practices, and experience implementing thousands of Sun Enterprise<sup>™</sup> 10000 servers into data centers worldwide, Sun's approach is to develop a solution that can help customers maintain continuous operations with their Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems.

Sun's experts help customers combine the right people, products, and processes at every stage of the Sun Fire 12K or 15K solution implementation.

The Integrated Services Portfolio includes:

- Professional consulting expertise to help customers architect, design and deploy a solution that can securely handle accelerated growth with high performance and availability.
- Learning solutions that help provide the customer's staff with the skills to assess, architect, build and manage scalable data centers through a curriculum designed specifically for their requirements.
- Comprehensive, flexible support services developed to address the unique needs of the data center and to complement the customer's business model and operational support strategy.

#### Key Customer Benefits:

- Faster time-to-market
- · Maximized return on investment
- · Maximized system uptime

#### **Sun Professional Services**

Implementing the Sun Fire 12K/15K system requires planning and attention to the customer's entire IT environment. Sun Professional Services understands the issues that may arise. By looking at areas throughout the customer's data center that may affect the Sun Fire 12K/15K server implementation, Sun consultants can help to reduce the risk of system outages and prepare the server for future availability and scalability requirements. The following are the specific services offered from Sun Professional Services to assist with the proper implementation of the Sun Fire 12K/15K server.

- Application Readiness Service for Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K or 15K
- Data Center Readiness Service Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K and 15K

### Application Readiness Service for Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K or 15K

Sun's Application Readiness Service (ARS) for Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K or 15K is a critical foundation service, providing essential project management and other services necessary to design, configure, implement, and test the Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K or 15K Server to the point of application

loading. The paramount objective of ARS is to maximize availability. This service builds on the Enterprise Installation Services for the Sun Fire™ 12K or 15K by addressing availability, Solaris security and data storage configuration. All are paramount to ensuring a successful integrated implementation for a mission critical environment.

#### ARS activities and deliverables

#### **Activities include:**

- ◆ Project Management— including management of Server Start Installation Service
- Architecture Planning— Platform design consulting, implementation, and testing to ensure:
  - > High Availability: Dynamic Reconfiguration (DR), network and storage multi-pathing
  - > Recoverability: Boot disk recovery procedures
- ◆ **Application Readiness** Application review; patches for a core application set
- Solaris Security— Hardening of system controllers and domains, user policies, and accesscontrol lists
- Storage Consulting— Application data design, including RAID consulting, file system layout, configuration, and testing of up to 1TB external storage

#### **Deliverables include:**

- ◆ Project schedule
- Build Specification Document
- ◆ Test Procedure Plan
- HTML-based Runbook

#### **ARS Benefits**

- SunPS Project Management coordinates all activities and provides a single point of contact from "kick-off" to "sign-off"
- Implements and integrates the system right, the first time
- Faster time-to-production for new Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K or 15K Server
- Customizes Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K or 15K configuration and implementation to meet your business needs
- Optimizes availability to meet mission critical demands
- Secures the server platform to reduce vulnerability to attacks
- Implements Sun best practices in security and availability
- Reduces risk and probability of future outages by leveraging Sun's experience
- Limits the need to develop Sun Fire-specific technical skills in-house

Frees up technical resources so you can focus on higher priority business needs

#### Data Center Readiness (DCRS) for Sun Fire 12K or 15K

For a more complete integration into a business-critical data center environment, we highly recommend that you utilize the Data Center Readiness Service for the Sun Fire 12K or 15K server. The DCRS builds extensively upon the ARS. It fully leverages SunPS best practices and data center implementation experience. The DCRS really *turns the spotlight* on data center operations and practices, showing the way for a sustainable mission critical environment. The service offers a set of core modules— essential services that address platform, application, and operations-management topics impacting availability. You may also choose from seven additional operations and best practices modules that address data center operations, availability, security, and system and management. DCRS is available from SunPS as a custom time and material offering. Please contact your local Sun representative.

DCRS provides the following services above and beyond ARS for Sun Fire 12K/15K:

#### CORE SERVICES

#### Application/Platform Consulting:

- Planning and/or testing assistance on applications such as Oracle, SAP, PeopleSoft.
- Advanced Features Platform Consulting (not included in ARS) such as Inter-Domain Networking (IDN) when and if available, NFS, fssnap, Solaris iChange Deployment Engine. iChange provides the power to perform software updates while servers continue to run, avoiding interruptions to your software services.

#### **Operations Management Workshop.**

Sun Blue print topics included:

- Disaster Recovery,
- Change Management.
- System Performance Management,
- Datacenter Naming schemes,
- Production Environment

#### **Runbook Customization**

- 5 customized procedures,
- Incorporate build specification and test procedure plan,
- Resource information

### CUSTOMER SELECTABLE SERVICE MODULES (up to 3 from 7 modules)

#### **Data Center Operation Modules**

• **i-Status Monitoring Tool**: This service installs a dynamic web/query-based monitoring tool to display hardware and software configurations

**Deliverable**: Installed monitoring tool incorporated into Runbook

JumpStart Consulting: This service designs, implements and tests a customized JumpStart

server with core applications and patches.

Deliverable: Customized Jumpstart server.

 Backup & Recovery Assessment: This service develops and documents an architecture for an existing NetBackup or Solstice environment.

**Deliverable**: Backup / Restore Architecture Report

• Storage Consulting: This service designs, configures, tests & documents up to 10 TB of external storage; it will also include RAID (Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks) consulting.

Deliverable: Storage Design

#### Availability Module

This service includes comprehensive configuration and testing of DR and CADR (automatic DR) features of the Sun Fire 12K or 15K.

Deliverable: DR design spec and test procedures

#### Security Module

The Security Hardening Service will harden a Sun Fire 12K or 15K domain and include application security considerations for that domain

**Deliverable**: Build specification and test & verification

#### Systems & Management Module

This service will configure, implement & test the Sun Management Center (SunMC) network management software.

**Deliverable:** SunMC implementation report with patches, events & alarms

(Note: ARS for the Sun Fire 12K or 15K server is the prerequisite service for DCRS.

#### **DCRS** benefits

- Customizable service options meet your unique data center needs
- Comprehensive DR testing increases system availability
- Establishes Sun best-practices and proven data center procedures, including backup and recovery, which mitigates the risk of business outages
- Empowers the IT staff to sustain a mission critical environment
- Leverages Sun security expertise to assess and reduce unauthorized access and system vulnerabilities
- Deploys dynamic, web-based tools to proactively monitor, manage, and maintain the ideal platform configuration for your environment
- Streamlines data center operations while establishing consistent installation standards and reducing IT management costs
- Leverages Sun's expertise to design and run a business-critical data center

Additional information regarding Sun Professional Services can be found at: http://sunps.Central

#### **Sun Educational Services**

Sun offers Sun Fire™ Server, Solaris™ Operating Environment, Security and Systems Management Learning Paths for customers who want to learn more about the Sun Fire 12K or 15K server hardware and software environment. Sun's Education Consulting Services help companies change the way learning takes place in the corporation by creating custom training solutions that allow people to develop the right skills at the right time.

Who can benefit? Senior system administrators; operations managers; data processing planners; and those individuals responsible for installing, configuring, upgrading, and supporting the Sun Fire 12K or 15K server can benefit from these learning solutions.

#### **Sun Partner Certification and Training**

Web-based training on Sun solutions is available to Sun Channel Partners worldwide at the Sun Product Training Portal.

To access the Sun Product Training from the iForce for Partner Portal:

- 1. Log into http://mysun.sun.com
- 2. Click on Web Based Training in the Partner Competency section.

Note: Partners that don't have a My Sun Username, may register at https://pwregister.sun.com

After logging in, you can find a complete list of updates with links to the web-based training by clicking "What's New" in the menu on the left or the View All button in the "What's New" section on the main Sun Product Training Portal screen.

Note: New users should complete the "new account" registration page. Members of the new product training alias (NPT\_Alias@central) are regularly notified of Sun product updates on the Training Portal. Channel Partners can join the alias by sending an email request to NPT\_Alias\_Signup@sun.com.

#### **Sun Internal Training**

Web-based training on Sun solutions is available to the GSO Field Force and support personnel worldwide at the Sun Product Training Portal.

To access the Sun Product Training, go to http://mysales.central.sun.com/training

Log into the Sun Product Training portal and go to the "What's New" section to find a complete list of updates with links to the web-based training.

Note: New users should complete the "new account" registration page. Members of the new product training alias (NPT\_Alias@central) are regularly notified of Sun product updates on the Training Portal. To join the alias, Sun employees can subscribe via NetAdmin.

**ES-421:** Sun Fire 12K/15K Server Administration: This five (5) day hands-on course, provides the essential information for administering the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers.

The following key areas are discussed:

- Installing and configuring the Sun Fire 12K/15K system software
- Booting the Sun Fire 12K/15K system
- Monitoring and controlling the Sun Fire 12K/5K server
- Configuring the Sun Fire 12K/15K network environment
- Configuring and using Sun Fire 12K/15K system domains
- Understanding the operation and control mechanisms of the Sun Fire 12K/15K system
- Performing Sun Fire 12K/15K dynamic reconfiguration
- Managing Sun Fire 12K/15K system resources using automated dynamic reconfiguration
- Installing and configuring alternate pathing
- · Planning and configuring inter-domain networks when and if available.

#### Solaris<sup>™</sup> Operating Environment Learning Path

Understanding the Solaris 8 Operating Environment is a prerequisite to understanding and harnessing the full power of the Sun Fire 15K server. Sun offers flexible training options ranging from individual courses to certifications. Successful completion of the Sun Fire 12K/15K Administration courseware and certification requires successful completion of the Solaris courseware listed below.

- Fundamentals of Solaris for Systems Administrators
- Solaris System Administration I
- · Solaris System Administration II
- · Solaris TCP/IP Network Administration
- Solaris System Performance Management

#### **Security Learning Path**

To ensure the data stored on the Sun Fire 12K/15K server is implemented and maintained in a secure environment, Sun training can help enterprises understand how to develop and implement solid security strategies to help protect their critical data. Sun's security courses listed below teach corporations how to deploy and manage Sun security products for maximum protection of the massive amounts of corporate data which will reside on their Sun Fire 12K or 15K system.

- Administering Security on Solaris
- Network Security Using SunScreen™ 3.1
- Securing Network Environments
- Trusted Solaris 2.X System Administration
- Developing Secure Commerce Applications

#### Systems Management using Sun™ Management Center

Systems Management using Sun™ Management Center is a prerequisite course to the Sun Fire 12K/15K Server Administration courseware. This course is designed to help customers realize the full benefits of their Sun Fire 12K or 15K system and prepare for the effective and successful use of Sun Management Center 3.0.

#### **Education Consulting Services**

Sun's Education Consulting Services will develop custom training solutions to enable customers to achieve rapid and efficient integration of their new Sun Fire 15K system into their IT environment. By working with companies on IT organization design, resourcing, and skills development Sun's Education consultants help companies ensure their people have the right skills at the right time to ensure a smooth Sun Fire 15K system integration. Sun helps companies select, retain, and retrain staff to maximize return on IT investments, and reduce total cost of ownership.

#### Sun Fire Server Skills Package

Sun Educational Services Sun Fire Server Skills Package provides the tool necessary to easily integrate training into the hardware sale. The Sun Fire Server Skills Package is a prepackaged training solution which contains the recommended courseware that will deliver the skills needed to optimize Sun Fire 12K or 15K servers in the computing environment. Once a skills package order is received an education manager will contact the customer to develop a tailored training program. Please contact a local Sun Education representative for details on availability and pricing of these learning solutions. Additional information can be found at http://education.central

#### **Sun Support Services**

Managing a Sun Fire 12K or 15K system requires obtaining the right level of support to help customers improve operational efficiency and increase business and mission-critical system reliability. Sun Support Services offers proactive support, monitoring and sustaining services to help manage the customer's system availability uptime.

### **SunSpectrum<sup>SM</sup> Support Programs**

|   | PLATINUM            | GOLD                 | SILVER           | BRONZE          |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|
|   | MISSION<br>Critical | BUSINESS<br>Critical | BASIC<br>Support | SELF<br>SUPPORT |
| Mission-critical account team               |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| Availability quarantee                      |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| Patch & FCO management assistance           |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| Software release planning                   |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| Skills assess.& personalized training plans |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| Account support reviews                     | Monthly             | Semi-annual          |                  |                 |
| Service account manager                     |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| Remote system monitoring                    |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| SunVIP <sup>SM</sup> Program                |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| On-site hw service coverage                 | 7x24                | 8-8, M-F*            | 8–5, M-F         |                 |
| On-site hw service response                 | 2 hours*            | 4 hours*             | 4 hours•         |                 |
| Customer-defined priority                   |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| Parts replacement                           | On-site             | On-site              | On-site          | By courier      |
| Telephone support coverage                  | 7x24                | 7x24                 | 8-8, M-F*        | 8-5, M-F*       |
| Telephone support response                  | Live trans-P1       | Live trans-P2        | Live trans-P3    | 4 hours         |
| Remote dial-in analysis                     |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| SunSolve™ knowledgebase                     |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| Software patches                            |                     |                      |                  |                 |
| Software upgrades                           |                     |                      |                  |                 |
|   |                     |                      |                  |                 |

Features shown are representative of service delivered in the United States.

Program features are subject to local availability. Consult a Sun sales representative for additional information.

The SunSpectrum<sup>SM</sup> Support Program is a flexible service that allows customers to choose a service level based on their specific needs. Levels of service range from mission-critical support for maximum solution availability to backup assistance for self-support customers. The SunSpectrum program provides a simple pricing structure in which a single fee covers support for an entire system, including: related hardware, certain Sun-supported peripherals, the Solaris Operating Environment, and Sun-supported software. The majority of Sun's customers today take advantage of the SunSpectrum program, underscoring the excellent value that it represents. Customers should check with their local Sun Services representative for program feature availability in their areas.

**Note:** On-site hardware service response times are average response times for calls the customer defines as urgent.

<sup>·</sup>You can, as an option, extend coverage hours and/or expedite response times.

#### Sun RAS Profile Service

Sun RAS (Reliability, Availability, Serviceability) Profile is designed to identify areas, based on best practices and industry standards, where the customers can improve the operational efficiency and increase the mission critical reliability of their Sun system.

The Sun RAS Profile process involves comprehensive system assessment which leverages from both Sun's unique knowledge bank of product configuration data and the expertise of Sun's senior engineers. Sun experts drill deeply into the configuration issues, as well as the potential operational and environmental issues, that can affect the reliability, availability, and serviceability of the customers' Sun system.

#### RAS Profile Service includes:

- A comprehensive analysis
- Detailed recommendations
- A professional account team to help customers prioritize and develop a related action plan
- Periodic configuration reports and continuous action plan management are provided to help customers proactively manage their systems through out the year

RAS Profile is available as an optional uplift to SunSpectum Platinum and SunSpectrum Gold.

### **Warranty Offering**

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K server warranty offering includes an increased service level of (7 x 24). This is a significant enhancement over the current Sun Enterprise<sup>TM</sup> 10000 system service level of (5 x 12).

Sun Fire 12K and 15K server warranty offer is for one (1) year with the following features:

- 7 x 24 x 365 hardware on-site support (include holidays)
- 4 hour average hardware response time
- 7 x 24 x 365 telephone support (including holidays)
- Customer Defined Priority for telephone support
- · On-site parts replacement
- Replacement of
  - 1) defective media,
  - 2)missing or unusable documentation or
  - 3)software license certificates for 90 days

#### **Installation Services**

The Enterprise Installation Services methodology combines a unique set of deliverables, documentation, checklists and specialized tools in a way that applies discipline to the technical and complex tasks associated with system installations.

#### Sun Fire 12K and 15K Installation Services

- Site Audit (on-site)
  - Review environment and installation needs prior to the development of the System Installation Specification
- Installation Planning (on-site)
- System Installation Specification
  - Installation of up to 18 boots devices (may be mirrored) on the Sun Fire 15K, 9 boot devices on the Sun Fire 12K
- Statement of Installation
  - Customer sign off to begin installation
- Installation and Customization of Sun Hardware and Software
  - Install and setup of Solaris and boot devices per Domain
  - Install Sun Product required software package
  - Install all required patches according to the EIS-CD
  - Basic Configuration
    - NIS, DNS, NTP, Mail (client only)
    - Basic Network Setup
- Installation Verification
  - Run all required tests according to previously defined acceptance criteria
- System Turnover
  - Installation review and Customer sign off
  - Provide system reference documentation detailing the installation

Sun Fire 12K and 15K product purchase includes local business hour installation services. For the Sun Fire 15K, installation includes up to eighteen (18) domains and boot devices, as well as racks of storage devices required for a simple boot. For Sun Fire 12K, installation includes up to nine (9) domains and boot devices, as well as racks of storage devices required for a simple boot. The boot device may be one (1) device, or two (2), if mirrored. Installation services for Sun Fire 12K and 15K do not cover the installation costs for any Sun StorEdge (TM) T3 Array or Sun StorEdge 9800/9700 units, even if they are used as a boot device and must be purchased separately.

#### Sun HPC ClusterTools Software Installation Services:

- Site Audit (via telephone)
  - · Review environment and installation needs prior to install
- Installation Planning (via telephone)
- System Installation Specification
- · Statement of Installation

JUST THE FACTS

· Customer sign off to begin installation

- Installation and Customization of Sun Hardware and Software
  - · Install and verify functionality of Sun provided cluster interconnects
  - Install Sun HPC ClusterTools software and related patches
  - · Install all required licenses
  - Configure and start HPC ClusterTools software
  - Add additional nodes (limited to 8)
- Installation Verification
  - · confirm system and software functionality
- System Turnover
  - · Installation review and Customer sign off
  - · Provide system reference documentation

The Sun HPC installation services provide Sun Fire 12K and 15K customers with Sun HPC ClusterTools Software basic setup and configuration at no cost when installed during local business hours.

### System Availability Agreement (SAA)

The Sun™ Systems Availability program supports a range of high availability percentages on specific Sun Enterprise 10000, Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K server configurations. Simply defined, the System Availability Agreement is a legal document specifying terms and conditions and each party's commitments to maintaining a target percentage of systems level availability.

Should the Sun systems covered under the SAA fail to meet the target availability percentage during the coverage period, Sun may credit the customer a percentage of its Sun Spectrum Platinum fees for support of the system, provided that the customer is in full compliance with the SAA program contract terms and conditions. More than a contract, the SAA symbolizes a cooperative relationship between Sun and your customer's organization focused on achieving a customers specific availability goals and represents both the customers company and Sun's commitment to reduce risk and protect investments by obtaining consistent levels of uptime.

#### Sun™ Remote Services

Sun Remote Services (SRS) Event Monitoring enhances the Sun Fire 12K and 15K's Warranty and the SunSpectrum  $\operatorname{Gold^{SM}}$  or SunSpectrum Platinum<sup>SM</sup> support coverage by addressing the customer's mission-critical system monitoring needs. SRS Event Monitoring provides customers with 7 x 24 support coverage to help proactively manage event detection and problem resolution within their Sun IT environment. Initial customer infrastructure site setup to use SRS is available for a separate charge. Monthly telco connection charges for using SRS monitoring are the responsibility of the customer. Through proactive notification of potential system problems, a

resolution can be identified and implemented to help prevent downtime. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K server's hardware redundancy capabilities combined with Sun's proactive event monitoring service helps customers obtain the highest possible system availability.

Additional information for Sun Support Services can be found at: <a href="http://service.central/Lines">http://service.central/Lines</a> of Business/Support Services/index.html

#### **Services Facts**

- Sun is the #1 UNIX® platform integrator in the world (IDC, 2001)
- Sun Services supports over 1.8 million systems around the world
- 100% focus on Sun technology and best-of-breed partnerships
- 4,000+ Sun Enterprise Server 10000 servers supported in 63 countries
- Sun Services is one of the top 10 UNIX training providers
- 250,000 students trained annually

For more information on Sun Services service offerings, please visit our website at <a href="http://service.central">http://service.central</a> or at <a href="http://www.sun.com/service">http://service.central</a> or at <a href="http://www.sun.com/service">http://www.sun.com/service</a>

# CHAPTER 11 Sun Fire Fire Link for the 12K/15K

### **Highlights**

NOTE: For complete information on the Sun Fire Link product please read the Sun Fire Link Just the facts document, Sun Win Token# 360070

### **Positioning**

**The Sun Fire**<sup>tm</sup> Link product is Sun's highest performing cluster interconnect. It is available on the Sun Fire 6800 and Sun Fire 12K/15K servers and is supported by Sun<sup>tm</sup> Cluster and Sun HPC ClusterTools<sup>tm</sup>. Sun Fire Link therefore serves both our commercial cluster market and our high performance technical computing market. The high data rate and low latency of Sun Fire Link should improve the performance of cluster applications.

Sun Fire Link can also be used as a high performance pipe between two Sun Fire servers for file transfers using TCP/IP.

#### **Product Family Placement**

Clustering of servers requires three components

A cluster-aware operating system. This is the Solaris<sup>tm</sup> Operating System.

Clustering software as the interface between Solaris and our customer's application. Customers have a choice here depending on the nature of the application: Sun Cluster or HPC ClusterTools.

An interconnect between the servers for heartbeat messages, data and application coordination information.

We offer our customers a choice of cluster interconnects at various performance levels and price points as shown in the following table. The goal is to match the performance of the interconnect to the requirements of the customer's application.

| Туре                               | Usage                | Max # Nodes | Data rate per link (hardware) | Latency<br>(software)<br>Microseconds | Price  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Sun Fire Link                      | Sun Cluster<br>& HPC | 8           | 1200MBps                      | <4                                    | \$\$\$ |
| SCI                                | Sun Cluster          | 4           | 200MBps                       | <10                                   | \$\$   |
| Myrinet<br>(3 <sup>rd</sup> party) | HPC                  | 16          | 140 Mbps                      | 16                                    | \$     |
| Gigabit<br>Ethernet                | Sun Cluster & HPC    | Large       | 100 Mbps                      | 100                                   | \$     |

### **Key Messages**

Sun can supply our customers with a choice of cluster interconnects. Sun Fire Link is the highest performing interconnect based on its high data rate and low latency.

Sun Fire Link is available for the Sun Fire 6800 and Sun Fire 12K/15K servers. Up to eight of these servers may be clustered in any mix.

For commercial applications, Sun Fire Link is supported by Sun Cluster software. For technical

applications, customers can use Sun Fire Link with Sun's HPC ClusterTools software.

#### **Availability**

The delivery dates for Sun Fire Link are platform dependent.

For the Sun Fire 12K/15K, RR is expected to be June 2003 with GA in July 2003.

At RR the software and documentation is expected to be localized but Operations will not have reached volume production. In the Sun Cluster environment, Sun Fire Link will be selected by customers interested in exploiting the SunPlex<sup>tm</sup> platform benefits of Sun Cluster 3.0 – i.e., scaling the cluster horizontally. For HPC and technical computing, Sun Fire Link should allow clustered applications to scale better compared to the use of a slower speed interconnect.

#### **Target Users**

In the Sun Cluster environment, Sun Fire Link will be selected by customers interested in exploiting the SunPlex<sup>tm</sup> platform benefits of Sun Cluster 3.0 – i.e., scaling the cluster horizontally.

For HPC and technical computing, Sun Fire Link should allow clustered applications to scale better compared to the use of a slower speed interconnect.

#### **Target Markets**

Sun Fire Link is not industry specific. It is a horizontal product that will be used across all industries.

### **Selling Highlights**

#### **Market Value Proposition**

Sun Fire Link provides our customers with a high performance, fault resilient cluster interconnect that should allow many clustered applications to run faster.

#### **Applications**

The middleware applications for Sun Fire Link are Sun Cluster 3.0 (update 3, the 5/02 release, onwards) and HPC ClusterTools 4.0 (onwards). In the commercial clustering space, the primary higher level application is Oracle<sup>R</sup>. For HPC clustering, any technical application that supports MPI (Message Passing Interface - an industry standard for HPC) can run in a cluster that uses Sun Fire Link as the interconnect.

#### Compatibility

Sun Fire Link is qualified to run on Sun Fire 6800 and 12K/15K servers.

# **Enabling Technology** Technology Overview

Sun Fire Link is a cluster interconnect. Its high data rate and low latency is designed to allow clusters of Sun Fire servers to perform better. Key technology factors are:

- Remote Shared Memory (RSM) software technology. This speeds up cluster transactions by by-passing the traditional Solaris OS TCP/IP communications protocol overhead. Our customers can take advantage of RSM by using the applications programming interface (API) that we have published.
- The optical connections. Information is passed between servers over optical links that carry 12 bits in parallel at Gigabit data rates. This required the development of an optical ASIC that can simultaneously convert 12 optical channels to electrical signals, and vice-versa. The Sun

- Fire Link optical technology is far superior to Fiber Channel used for storage as the latter has a single optical channel.
- The Sun Fire Link ASIC. This is a high speed complex networking chip that implements the cluster protocols. There is also a derivative chip, the Sun Fire Link switch ASIC, that allows us to build an efficiently packaged high speed switch.

# CHAPTER 11 Sun Fire 12K/15K Configurations

### 11.1.0 Configuration Overview

The purpose of this section is to provide Sun Fire<sup>™</sup> 12K and 15K detailed configuration information for technical field operations personnel who will configure systems for customers, and to help System Engineers in sales efforts involved with Sun's UltraSPARC III Cu high end Enterprise and HPC Servers. Some items in this section elaborate on items in previous sections of this document.

This section only contains product details related to the Sun Fire 15K at the time of this writing. While there are important product initiatives and product issues that are in process, the scope of this document does not include configuration specifics regarding future product enhancements to the Sun Fire 12K/15K.

Please note the information contained in this document is subject to change or cancellation without prior notice. Every effort will be made to maintain accuracy within the document as the product continues to evolve.

Complete and up to date configuration information can be found at the following web sites.

For the Sun Fire 15K:

http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html

For the Sun Fire 12K:

http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire12k/configuration.html

Additional information can also be found at: <a href="http://sales-desk.west/F15K/index.html">http://sales-desk.west/F15K/index.html</a>

The following websites list the currently available documents from Sun on the Sun Fire 15K server.

http://docs.sun.com/query.html?Ab2Lang=C&Ab2Enc=iso-8859-1&qt=15K&dc=titl

And this website will list the currently available Sun Fire 12K documents: <a href="http://docs.sun.com/query.html?Ab2Lang=C&Ab2Enc=iso-8859-1&qt=12K&dc=titl">http://docs.sun.com/query.html?Ab2Lang=C&Ab2Enc=iso-8859-1&qt=12K&dc=titl</a>

The following link will show the currently available documents covering the Systems Management Services Software which resides on the two System Controllers in the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers.

http://docs.sun.com/query.html?Ab2Lang=C&Ab2Enc=iso-8859-1&qt=SMS&dc=titl

#### 11.2.0 Sun Fire™ 12K and 15K Hardware

#### 11.2.1 Processor Cabinet

The Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15K cabinet is a newly designed enclosure 75.5" tall, 33.3" wide, and 66.2" deep. A centerplane including the Fireplane Interconnect is at the heart of the cabinet and system components connect to it from both front and back. System components are accessible from the front and back, and the layout is identical for both. A centerplane system separates both sides. Each side has equal access to all components on the 15K, and are split evenly between the front and back sides. On the 12K rear component access is not available for CPU/Memory boards, hsPCI assemblies and MaxCPU boards. The cabinet holds the following components starting from the top to bottom:

- •Top Cap Frame Manager
- •Eight fan trays with 7 fans each.
- •Up to 18 System Boardsets on the 15K, 9 on the 12K; and 2 System Controller Boardsets. (The System Controllers are located on the far right both in front and far right in back.)
- •Plenum chamber allowing additional air flow from the front and back.
- •Circuit breaker panel (16 switches per side)
- •6 dual-input AC to 48-volt DC Power Supplies

A picture of the front of a prerelease Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15K is shown below. Note: The nine top Slot-0 segments per side (located above) can contain the larger CPU/Memory Boards (Uniboards), and the Bottom Slot-1 segments (located below), can contain hsPCI I/O Assemblies or MaxCPU boards. This image depicts filler plates in the Slot-1 locations. The rear view image is nearly identical to the front for both the Sun Fire 12K and 15K.



#### 11.2.2 Environmental Components

#### 11.2.2.1 AC Power Supplies

Each 12K and 15K base system have 6 Hot Swap AC Power Supplies. The power system supports a dual power grid arrangement on the 15K and 12K and can also be configured for Triple Grid redundancy on the 12K. Since the 12K is upgradable to the Sun Fire 15K doing Triple Grid redundancy is not recommended for any system that may be upgraded to a 15K. The six Power Supplies provide for 100% redundancy, and come in a N+1 arrangement, therefore five power supplies can supply the necessary power for the entire machine. For machines that have less than a full complement of boards, not all power supplies are required to be powered on. Complete power requirements can be found in the Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15K Site planning guide (Document #: 806-3510-05). A spreadsheet that you can use to determine the number of power cords required to support a given configuration can be downloaded from the following website: <a href="http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html">http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html</a>

Each AC Power Supply consists of two equal halves and is fully redundant by itself. The power supply is designed to accept two AC input receptacles, and provide two sets of 48 Volt DC outputs. Even with the failure of one half of the power supply, the other half supplies the necessary power. Each AC input has its own circuit breaker switch. This allows the system to be able to provide dual grid power configurations to those customers interested in this high availability functionality.

#### 11.2.2.2 48 volt DC Circuit Breakers

There are 32 DC circuit breakers, 16 switches per side, which provide the following functionality:

- •18 switches, one for each Boardset, or potential board set.
- 2 switches for both System Controller Boards
- •2 switches for both System Controller Peripheral Boards
- •2 switches for both Centerplane Support Boards
- •8 switches, one for each Fan Tray

These switches should remain in the ON position at all times.

#### 11.2.2.3 Fan trays

Redundant fans reside in trays above and below the Boardsets, and are designed in a push/pull air flow configuration. The fan trays include 12 fans each which provide Nx2 fan redundancy. Therefore only six fans are needed to supply the necessary air flow that each fan tray needs to

provide. In addition the fan trays work as push-pull partners so that if the top or bottom fan tray is removed, the other fan tray can provide all the cooling required for the machine. This redundant redundancy of the fans and the fan trays shows just how far Sun is willing to go to create high RAS servers.

Air flow rises thru the chassis from bottom to top. The air plenum provides additional cooling air above the power supplies.

#### 11.2.2.4 AC Power Cords / Air Filters

Each AC Power Supply has two input connections for AC Power, for a total of 12 AC input connections per cabinet. AC Power Cords that are ordered depend on the Geographic location that the machine will be install into. Two types of power cords are used on the 12K and the 15K. 6 of the power cords have the cord pointing downwards at the point that the plug attaches to the power supply, and 6 of the power cords have the cord pointing upwards. This arrangement allows for the Fan Filters, that are located below the power supplies to be changed. Check the Site Planning and Installation Guidelines for information on the requirements of installing the AC Power Cords and for the changing of Air Filters. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K can have their Air Filters changed without requiring the Sun Fire 12K or 15K to be powered down.

#### 11.2.3 Sun<sup>™</sup> Fireplane Interconnect and other Centerplanes

The Centerplane has six sections. Starting from the top:

- •two Fan Centerplanes above.
- •the largest section, the Logic centerplane (Fireplane) provides the interconnect for all data and address paths.
- •the Power Centerplane.
- •two Fan Centerplanes below.

The Logic Centerplane, or Fireplane, implements three Global 18x18 crossbar switches - one for Address, Response, and Data respectively. This interconnect uses Scalable Shared Memory (SSM), which implements the coherent shared-memory protocol. Special ASICs reside on the Centerplane to route address and data information to and from the individual boardsets described next.

### 11.2.4 Sun Fire™ 12K and 15K Boardset

The Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15K Boardset contains the CPU, Memory, and I/O resources of the host. There can be up to eighteen configured Boardsets in the Sun Fire 15K cabinet, 9 in the Sun Fire 12K cabinet.

The Boardset consists of three different board types, all mounted on a rigid Carrier Plate consisting of the planar metal frame, and a set of cover plates. The Carrier Plate is meant to

remain permanently, and will only be removed when servicing the Expander board or other Centerplane components. The cover plate includes the cover, handles, and handle locks used to facilitate removal of the Slot-0 and Slot-1 boards. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K come with all 18 carrier plates.

A Boardset consists of the Expander board, a Slot-0 Board (CPU/Memory Board), and a Slot-1 Board (hsPCI Assembly or MaxCPU). The Expander board, Slot-0 and Slot-1 Boards are all designed to be removed under hot plug/hot swap conditions. To swap the Expander, the Slot-0 and Slot-1 Boards must be removed first.

#### 11.2.4.1 Expander Board

The Expander board provides a 3x3 crossbar switch to the Fireplane, and completes the Sun Fire™ Interconnect architecture for the Sun Fire 12K/F15K. The Expander board provides a high speed 3 port switch between the Fireplane, a Slot-0 Board, and a Slot-1 Board. The port to the Slot-0 Board allows data transfers of 4.8 GB/sec bi-directionally, and the port to the Slot-1 Board allows for 2.4 GB/sec bi-directionally, the port to the Fireplane allows for data transfers of 4.8 GB/sec bi-directionally.

All Sun Fire 15K systems come with the 18 Expander boards included in the base package. All Sun Fire 12K systems come with 9 Expander boards included in the front of the machine.

#### 11.2.4.2 Top (Slot-0) Boards

#### **CPU/Memory Board (Uniboard)**

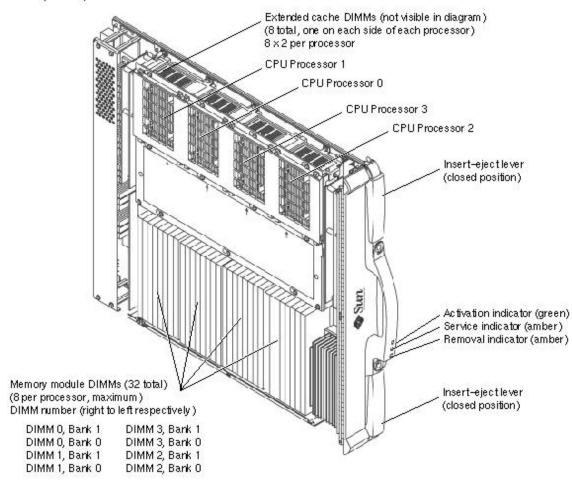
The CPU/Memory Board, which is also called the Uniboard includes two or four processors, each processor is coupled with two external DIMM slots of Level 2 cache. Initial release provides for a total 8 MB of ecache based on static RAM technology. This cache is ECC protected. The CPUs on the board are UltraSPARC III Cu 900MHz, 1.05GHz or 1.2GHz processors. Uniboards with different speed processors may be mixed inside of a domain and each processor will run at its rated speed.

The UltraSPARC III Cu processor has a built in memory controller, and manages access to two physical memory banks. A physical bank may contain 0 DIMMs, or 4 DIMMs, so each processor controls 0, 4, or 8 dynamic RAM DIMMs. With a total of four processors, there are 32 memory slots per CPU/Memory Board, organized as eight physical memory banks. Note: when COD is used only the memory that is controlled by an activated CPU is available for use.

Because each physical memory bank consists of four DIMM slots, each CPU has direct access to eight DIMM slots, or two physical memory banks. There are three DIMM sizes available: 1GB, 512 MB, 256 MB. So each processor has direct access to 0-8GB of RAM. This provides for 0-32 GB of physical memory per CPU/Memory board.

#### **CPU/Memory Board (Uniboard)**





#### 11.2.4.3 Bottom (Slot-1) Boards

There are two Slot-1 Boards: the hsPCI Assembly (for use with PCI boards) and the MaxCPU Board (a dual CPU board). All Slot-1 Boards have the necessary control logic to interface to one port of the expander crossbar switch at a maximum data transfer rate of 2.4 GB/s.

#### 11.2.4.3.1 hsPCI Assembly

The hsPCI Assembly is easily the most prevalent Slot-1 Board. The assembly provides four

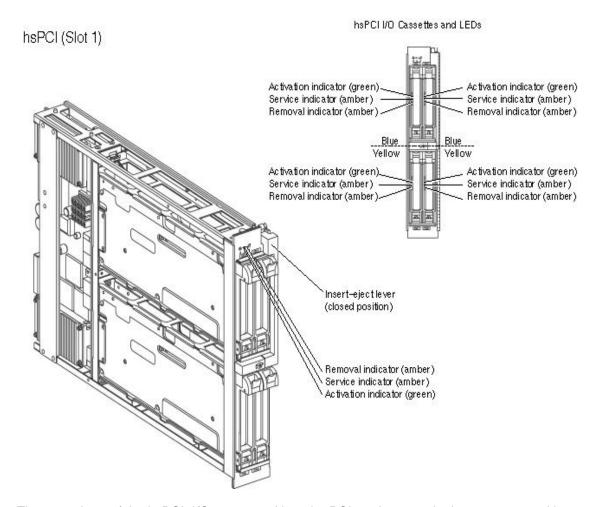
standard hsPCI slots each including a four cassettes for mounting standard full length industry-standard PCI controllers. The 'hs' in hsPCI stands for 'hot swap', and is a unique Sun Microsystems feature. Under control of the System Controller, power and the PCI bus can be disabled to each cassette to allow a hot-swap procedure for each individual PCI card.

The assembly has two dual PCI controller chips. Each chip provides a 33 MHz PCI bus and a 66/33 MHz PCI bus for a total of four PCI busses. The top two PCI slots on the assembly are the 33 MHz slots and the lower two are the 66/33 MHz slots (when the board is installed vertically).





The 66MHz slots can automatically clock down to 33MHz for those cards that do not support the higher speed. Most 66MHz cards produced by Sun will also clock down to 33MHz should they be placed in the 33MHz slot.



The next photo of the hsPCI I/O cassette. Note the PCI card mounts in the cassette and is surrounded by a metal plate. The cassette terminates into an adaptive connector which slips into the hsPCI Board PCI slot.



I/O Cassette with installed PCI card

#### 11.2.4.3.2.1 Fire Link board



#### **Sun Fire Link Assembly**

The Sun Fire Link assembly is a Slot 1 board type in the Sun Fire 12K/15K. It is the interface between the system interconnect (the Sun Fireplane<sup>tm</sup>) and the Sun Fire Link network. Unlike a PCI card, Sun Fire Link taps directly into the system interconnect and runs at system

interconnect speeds. Each Sun Fire Link assembly includes one standard PCI bridge chip which provides two adapter slots (one 33 MHz and one 66 MHz, both 32 or 64 bits wide) for storage or networking adapters. In addition, each Sun Fire Link assembly has a Sun Fire Link ASIC which supports two optical links. Figure 2 shows the Sun Fire Link assembly for the F12K/15K.

The Sun Fire Link assembly for the F12K/15K servers has two additional adapter slots for PCI cards in hot plug cassettes.

The Sun Fire Link optical interface, the Paroli, is mounted on a card that plugs into the Sun Fire Link assembly. These cards, known as "Sun Fire Link optical modules". These optical cards can be hot swapped in the event of a failure. Optical cables plug into the modules. Figure 4 shows the optical modules and cables. A Sun Fire Link cable is actually a transmit cable and a receive cable clipped together.

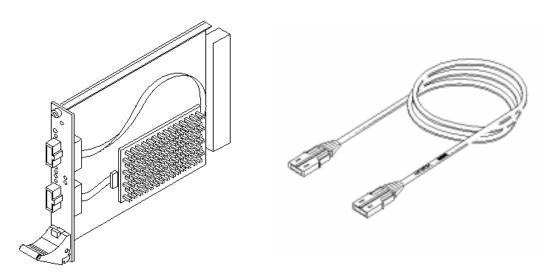


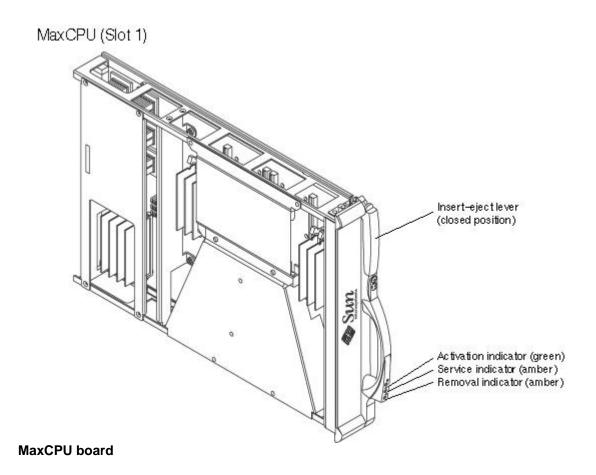
Figure 4. Sun Fire Link Optical modules and cables

Note that Sun Fire Link is a *data center* cluster interconnect. Therefore the distances are limited. Cables are supplied in lengths of 5m, 12m and 20m (respectively 16, 39 and 65 feet). Sun Fire Link configurations of two or three nodes can use point to point direct connect optical links as shown in figure 5.

### 11.2.4.3.2 MaxCPU board

The MaxCPU board is another Slot 1 board that houses two UltraSPARC III Cu processors (900MHz, 1.05GHz or 1.2GHz) of the same speed each with their associated cache, but does not include any external memory. This board allows processors to replace PCI cards in a

system that requires more processing power than I/O connectivity. The processors and cache are the same as those found on the CPU/Memory Board. Using MaxCPU boards allows a Sun Fire 12K to expand from 36 processors to 52, and a Sun Fire 15K system to expand from 72 processors to 106.



#### 11.2.4.4 Filler Panels

Filler Panels are used in unfilled Slot-0 and Slot-1 locations, and must remain in place for proper cooling. The maximum number of filler panels for the Sun Fire 15K is 16 (slot 0) and 17 (slot 1). If you get the Sun Fire 15K with the COD 1.1 option, the maximum becomes 14 for Slot 0s and 17 for Slot 1s. The maximum number of filler panels for a Sun Fire 12K are 7 Slot 0s and 8 Slot 1s. The back of the Sun Fire 12K also has filler panels, that come with the base package. Sun Fire 12Ks and 15Ks must be ordered with the proper number of filler panels. Filler panels are also available for purchase as Xoption part numbers. This allows customers to reconfigure the servers and fill any "holes" due to the removed Slot-0 or Slot-1 boards.

### Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

#### 11.2.5 System Controller Boardset

There are two System Controller Boardsets included in a Sun Fire 12K and 15K cabinet, and they provide critical system services, configuration, control and diagnostic functions for the host. The System Controller is the advanced equivalent in function to the SSP for the E10000. There are two SC Boardsets for fail over and redundancy purposes. There are no configurable options for the SC Boardset.

The System Controller (SC) Boardset consists of three different board types, all mounted on a rigid Carrier Plate consisting of the planar metal frame, and a set of cover plates. The Carrier Plate is meant to remain permanently attached to the Fireplane, and will only be removed when servicing the Centerplane Support Board, or other centerplane components. The cover plate includes the cover, handles, and handle locks used to facilitate removal of the System Controller Board and the System Controller Peripheral Board.

The SC Boardset consists of the Centerplane Support Board, the System Controller Board (a two board combination), and the System Controller Peripheral Board. The SC Boardset is mounted within an aluminum Carrier Plate.

### 11.2.5.1 Centerplane Support Board

This board interfaces the System Controller CPU and Peripheral Board to the Centerplane. It provides communication between each System Controller Boardset and all eighteen Boardsets.

The Centerplane Support Board is considered part of the Centerplane and can be hot swapped using the Dynamic Bus Configuration (DBR) feature. To remove the Centerplane Support Board, the SC and SC Peripheral Board on that carrier plate must also be removed. If that SC is the MAIN, then an SC Failover must be done prior to Centerplane Support Board removal.

### 11.2.5.2 System Controller CPU Board

The SC Controller CPU Board is implemented from a two-board combination:

- •The SC CPU board, an off the shelf CP1500 CPU Board, with an UltraSPARC IIi processor and 256MB of memory.
- •The Control Board, for the Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15Kspecific logic and connection to the Centerplane Support Board. It contains logic for the system clocks, power control, console bus, and supports JTAG scans from the Centerplane. All ASICs are monitored and controlled by JTAG technology.

The board runs Solaris™ 8 10/01 (Update 6 or better) Software, System Management Services (SMS), Solaris Logical Volume Manager (SLVM) and SunMC 3.0 PU3 agents. SLVM is used to mirror the disks in the SC Peripheral Board. Additional software may be added to the SC Controller CPU board provided the software application adheres to the rules outlined in the OpenSC whitepaper which can be found at the following link: http://www.sun.com/servers/wp/docs/opensc.pdf

Here is a picture of the System Controller CPU Board.

### System Controller CPU Board



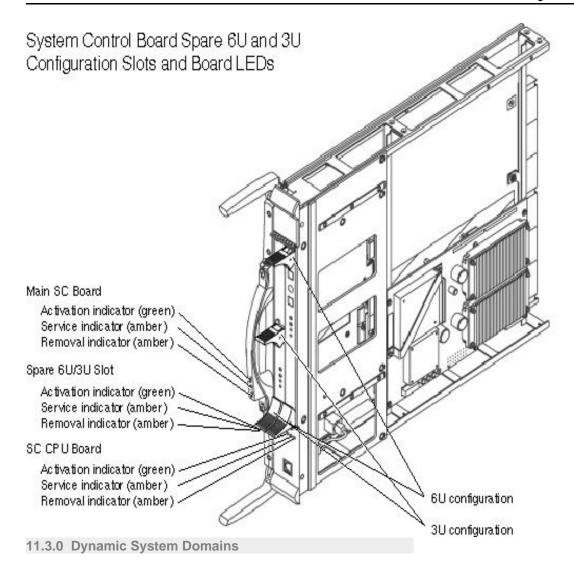
The SC Control board provides for an external Ethernet interface and serial port for management use, a numeric display, and LEDs. It also has a cPCI slot, but its function is limited to manufacturing test purposes at this time.

### 11.2.5.3 System Controller Peripheral Board

It is the same size as a Slot-1 Board, and supplies I/O devices for the SC CPU board. It contains a DVDROM, a 4mm DDS-3 Tape Drive, and two mirrored SCSI Disks. The DVD can be used to boot domains for initial setup. On the next page is an image of the System Controller Peripheral Board.



System Controller Peripheral Board



Sun Fire 12K and 15K Domains are conceptually similar to those found on the E10000. They run a separate instance of Solaris, and have hardware resources (Slot-0 or Slot-1 Boards) that may be migrated from one Domain to another within the Sun Fire 12K or 15K system cabinet.

A Sun Fire 12K can support up to nine Domains, a Sun Fire 15K can support up to eighteen domains. Each Domain requires its own local boot disk, a valid CPU/Memory Board, and one hsPCI Assembly with associated network I/O cards. However, it is not necessary that the CPU/Memory and hsPCI Boards belong to the same Boardset. In this case, an Expander is shared between two Domains, and is known as a split Expander.

Split Expanders have advantages in terms of flexibility in configurations where you need Dynamically Reconfigure resources. Using split Expanders can also be very useful for configurations where you have high CPU/Memory requirements, but low disk storage requirements and visa versa. However, in the event of an Expander board failure, both domains

attached to that Expander could be affected. Additionally, there can be performance impacts associated with Split Expanders. If you do have open slots on spare expanders in the 12K/15K, then instead of splitting an expander try putting the extra components on the spare expanders first before splitting the expander between domains. This will give you slightly better performance and will prevent the case where a split expander failure takes down two domains. Please reference the Sun Fire 15K Architecture document for more details on the performance characteristics of Split Expander configurations.

#### 11.3.2 Configuring Domains

A Domain on the Sun Fire 12K/15K requires a minimum set of hardware: a valid CPU/Memory Board with at least 1 GB of physical memory, an hsPCI Assembly, access to the Fireplane via an Expander Board, at least one network capable PCI card configured, and a local boot disk subsystem.

You may boot a domain over a network, but it is not recommended. You may also boot a domain initially from the DVD drive on the SC.

To initially set up a Sun Fire 12K/F15K, the following steps would be taken:

- •Login into SC0 via serial cable. Setup networking info.
- Reboot SC0
- •Telnet to SC0
- •Setup Domains A-R. They can jumpstart from SC's DVD or over the public network. Please reference the appropriate Service documents for more detailed information on installation procedures and system administration.

Currently, the Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15K does not have any cabinet space to have internally mounted disk subsystems. Therefore you must consider external disk options for booting.

There are currently two boot subsystems supported: Sun StorEdge™ S1 and T3 arrays.

#### 11.4.0 System Software

The system software options are listed below and are crucial to the Sun Fire 12K/F15K. Some of the software is optional, but most likely part of an overall solution.

For the most current information, please reference Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15K Support Matrices located at: http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration/ for additional software support information.

#### 11.4.1 Required System Software

- Solaris 8 10/01 Solaris 8 10/01 (Update 6 or 7) or Solaris 9 (Update 2 or beyond) Software includes automatic network failover via IP multipathing(IPMP), as well as automatic storage adapter failover via Sun StorEdge Traffic Manager (MPXIO). It also provides the Reconfiguration Manager (RCM) API (application programming interface) for applications wanting to participate in the DR process (like ADR). Solaris Operating Environment also includes the SMS software required to run the Sun Fire 12K / Sun Fire 15K System Controller.
- •SMS System Management Services 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 (Command Line Interface only). This is required, and runs on the System Controller. SMS 1.3 is strongly recommended over SMS 1.1 and 1.2 due to the large number of enhancements that are found in SMS 1.3. SMS 1.3 is required for activating COD 2.0, Memory Placement Optimization (MPO), and all component DR (Slot 0 and Slot 1 DR).
  - •The SMS software lets you control and monitor domains, as well as the platform itself.
  - •Creation and management of domains is provided by SMS.
  - Automated Dynamic Reconfiguration (ADR) is implemented through scripts, and is part of SMS.
  - •SMS 1.1 software is located on the Solaris 8 10/01 Supplemental CD, SMS 1.2 software is on the Solaris 8 02/02 Supplemental CD.

### 11.4.2 Strongly Recommended Domain Software

- SunMC Sun Management Center 3.0. This software is co-packaged with the Solaris 8 OE, and necessary in a mission critical environment. The 2 agents will execute within the System Controller, and a single agent will run inside each Domain. SunMC is available in two Tiers, with the initial tier coming free. The secondary tiers can be purchased through Sun, provide additional functionality, and are highly recommended.
- SunMC and secondary tiers are also required for Sun Remote Services (SRS) 2.2 and above. If the installation site does not already have SunMC in house, they may need to obtain a separate server to host the SunMC administrative software.
- •SunMC functions are provided with the following three packages:
  - •SunMC Advanced System Monitoring (ASM) includes:
    - •Full kernel reader functionality
    - Solaris Operating Environment health monitoring

- Log file scanning
- Directory size monitoring
- ·File monitoring
- Process monitoring
- Log viewing
- •MIB-II instrumentation
- IPV6 monitoring
- •HP Jet Direct
- NFS file systems
- NFS statistics
- Print spooler
- Solaris Operating Environment process details
- Sun Management Center hardware diagnostics suite

### •SunMC Premier Management Applications (PMA) includes:

- Group operations
- •Templates/Module configuration propagation
- •Web-based console
- Command line interface
- Import/Export data
- Data views
- •SunMC System Reliability Manager (SysRM) is an optional add-on package. As an extension of existing features, the System Reliability Manager improves the reliability and robustness of Sun systems. It consists of four modules that enhance system reliability:
  - Patch Management
  - •File Watch
  - Script Launcher
  - •OS Crash Dump Analyzer.
- •SRS Sun Remote Services 2.2 Software. This software provides remote connectivity and system monitoring tools over the Internet to Sun's centralized Management Center. This software, coupled with the monitoring service, provides for rapid response to system failures and diagnostic access.
- •SRM Solaris Resource Manager™ 1.2 Software. This software is unbundled and optional, and supplies the ability to allocate CPU, virtual memory, number of processes, number of logins, and connect time resources between users and applications.
- •Solaris Bandwidth Manager 1.6 Software. This software is unbundled and optional, and provides the ability to regulate and monitor incoming and outgoing IP traffic.

#### 11.4.3 Optional and Third Party Domain Software

•Sun Cluster 3.0 Software. This software is unbundled and optional, and supplies high availability fail over functionality. SC 3.0 additionally supplies a Global File System, a great product for all Sun Fire 12K/F15Ks and users that want to have the highest possible

availability.

- •HPC Cluster Tools 3.2/4.0 supplies MPI messaging in support of high performance parallel processing applications. Development tools included.
- •VERITAS Volume Manager 3.1.1 is used to manage disk subsystems, and the ability to create and manage RAID based LUNs.
- •VERITAS Volume Manager 3.2 will have enhanced DMP with an improved adapter fail over mechanism which can co-exist with Sun StorEdge Traffic Manager (MPxIO).
- •VERITAS File System 3.4. This software is unbundled and optional, and provides a high performance, journaling, extent based file system.

#### 11.5.0 Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K Services

### 11.5.1 Support Service Offerings

### 11.5.1.1 Warranty

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K server warranty offering includes an increased service level of (7 x 24). This is a significant enhancement over the current Sun Enterprise<sup>TM</sup> 10000 system service level of (5 x 12).

Sun Fire 12K and 15K server warranty offer is for one (1) year with the following features:

- 7 x 24 x 365 hardware on-site support (include holidays)
- 4 hour average hardware response time
- 7 x 24 x 365 telephone support (including holidays)
- Customer Defined Priority for telephone support
- On-site parts replacement
- · Replacement of
  - 1) defective media,
  - 2)missing or unusable documentation or
  - 3)software license certificates for 90 days

### Notes on the Sun Fire 12K and 15K warranty:

- •This warranty is identical to the Sun Fire 6800 warranty.
- •This warranty includes 7x24 hardware on-site support which is an advantage over the current E10K 12x5 hardware on-site support.
- •This warranty does not contain entitlement to software upgrades; the customer must purchase a support contract to obtain new software features and functionality.

Platinum support is highly recommended for all Mission Critical environments, as it improves the onsite response time and contains many proactive services. To receive Sun's premium support offering, select from the following for the Sun Fire 15K:

- •For the base system Platinum upgrade, order W9D-F15K-1P
- •For each 4-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade, order

W9D -F15K-SYSBD4-1P
•For each 2-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade, order
W9D -F15K-SYSBD2-1P
•For each MaxCPU board Platinum upgrade, order
W9D -F15K-SYSBD2-1P

### On the Sun Fire 12K select from the following:

•For the base system Platinum upgrade, order W9D-F12K-1P
•For each 4-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade, order
W9D-F12K-SYSBD4-1P
•For each 2-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade, order
W9D -F12K-SYSBD2-1P
•For each MaxCPU board Platinum upgrade, order
W9D -F12K-SYSBD2-1P

The switch to Global Warranty has changed all the order warranty upgrade part numbers to Platinum; the new numbers follow:

#### Sun Fire 15K

| Base System (1 year)  | W9D-F15K-1P |  |
|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| Base System (2 years) | W9D-F15K-2P |  |
| Base System (3 years) | W9D-F15K-3P |  |

Sun Fire 15K Standard Configs (EOLed)

| ount no tore oranial a comigo (2020a) |               |               |               |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
|                                       | 1 Year        | 2 Years       | 3 Years       |  |  |
| Small (6 system boards)               | W9D-F15K24-1P | W9D-F15K24-2P | W9D-F15K24-3P |  |  |
| Medium (12 system boards)             | W9D-F15K48-1P | W9D-F15K48-2P | W9D-F15K48-3P |  |  |
| Large (18 memory boards)              | W9D-F15K72-1P | W9D-F15K72-2P | W9D-F15K72-3P |  |  |

### Sun Fire 12K

| Base System (1 year)  | W9D-F12K-1P |  |
|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| Base System (2 years) | W9D-F12K-2P |  |
| Base System (3 years) | W9D-F12K-3P |  |

Sun Fire 12K Standard Config (EOLed)

|                            | 1 Year        | 2 Years        | 3 Years       |  |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| 4 Systems Boards (16 CPUs) | W9D-F12K16-1P | W9D-F12K16K-2P | W9D-F12k16-3P |  |

Sun Fire 12K Uniboards & MaxCPU boards

| 4-way CPU Board (1 years) | W9D-F12K-S            | SYSBD4-1P        |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| 4-way CPU Board (2 years) | W9D-F12K-S            | SYSBD4-2P        |
| 4-way CPU Board (3 years) | W9D-F12K-S            | SYSBD4-3P        |
|                           |                       |                  |
| MaxCPU Board / 2-Way C    | PU Board (1 year) W9  | D-F12K-SYSBD2-1P |
| MaxCPU Board / 2-Way C    | PU Board (2 years) W9 | D-F12K-SYSBD2-2P |
| MaxCPU Board / 2-Way C    | PU Board (3 years) W9 | D-F12K-SYSBD2-3P |

#### Sun Fire 15K Uniboards & MaxCPU boards

| 4-way CPU Board (1 years)              | V9D-F15K-SYSBD4-1P      |
|--|-------------------------|
| 4-way CPU Board (2 years)              | V9D-F15K-SYSBD4-2P      |
| 4-way CPU Board (3 years)              | V9D-F15K-SYSBD4-3P      |
|  |                         |
| MaxCPU Board / 2-Way CPU Board (1 year | ar) W9D-F15K-SYSBD2-1P  |
| MaxCPU Board / 2-Way CPU Board (2 year | ars) W9D-F15K-SYSBD2-2P |
| MaxCPU Board / 2-Way CPU Board (3 year | ars) W9D-F15K-SYSBD2-3P |

#### 11.5.1.2 Sun Fire 12K and 15K ServerStart

New Sun Fire 12K and 15K systems are entitled to one ServerStart installation service with the system. The ServerStart service includes the following:

Project planning and management

- Hardware installation
- •On the Sun Fire 12K, installation of up to 9 boot devices (may be mirrored)
- •On the Sun Fire 15K, installation of up to 18 boot devices (may be mirrored)
- Partition boot device
- Install system software and appropriate patches
- •Installation of up to 9 domains on the Sun Fire 12K
- •Installation of up to 18 domains on the Sun Fire 15K
- Ensure domain is bootable
- Ping other systems/domains
- Functional and Store Tools tests all pass
- System administration tutorial

Sun provides free installation for your Sun Fire 12K or 15K server; this will help ensure the system is installed and tested correctly.

To receive the free installation on the Sun Fire 15K order F15K-INSTALL-SU

To receive the free installation on the Sun Fire 12K order F12K-INSTALL-SU

### 11.5.1.3 Sun Fire 12K or 15K Board Installation

With every Sun Fire 12K or 15K add-on system board sold, Enterprise Services will provide free installation. This offer applies to any 4-way CPU/Memory boards, hsPCI assemblies and MaxCPU boards.

To receive the free installation on the Sun Fire 15K order F15K-INSTALL-BD, and to receive free installation on the Sun Fire 12K order F12K-INSTALL-SB.

### 11.5.1.4 Sun Remote Services (SRS)

Sun Remote Services (SRS) is Sun's portfolio of services designed to help Sun customers optimize Sun system availability. SRS 2 is designed to enable Sun environments to realize new standards in service delivery and take advantage of the technology and architecture that help

increase system uptime and reduce investments in IT resources through proactively monitoring mission critical systems.

Ordering information: To initiate a sales lead/work order for SRS for your customer, please link to the following web site:

http://srs.ebay/tools/html and complete the work order form.

At the completion of the work order request, an SRS driver assigned to your geographic area will contact you. The SRS Driver will assist in presenting SRS benefits and capabilities to your customer and will facilitate the installation of the SRS infrastructure and the dedicated TELCO line. The SRS Driver will order the components needed to meet your customer's monitoring requirements.

Implementation of SRS is a partnership between Sun and your customer. This partnership needs to be carefully and comprehensively defined. The SRS Drivers are experts in matching SRS delivery capabilities to customer needs. If your customer would benefit from SRS, please involve your local SRS Driver in your sales team or have the SRS Driver contact your customer.

#### 11.5.1.6 HPC Installation Services

The HPC Installation services will be offered with Sun Fire 12K and 15K. This is a continuation of a service that is being offered with the E10K. The HPC Installation services provide installation and configuration services to customers who need a complete installation offering.

To receive the free installation on a Sun Fire 12K, order HPC-INSTALL-F12K. To receive the free installation on a Sun Fire 15K, order HPC-INSTALL-F15K.

### 11.5.2 Professional Services Offerings

#### 11.5.2.1 Application Readiness Service

Sun Fire 12K/15K Application Readiness Service delivers the essential implementation and project management services required to help smoothly implement and configure Sun Fire 12K or 15K systems and their internal components to an application-ready state. It is strongly recommended that this service be included with every new Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15Ksystem.

To receive the Application Readiness Service, order PS-PI-SCSAR-1

11.5.2.2 Data Center Readiness Service (Available Fall 2002)

The Sun Fire 12K/ 15K Data Center Readiness Service builds on the Sun Fire 12K/15K Application Readiness Service for customers who are not familiar with running a mission-critical data center environment, and would like to leverage Sun's best practices, experience, and expertise to improve time to implementation. Sun Fire 12K/15K DCRS helps reduce risks associated with running a mission-critical data center environment with expanded design and testing phases along with custom setup and best practice guidance for essential operational procedures.

To receive the Data Center Readiness Service, order PS-PI-SCSDC-1

### 11.5.2.3 SunReady Availability Assessment (SRAA)

The SRAA service assesses the ability of a customer's IT infrastructure and organization to sustain appropriate access, performance, function and service levels within limits and expectations defined by the customer and their end users. This service can be applied to a specific environment or a business application.

To receive this service, order from the following:

SunReady<sup>SM</sup> Availability Assessment (Basic) PS-PI-SRAAS-1 SunReady<sup>SM</sup> Availability Assessment (Standard) PS-PI-SRAAS-2 SunReady<sup>SM</sup> Availability Assessment (Complex) PS-PI-SRAAS-3

For more information on Sun Professional Services<sup>SM</sup> offerings:

Internal website: http://sunps.central

External website: http://www.sun.com/service/sunps

#### 11.5.3 Education Offerings

The following training offerings from Sun Educational Services are highly recommended for Sun Fire 12K and 15K customers and sites.

For the Sun Fire 12K/15K System Administration Class, which provides the essential knowledge for administering the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers, order ES-421.

For the Skills Package, which provides a focused, prepackaged training solution for your customers, order EA-215.

Internal website: <a href="http://education.central">http://education.central</a>
External website: <a href="http://suned.sun.com">http://suned.sun.com</a>

#### 11.6.0 Sun Fire™ 15K Server Configuration Types

The configuration rules are designed to lower manufacturing costs, minimize lead times, maximize the availability of the system to the customer, and increase customer satisfaction.

#### 11.6.1 Factory Built Systems

Four types of factory built configured systems were originally offered on the Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15K at announcement: Full System Bundle Configurations, Standard Server Configurations and Building Blocks. Due to Sun's part number reduction efforts Full System Bundle Configurations and Standard Server Configurations have been EOLed. These configuration may easily be reproduced by using the Building Block system orders.

### 11.6.1.3 Building Blocks

Building Blocks allows the base system to be configured with standard CPU/Mem board Building Block components. Any valid configuration of hsPCI and MaxCPU (Slot 1 boards) is allowed.

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K currently support the 900 MHz and 1.05GHz UltraSPARC III Cu CPUs. Each CPU comes with 8 MB Ecache.

There are two Building Block base packages available at this time:

- •F12K-CAB3: Sun Fire 12K Server cabinet with Fireplane, Expander boards, board frames, Fan trays, Power supplies, System Controllers, 9 x Slot 0 filler panels, and 9 x Slot 1 filler panels. Memory Placement Optimization capable.
- •F15K-CAB3: Sun Fire 15K Base Package includes: -15K Server cabinet with Fireplane, Expander boards, board frames, Fan trays, Power supplies, System Controllers. Memory Placement Optimization capable.
- •Building Block CPU/Memory Boards(Uniboards): Currently there are 7 Uniboard types available as factory installed options. Up to 18 CPU/Memory boards (uniboards) are supported with the F15K-CAB2 base package. Up to 9 CPU/Memory Boards are supported with the F12K-CAB2 base package. The configurations for these standard CPU/Memory boards are:
  - •2 x 1.2 GHz w/ 4GB (8 x 512MB DIMMs, 4GB total for the board, 2GB per CPU)
  - •4 x 1.2 GHz w/ 4GB (16 x 256MB DIMMs, 4GB total for the board, 1GB per CPU)
  - •4 x 1.2 GHz w/ 8GB (32 x 256MB DIMMs, 8GB total for the board, 2GB per CPU)
  - •4 x 1.2 GHz w/ 16GB (32 x 512MB DIMMs, 16GB total for the board, 4GB per CPU)
  - •4 x 1.2 GHz w 32GB (32 x 1GB DIMMs, 32GB total for the board, 8GB per CPU).
  - •4 x 1.05GHz w/ 16GB (full up 512MB DIMMs) (4GB per CPU)
  - •4 x 1.05GHz w/ 32 GB (full up 1GB DIMMs) (8GB per CPU)
  - •4 x 900MHz w/ 4GB (½ populated with 256MB DIMMs) (1GB per CPU)
  - •4 x 900MHz w/ 8GB (full up 256MB DIMMs) (2GB per CPU)

- •4 x9 00MHz w/ 16GB (full up 512MB DIMMs) (4GB per CPU)
- •4 x 900MHz w/ 32 GB (full up 1GB DIMMs) (8GB per CPU)
- •2 x 900MHz w/ 4GB (1/4 populated with 512MB DIMMs) (2GB per CPU)

Please reference Tables 1, 2, and 3 in Section 8 (Configuration Summary) for more information on supported memory configurations.

- •<u>Building Block I/O options:</u> Any allowable configuration of hsPCI Assemblies and I/O adapters are supported with Building Block configurations. Please reference Section 8 for more information on Configuration Rules.
- •MaxCPU Boards: Any allowable combination of hsPCI Assemblies and MaxCPU boards are supported with Building Block configurations.

Currently there are 3 types of MaxCPU boards each with 2 CPUs and no memory:

- 2 x 900MHz
- 2 x 1.05GHz
- 2 x 1.2GHz

### 11.6.2 Add-on System Boards

There are several Add-on system components available for the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K. These components are commonly called X-Options since the part numbers begin with the "X" prefix. X-Option system boards are pre-configured and tested, but shipped directly to the customer with no additional integration options. Certain boards are also available for field installation that have a "C" prefix. These are CTO or Configure-To-Order boards. Since CTO boards for the 12K and 15K can be tracked by Sun via Sales Desk, they are the preferred method of ordering field boards when available. Sales Desk information may be found at: <a href="http://sales-desk.west/F15K/index.html">http://sales-desk.west/F15K/index.html</a>

#### 11.6.3 Capacity-On-Demand (COD) RTU Licenses

The Sun Fire 12K/15K customers can purchase a RTU (Right to Use) License to access the COD uniboard bundles. The Sun Fire COD uniboards include three different configured options

- The first COD uniboard option contains 4 unlicensed COD CPUs running at 1050MHz;
   4x8MB Ecache: 8 banks of 2GB memory options (16GB total for the board).
- The second COD uniboard contains 4 unlicensed COD CPUs running at 1.2 GHz; 4x8MB Ecache;8 banks of 2GB memory options (16GB total for the board).
- The third COD uniboard contains 4 unlicensed COD CPUs running at 1.2 Ghz; 8 banks of 4GB memory options (32 x 1GB DIMMs, 32GB total for the board).

Please note that x-option COD uniboards are also available with 1050MHz and 1.2 GHz processors. One Sun Fire COD 2.0 RTU is required for each COD CPU to be activated.

### 7.4 Sun Fire™ 12K and 15K Base Packages (Cabinets, Frames)

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K base packages consists of the following items:

- •Metal racking frame with side panels, front and rear doors.
- •Six Dual-redundant AC Power Supplies.
- ·Eight fan trays.
- •Full compliment of DC Circuit Breakers.
- Air Plenum chamber.
- Power and signaling cables.
- •Top Cap Frame Manager System.
- •Eighteen Expander Boards in the Sun Fire 15K, nine in the Sun Fire 12K
- Eighteen metal Carrier Plates
- •Two complete System Controller Boardsets
  - •Each System Controller Boardset contains the following:
  - One SC Carrier Plate.
  - Centerplane Support Board.
  - •System Controller CPU Board w/Compact PCI Slot, and Ethernet port.
  - •System Controller Peripheral Board with two SCSI disks, one DVDROM, and one DAT DDS-4 4mm drive.

Power cords and Solaris media kits are geographic specific, and must be ordered separately.

There are two types of sun Fire 12K and 15K cabinets, Memory Placement Optimization (MPO) capable and MPO upgradeable. MPO Capable base cabinets part numbers are are: F12K-CAB3, and F15K-CAB3. MPO upgradeable cabinets have been end-of-lifed. These base cabinet part numbers are: F12K-CAB2, and F15K-CAB2.

MPO upgradeable cabinets may be upgraded to MPO capable cabinets via the following:

|   |                    |               | Trade-in       | Customer        |  |
|---|--------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|--|
| Upgrade From  | Upgrade To         | Order P/N     | Allowance      | Returns         |  |
| ========  | =======            | =======       | =======        | =======         |  |
| F12K-CAB2   | F12K-CAB3          | C12T012P      | ALW-80-S-AXQ62 | Qty 9 Expanders |  |
| The upgrade allowance is applied to the list price of the order P/N. Other contracted discounts |                    |               |                |                 |  |
| customers may be  | eligible for canno | t be applied. |                |                 |  |

F15K-CAB2 F15K-CAB3 C15TO15P ALW-80-S-AXQ62 Qty 18 Expanders The upgrade allowance is applied to the list price of the order P/N. Other contracted discounts customers may be eligible for cannot be applied.

### 11.6.4 Sun Fire™ 12K to Sun Fire™ 15K upgrade

This Hardware Upgrade Kit allows customers to expand the capacity of their Sun Fire 12K server to the full capacity of the Sun Fire 15K. This Upgrade Kit increases the capacity of the server to accommodate up to 106 UltraSPARC Cu III processors, 576GB memory and up to 72 PCI I/O slots. In addition, this upgrade can be installed while the system is powered on with no downtime required for existing Domains currently running in the system.

The F12K to F15K Hardware Upgrade Kit includes the Expander boards required to activate the back nine slots on the Sun Fireplane (tm) interconnect. The Expander boards are the key enabling technology which allow Uniboards, MaxCPU boards, and hsPCI Assemblies (ordered separately) to communicate with one another across the Fireplane interconnect. By adding the additional Expander boards, the full capabilities of the Fireplane's 18x18 crossbar switch are enabled.

Installation of the Hardware Upgrade Kit by Sun-trained service personnel is required and is also included in the price of the Kit.

The Hardware Upgrade Kit can be quoted through the WebDesk Quoter, however because the Hardware Upgrade Kit is an add-on component for existing Sun Fire 12K servers, it cannot be configured through the WebDesk Configurator.

The Sun Fire 12K to 15K Hardware Upgrade Kit is considered a "CTO" (Configure-To-Order) part number, and therefore must be sent to the Sales Desk alias at cto\_sales\_desk@oregon.west.sun.com for final approval. Details on the SalesDesk CTO process can be found at: <a href="http://sales-desk.west">http://sales-desk.west</a>

|              |            |           | Trade-in       | Customer        |
|--------------|------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|
| Upgrade From | Upgrade To | Order P/N | Allowance      | Returns         |
| ========     | =======    | =======   | ========       | =======         |
| F12K-CAB2    | F15K-CAB3  | C12PTO15P |                |                 |
|              |            | C12TO12P  | ALW-80-S-AXQ62 | Qty 9 Expanders |

The upgrade allowance is applied to the list price of C12TO12P ONLY. Other contracted discounts customers may be eligible for cannot be applied. Both C12PTO15P and C12PTO12P must be ordered.

| F12K-CAB3 | F15K-CAB3                                | C12PTO15P | None |
|-----------|--|-----------|------|
|           | laris 8 10/01 and<br>d Solaris 9 12/02 o | •         |      |

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K requires the Solaris 9 12/02 (update 2) or better, or Solaris 8 10/01, or Solaris 8 02/02 Operating Environment or higher. The media kit can be ordered separately.

Sun Management Center 3.0 (SunMC 3.0) is co-packaged with Solaris 9 and Solaris 8 10/01 and Solaris 8 02/02. SunMC supplies a Graphical User Interface to System Management Services that is supplied with the Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15KBase Package.

Note: Do not confuse SunMC with SMC. SMC is the Solaris Management Console Software, and is unrelated to SunMC (Sun Management Center).

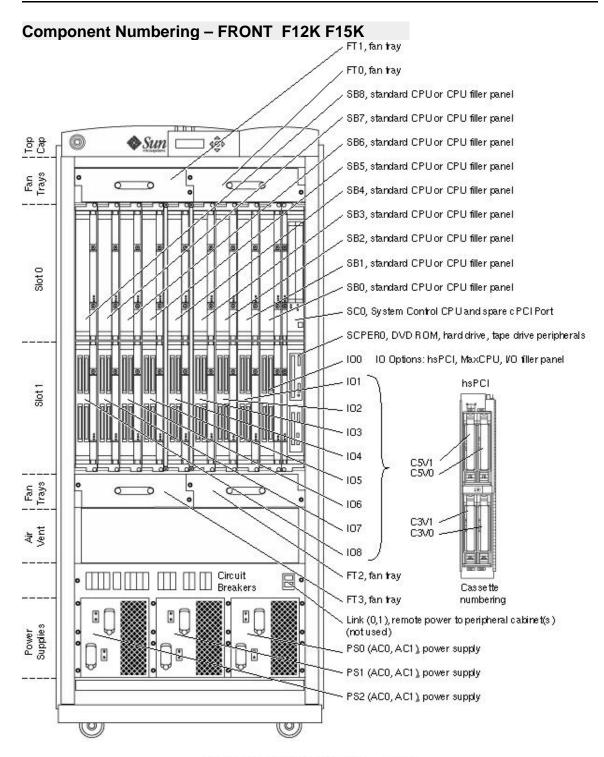
### 11.7.0 Configuration Summary

| Component                      | Function   | Quantity   |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Control Board                  | Set of two boards that are accessible via ethernet or serial interface:  | 2  |
|                                | <ul> <li>SPARC<sup>™</sup>engine CP1500 6U cPCI board with an<br/>UltraSPARC<sup>™</sup>-IIi embedded system</li> </ul>  |  |
|                                | <ul> <li>Control board for Sun Fire 15K specific logic and<br/>connection to Centerplane Support Board</li> </ul>  |  |
| SC Peripheral Board            | Accomodates a DVD, 2 disk drives, and a 4 millimeter DAT tape drive. Same form factor as a slot-1 board  | 2  |
| Memory                         | Four banks of 8 SDRAM DIMMS per CPU/Memory board (1GB DIMMS)   | Up to 288 GB<br>F12K and<br>576GB F15K<br>Per Domain |
| VO                             | Hot swappable PCI (hsPCI)  2 PCI controllers per slot-1 type PCI Assembly  4 PCI slots total per slot-1 type PCI Assembly  - 2 at 33MHz  - 2 at 66MHz  | Up to 36<br>F12K<br>Up to 72<br>F15K                 |
| Centerplane<br>(Fireplane Bus) | Fireplane Bus is the coherent shared-memory interconnect architecture which supports:  - 18 X 18 Data Crossbar Router F15K (9x9 F12K)  - 18 X 18 Address Crossbar Router F15K (9x9 F12K)  - 18 X 18 Response Crossbar Router F15K (9x9 F12K)  - 18 System Boardsets F15K (9 F12K)  - 2 System Control Boardsets  - Runs at 150 MHz and supports up to 4-52 processors F12K and 4-106 processors F15K | 1  |
| System Cooling                 | Four fan trays above System and Control Boards (12 fans/tray) Four fan trays below System and Control Boards (12 fans/tray) Base system configured to full fan/cooling capacity  | 8  |

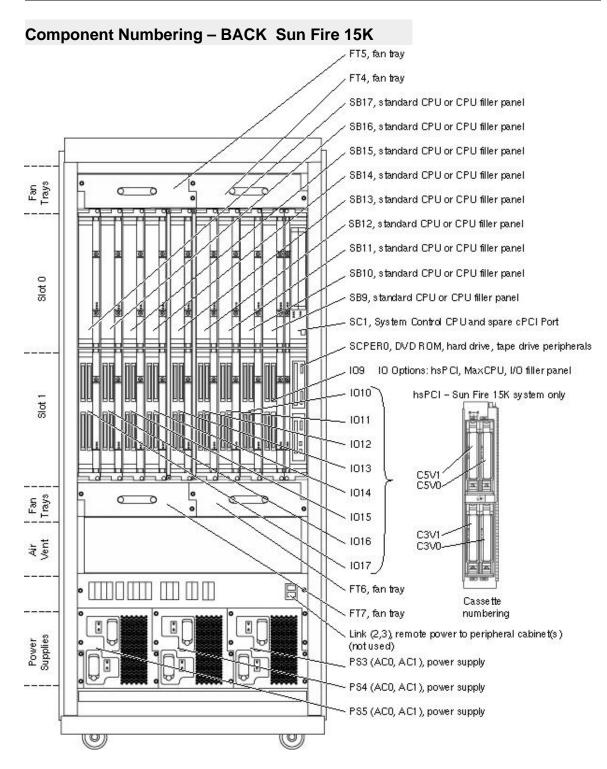
| Component                     | Function   | Quantity |  |
|-------------------------------|--|----------|--|
| AC power controller           | 48V bulk power distribution and I <sup>2</sup> C distribution  | 1        |  |
| Power supply                  | 6 dual-input AC-to-48 volt DC power supplies that can be split across two power girds. Base system configured with full up power |          |  |
| Circuit breaker panel         | Interrupts power to various components within the system   | 1        |  |
| Processor Cabinet             | Houses plane interconnect, processors, memory, system controllers 75" high 33.25" wide 65" deep                                  | 1        |  |
| Peripheral Cabinet (Optional) | Houses mass storage devices such as disk and tape drives 75" high 24" wide 42.75" deep   | 1+       |  |
| Filters                       | Cleans the air before it crosses into the fans.  | 6        |  |

### 11.7.05 System Diagrams.

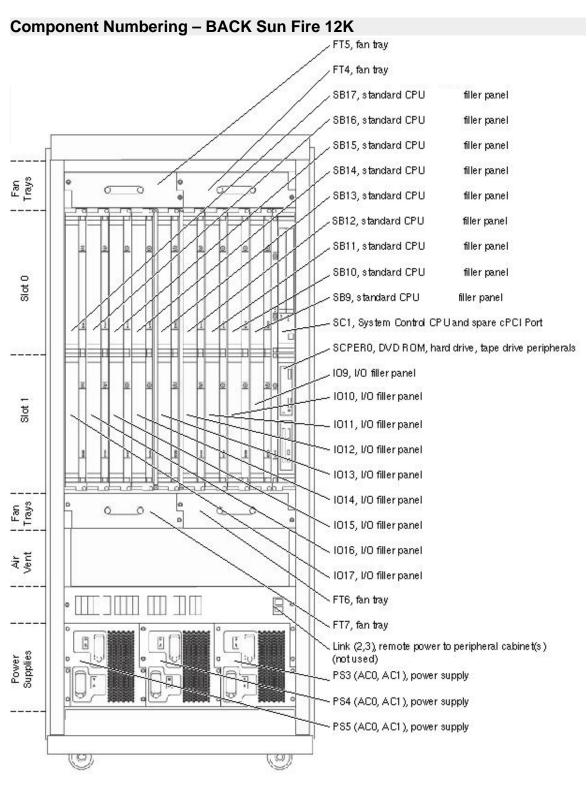
Please refer to the following diagrams to plan for your configurations of the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K.



Sun Fire 15K/12K System - Front



Sun Fire 15K System - Rear



Sun Fire 12K System - Rear

### 11.7.1 Summary of Configuration Rules

### 11.7.2 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Configuration Guidelines

The following represents a summary of relevant configuration rules for the Sun Fire 15K and Sun Fire 12K servers.

#### 11.7.2.1 System Packaging:

- 1.) You must include a top level Sun Fire 15K or Sun Fire 12K Base Package Cabinet.
- 2.)You must order Solaris 8 10/01 or 02/02 or Solaris 9 12/02 (update 2) or higher and you must have SMS 1.1 or higher. SMS software is included on the Solaris Supplemental CD. Ordering the current release of SMS is **highly** recommended and is required for support of COD, MPO and all slot DR.
- 3.)You must have at least one hsPCI Board factory configured with one network PCI adapter that has one copper twisted pair interface based on Ethernet technology. These include the 1034A (QFE), 2222A (LVD SCSI/FE), and 1151A (Gigabit-UTP). This is required for the initial configuration set up in manufacturing. These cards must be located in an hsPCI assembly and may not be located in a Sun Fire Link board. (This may change soon, please check the latest configuration information web site to see if this has changed: <a href="http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html">http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html</a>)
- 4.) The configuration must have at least one valid system domain. COD boards with unactivated CPUs can be included into these domains, but do not count in the initial creation of a valid system domain.
- 5.)You can configure a maximum of 18 Slot-0 (top) Boards with any Sun Fire 15K Base Package and a maximum of 9 Slot-0 Boards with the Sun Fire 12K Base Package. CPU/Memory Boards are Slot-0 boards. COD CPU/Memory boards (Uniboards) count in this total even if no CPUs are activated.
- 6.)On the Sun Fire 15K you can configure a maximum of 18 Slot-1 (Bottom) Boards: On the Sun Fire 12K you can configure a maximum of 9 Slot-1 (bottom) Boards. the hsPCI assembly, the Sun Fire Link board, and the MaxCPU Board are all Slot-1 Boards.
- 7.)All Sun Fire 15K Systems come with 18 Expander boards and all Sun Fire 12K Systems come with 9 Expanders pre-installed. The Expander does not require both a Slot-0 and a Slot-1 board to be installed.
- 8.) Each hsPCI Assembly provides space for 4 standard PCI adapter cards. The assembly comes with 4 hot swap cassettes to allow hot swap of individual controllers. PCI adapter cards are configured and priced separately from an approved list. (The top two positions in the hsPCI Assembly run at 33 MHz, the bottom two positions run at either 33 or 66 MHz.)

- 9.) Appropriate power cords for the Base (12) and external expansion racks (2/ea) must be ordered. Note that not all of these power cords may be required to support your particular configuration but still must be ordered to make future expansion easier.
- 10.)Order recommended software packages found in section 5.1.

#### 11.7.2.2 Configuring Domains:

- 1) You can configure the Sun Fire 15K to support up to eighteen Domains. The Sun Fire 12K supports up to nine Domains. You must configure at least one valid Domain.
- 2) The minimum requirements to support a Domain are:
  - •One valid Domain name (names are a single alphabetic character A-R (F15K) A-I (F12K) for ordering purposes)
  - •One valid CPU/Memory board (COD boards with inactivated CPUs do not count as a valid board)
  - •One hsPCI Assembly with any network PCI adapter (At this time Sun Fire Link boards do not count in this total.)
  - One locally attached boot device

The CPU/Memory board and the hsPCI Assembly do not have to be physically attached to the same Expander board to create a minimum Domain.

- 3)After satisfying the minimum requirements, a Domain may consist of any number of valid CPU/Memory Boards and I/O Boards up to the physical limits of the Sun Fire 15K/ Sun Fire 12K or the Solaris OE.
- 4)Currently, the Solaris OE limits the Domain memory size to 576GB. The Sun Fire 15K supports a total of 576GB memory, and the Sun Fire 12K supports a total of 288GB of memory.
- 5)For supported I/O adapter configurations please reference the Sun Fire 15K/ Sun Fire 12K Support Matrices which can be accessed from the following websites: <a href="http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration/">http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire12k/configuration/</a>
- 6) Each Domain must boot from a locally attached disk. Booting a Domain over the network is technically possible and may be supported in the future. Booting from a SAN is being investigated to determine if it is technically possible and supportable.
- 7)If the system contains COD CPU/Memory boards, each Domain must include at least one active CPU, and at least 1GB of memory.

### 8.2.3 Configuring the CPU/Memory Board (Uniboard):

### Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

- 1)Each CPU/Memory Board comes with two or four UltraSPARC III Cu 900 MHz, 1.05GHz or 1.2GHz CPUs with 8MB Ecache each. CPUs cannot be ordered separately, though COD can be used to provide a configuration similar what is desired.
- 2)There are specific CPU/Memory boards configured with two CPUs that are supported as a factory installed option on the Sun Fire 15K/12K. Other 2-way boards configurations are supported, but only as a field installed option. The same is also true for 4-way CPU memory boards and COD boards. Please note though that in order to access memory on the Uniboard the COD CPU that controls the banks underneath it must be activated first. Supported memory configurations are noted in table 8.1 and 8.2.
- 3)Each CPU controls two physical memory banks (bank 0 and bank 1). Because the memory control logic exists only on the UltraSPARC III Cu CPU, you cannot populate a physical memory bank without a CPU. You may leave both memory banks unpopulated with CPUs installed provided that there is some memory available on another board within the Domain however, this would require depopulating and/or moving memory DIMMs in the field which is supported but not recommended.
- 4) Each physical memory bank consists of four DIMM slots, and requires zero or four DIMMs.
- 5)You may field upgrade a CPU/Memory Board with a different density DIMMs. However, all bank 0 DIMMs on the board must be the same type or all unpopulated, and all bank 1 DIMMs must be the same type or all unpopulated. Mixing DIMM sizes within a physical bank is technically possible, but will result in significantly lower performance and is therefore not supported.

Note: See Tables 8.1 and 8.2 at the end of this section for a list of factory configured CPU/Memory Board options.

# 11.7.2.4 Configuring hsPCI Assemblies and Disk Subsystems:

1)You may only configure the Sun Fire 15K and Sun Fire 12K with approved PCI I/O Adapter cards. Please reference the appropriate Support Matrices for a list of Network Interface Cards (NICs), Combination NIC/HBA cards, and Host Bus Adapters (HBAs) approved for use in the Sun Fire 15K/ Sun Fire 12K. Note that NIC support for Dynamic Reconfiguration (DR), IP Multipathing, (IPMP), IP version 6, HBA support for DR, and Multiplex I/O (MpxIO) is also provided in these matrices. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K Server I/O Support matrices can be found at either of the following websites:

http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration/http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire12k/configuration/

2)You may only order the Sun Fire 12K or 15K with approved disk subsystems. Please reference the Hardware Storage Support Matrix for a list of disk subsystems approved for use with the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K. The Sun Fire 12K and 15K Server I/O Support matrices can be found at either of the following websites:

http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration/

http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire12k/configuration/

### 11.7.2.5 Configuring for Software and Services:

- 1)System Management Services (SMS) media, documentation, must be ordered with every Sun Fire 15K/ Sun Fire 12K.
- 2)Sun Management Center 3.0 software is co-packaged with Solaris 9 and Solaris 8 10/01 and Solaris 8 02/02. See section 5.1 for other recommended software and section 5.2 for services.
- 3)Sun Fire 12K and 15K software and services support matrices can be accessed from either of the following websites:
- http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration/http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire12k/configuration/
- 4)Like the Sun Fire 15K, the Sun Fire 12K is generally considered a high-end, Enterpriseclass server so \*most\* software packages that license based on platform will classify both servers in the same pricing category. However, you should always confirm any third-party software license pricing directly with the ISV in question.

There is no impact to the Solaris Operating Environment licensing. However if the Sun Fire 12K is part of a Sun Cluster configuration, there is a 12K specific Cluster license available. If you have converted a Sun Fire 12K to a Sun Fire 15K via the Hardware Upgrade Kit, then a new Sun Cluster server license for the Sun Fire 15K must be purchased at the time of upgrade. A Sun Cluster 12K->15K upgrade license is planned for Q1FY03.

Table 12.7.1 - Factory configured Memory Options

| Board Type          | Total Memory (GB) |                                       |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CPUBD-222-1200      | 4                 | 8x 512MB DIMMs 2GB per 1.2GHz CPU     |
| CPUBD-441-1200      | 4                 | 16x 256MB DIMMs 1GB per 1.2GHz CPU    |
| CPUBD-481-1200      | 8                 | 32x 256MB DIMMs 2GB per 1.2GHz CPU    |
| CPUBD-482-1200      | 16                | 32x 512MB DIMMs 4GB per 1.2GHz CPU    |
| CPUBD-484-1200      | 32                | 32x 1GB DIMMs 8GB per 1.2GHz CPU      |
| CPUBD-484-1050      | 32                | 32 x 1GB DIMMs 8GB per 1.05GHz CPU    |
| CPUBD-482-1050      | 16                | 32 x 512 MB DIMMs 4GB per 1.05GHz CPU |
| CPUBD-F4329         | 32                | 32 x 1GB DIMMs 8GB per 900MHz CPU     |
| CPUBD-F4169         | 16                | 32 x 512MB DIMMs 4GB per 900MHz CPU   |
| CPUBD-F4089         | 8                 | 32 x 256MB DIMMs 2GB per 900MHz CPU   |
| CPUBD-4049          | 4                 | 16 x 256MB DIMMs 1GB per 900MHz CPU   |
| CPUBD-2049          | 4                 | 8 x 512MB DIMMs 2GB per 900MHz CPU    |
| COD BOARDS          |                   |                                       |
| (X)CPUBD-482-1050-C | 16                | 32 x 512MB DIMMs 8GB per 1.05GHz CPU  |
| (X)CPUBD-482-1200-C | 16                | 32 x 512MB DIMMs 8GB per 1.2GHz CPU   |
| (X)CPUBD-484-1200-C | 32                | 232x 1GB DIMMs 8GB per 1.2GHz CPU     |

## Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

Table 11.7.2 – Factory configured Memory Options Layout

| CPUBD-484-XXXX |               |      |      |  |  |
|----------------|---------------|------|------|--|--|
| CPU/M          | CPU/Mem board |      |      |  |  |
| CPU1           | CPU0          | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |  |
| 4              | 4             | 4    | 4    |  |  |
| 4              | 4             | 4    | 4    |  |  |

| CPUBD-482-XXXX |      |      |      |  |  |
|----------------|------|------|------|--|--|
| CPU/Mem board  |      |      |      |  |  |
| CPU1           | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |  |
| 2              | 2    | 2    | 2    |  |  |
| 2              | 2    | 2    | 2    |  |  |

| CPUBD-F4329   |      |      |      |  |
|---------------|------|------|------|--|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |  |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |
| 4             | 4    | 4    | 4    |  |
| 4             | 4    | 4    | 4    |  |

| CPUBD-F4169 |               |      |      |  |  |
|-------------|---------------|------|------|--|--|
| CPU/M       | CPU/Mem board |      |      |  |  |
| CPU1        | CPU0          | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |  |
| 2           | 2             | 2    | 2    |  |  |
| 2           | 2             | 2    | 2    |  |  |

| CPUBD-F4089   |      |      |      |  |
|---------------|------|------|------|--|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |  |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |
| 1             | 1    | 1    | 1    |  |
| 1             | 1    | 1    | 1    |  |

| CPUBD-4049    |      |      |      |  |
|---------------|------|------|------|--|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |  |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |
| 1             | 1    | 1    | 1    |  |
| 0             | 0    | 0    | 0    |  |

| CPUBD-481-XXXX |      |      |      |  |
|----------------|------|------|------|--|
| CPU/Mem board  |      |      |      |  |
| CPU1           | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |
| 1              | 1    | 1    | 1    |  |
| 1              | 1    | 1    | 1    |  |

| CPUBD-282-XXXX |      |       |       |
|----------------|------|-------|-------|
| CPU/Mem board  |      |       |       |
| CPU1           | CPU0 | Empty | Empty |
| 2              | 2    | 0     | 0     |
| 2              | 2    | 0     | 0     |

| CPUBD-2049    |          |       |       |  |
|---------------|----------|-------|-------|--|
| CPU/Mem board |          |       |       |  |
| CPU<br>1      | CPU<br>0 | Empty | Empty |  |
| 2             | 2        | 0     | 0     |  |
| 0             | 0        | 0     | 0     |  |

### **LEGEND:**

0 - no DIMMs

1 - 1 GB Mem. (  $1 \times 7053A = 4 \times 256MB$  DIMMs )

2-2 GB Mem. (1x 7051A = 4x 512MB DIMMs)

4 - 4 GB Mem. (  $4 \times 7056A = 4 \times 1$ GB DIMMs )

| CPUBD-441-XXXX |      |      |      |  |
|----------------|------|------|------|--|
| CPU/Mem board  |      |      |      |  |
| CPU1           | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |
| 1              | 1    | 1    | 1    |  |
| 0              | 0    | 0    | 0    |  |

### Table 11.7.3 – Field supported CPU/Memory Board Configurations

| 0 Memory*     |      |      |      |  |
|---------------|------|------|------|--|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |  |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |
| 0             | 0    | 0    | 0    |  |
| 0             | 0    | 0    | 0    |  |

| 8 GB Memory*  |      |      |      |  |  |
|---------------|------|------|------|--|--|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |  |  |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |  |  |
| 2             | 2    | 2    | 2    |  |  |
| 0             | 0    | 0    | 0    |  |  |

| 24 GB Memory* |      |      |      |
|---------------|------|------|------|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |
| 4             | 4    | 4    | 4    |
| 2             | 2    | 2    | 2    |

| 4 GB Memory   |      |      |      |
|---------------|------|------|------|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |
| 1             | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| 0             | 0    | 0    | 0    |

| 12 GB Memory* |      |      |      |
|---------------|------|------|------|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |
| 2             | 2    | 2    | 2    |
| 1             | 1    | 1    | 1    |

| 32 GB Memory  |      |      |      |
|---------------|------|------|------|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |
| 4             | 4    | 4    | 4    |
| 4             | 4    | 4    | 4    |

| 8 GB Memory   |      |      |      |
|---------------|------|------|------|
| CPU/Mem board |      |      |      |
| CPU1          | CPU0 | CPU3 | CPU2 |
| 1             | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| 1             | 1    | 1    | 1    |

| 16 GB Memory* |         |      |      |
|---------------|---------|------|------|
| CPU/N         | 1em boa | ırd  |      |
| CPU1          | CPU0    | CPU3 | CPU2 |
| 4             | 4       | 4    | 4    |
| 0             | 0       | 0    | 0    |

| 2-CPU 2 GB Memory |      |   |   |  |
|-------------------|------|---|---|--|
| CPU/Mem board     |      |   |   |  |
| CPU1              | CPU0 |   |   |  |
| 1                 | 1    | 0 | 0 |  |
| 0                 | 0    | 0 | 0 |  |

| 16GB Memory |        |      |      |
|-------------|--------|------|------|
|             | em boa |      |      |
| CPU1        | CPU0   | CPU3 | CPU2 |
| 2           | 2      | 2    | 2    |
| 2           | 2      | 2    | 2    |

| 2-CPU 4 GB Memory |      |   |   |  |
|-------------------|------|---|---|--|
| CPU/Mem board     |      |   |   |  |
| CPU1              | CPU0 |   |   |  |
| 2                 | 2    | 0 | 0 |  |
| 0                 | 0    | 0 | 0 |  |

| <b>2-CPU 8GB Memory</b><br>CPU/Mem board |                |        |   |
|--|----------------|--------|---|
| CPU1<br>4<br>0                           | CPU0<br>4<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0 |

LEGEND: 0 - no DIMMs 1 - 1 GB Mem. (4 x 7053A) 2 - 2 GB Mem. (4 x 7051A) 4 - 4 GB Mem. (4 x 7056A)

### 11.7.3 Uniboard 1.05GHz and beyond part number scheme

The new Uniboard part numbers follow a new scheme. The intent is that all new types of CPU/Memory boards from now until the end of the product life will follow this new scheme. The format is:

<sup>\*</sup> Requires field modifications to Building Block Boards. (depopulating and/or repopulating memory banks)

#### (Z)CPUBD(A)-BCD-EEEE(-F) Where:

() stands for an optionally used component of the part number. Z=Blank if a Factory installed board, If used: X if an Xoption, or C if a CTO.

A=Blank if not used. If used = a letter to designate Processor type. Will be used if USIV procs use the same speed as a USIII proc.

B=Number of CPUs on the board

C=Number of Banks of Memory filled (4 DIMMs to a Bank)

D=Size of the memory in the bank (1,2,4 or 8 GB made up of 256MB, 512MB, 1GB or 2GB DIMMs respectively)

E=Processor speed in MHz.

F=Used if the board is a COD board, C if used

#### 11.7.4 MaxCPU 1.05GHz and beyond part number scheme

The new MaxCPU part numbers follow a new scheme. The intent is that all new types of MaxCPU boards from now until the end of the product life will follow this new scheme. The format is:

(Z)4525(G)(-EEEE)(-F)A Where

( ) stands for an optionally used component of the part number. Z=Blank if a Factory installed board. If used: X if an Xoption, or C if a CTO.

G=Blank if not used. If used = a letter to designate Processor type. Used if USIV procs use the same speed as a USIII proc.

E=Processor speed in MHz.

F=Used if the board is a COD board. Blank if not a COD board, C if used as a COD board.

A=Revision level of the Board.

# 11.8.5 Summary list of Sun Fire 12K/ Sun Fire 15K Supported Part Numbers

- •The X option allows the part to be ordered separately. The "(X)" symbol denote that this part is available as an X-option or factory configured.
- •R5 designates I/O subsystems are to be factory installed in the 72" StorEdge Expansion Cabinet.
- This is not a comprehensive list of supported disk storage and host bus adapters. For

## Sun Fire™ 12K and Sun Fire™15K System

a complete list of supported disk storage and HBAs, please reference: <a href="http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html">http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html</a>

| Marketing Number   | Short Description   |
|--|---|
| BASE PACKAGES  |   |
| F12K-16<br>F15K-24<br>F15K-48<br>F15K-72<br>F12K-CAB2<br>F15K-CAB2<br>F15K-CAB3<br>F15K-CAB3   | 16-way Sun Fire F12K Server (EOLed) 24-way Sun Fire F15K Server (EOLed) 48-way Sun Fire F15K Server (EOLed) 72-way Sun Fire F15K Server (EOLed) Sun Fire 12K Building Block Base Server (EOLed) Sun Fire 15K Building Block Base Server (EOLed) Sun Fire 12K Building Block Base Server MPO capable Sun Fire 15K Building Block Base Server MPO capable   |
| Upgrades   |   |
| C-F12K-F15K-UPGRD C12TO12P C15TO15P C12PTO15P  | Sun Fire 12K to Sun Fire 15K Hardware Upgrade Kit includes nine Expander Boards and installation service. (EOLed) Upgrade original Sun Fire 12K to become MPO Capable Upgrade original Sun Fire 15K to become MPO Capable MPO capable Sun Fire 12K to MPO capable Sun Fire 15K Hardware Upgrade Kit   |
| CPU/MEM BOARDS<br>(Slot 0 Boards)  |   |
| (X)CPUBD-484-1050<br>(X)CPUBD-482-1050<br>(X)CPUBD-482-1050-C<br>(X)CPUBD-4049<br>(X)CPUBD-F4089<br>(X)CPUBD-F4169<br>(X)CPUBD-F4329<br>XCPUBD-2029<br>(X)CPUBD-2049<br>XCPUBD-2089<br>CPUBD-222-1200<br>CPUBD-441-1200<br>CPUBD-482-1200<br>CPUBD-482-1200<br>CPUBD-482-1200<br>(X)CPUBD-484-1200-C<br>(X)CPUBD-484-1200-C<br>(X)CPUBD-484-1200-C | CPUBD BNDL-4CPU@1.05GHz w/32 GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-4CPU@1.05GHz w/16 GB MEM COD Uniboard-4CPU@1.05GHz w/16 GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-4CPU@900 w/4GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-4CPU@900 w/8GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-4CPU@900 w/16GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-4CPU@900 w/32GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-2CPU@900 w/2GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-2CPU@900 w/4GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-2CPU@900 w/4GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-2CPU@900 w/8GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-2CPU@1.2GHz w/4 GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-4CPU@1.2GHz w/4 GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-4CPU@1.2GHz w/6 GB MEM CPUBD BNDL-4CPU@1.2GHz w/16 GB MEM COD Uniboard-4CPU@1.2GHz w/16 GB MEM COD Uniboard-4CPU@1.2GHz w/16 GB MEM Slot 0 Filler Panel F12K/F15K |
| MEMORY<br>X7053A   | OPT MEM 1GB (4 x 256MB DIMMs)   |
| 717 00071  | OT T WILLIAM TOD (TA ZOOMID DIIVIIVIO)  |

X7051A OPT MEM 2GB (4 x 512MB DIMMs) X7056A OPT MEM 4GB (4 x 1GB DIMMs)

# I/O ASSEMBLIES / CPU EXPANSION (Slot 1 Boards)

(X)4575A hsPCI Assembly - F12K/F15K

(C)4525A MaxCPU BD 2x900MHz CPUs for F12K/F15K (C)4525-1050A MaxCPU BD 2x1.05GHz CPUs for F12K/F15K (C)4525-1200A MaxCPU BD 2x1.2 GHz CPUs for F12K/F15K

(X)4615A Slot 1 Filler Panel F12K/F15K

#### Sun Fire Link

(C) 4121A

Sun Fire Link assembly for the Sun Fire 12K or 15K servers. Includes one Sun Fire Link ASIC, 20 MB of Sun Fire

Link memory, one PCI bridge with two PCI adapter slots.

Includes two optical links on two optical cards (4175As). Sun Fire Link switch. Eight ports. Includes rack mounting

(X) 4170A hardware, power and cooling and System Controller. Ex-

cludes optical modules and cables.

(X) 4175A Sun Fire Link optical module. One module mounted on

cPCI card. For the Sun Fire Link switch.

X4180A Sun Fire Link optical cable, 5m
X4181A Sun Fire Link optical cable, 12m
X4182A Sun Fire Link optical cable, 20m

LNKSS-101-E999 Sun Fire Link software on CD - version 1.0

X4190A Sun Fire Link documentation set

#### F12K/F15K POWER/CABLES

(X)3800A U.S. Power cord - F12K/F15K Base

(X)3848A International Power cord - F12K/F15K Base

(X)3858A U.S. Power cord - F12K/F15K Base (X)3859A Intl. Power cord - F12K/F15K Base

X3098-SRL 9pin DIN serial cable assembly, 50 feet. Used for serial

port connection to System Controller. (EOLed)

### F12K/15K CAPACITY ON DEMAND

(COD) RTU LICENSE

Sun Fire COD 2.0 Right-To-Use (RTU) license for one XCOD-2-RTU Capacity- On-Demand (COD) CPU. One Sun Fire COD

2.0 RTU is required for each COD CPU to be activated.

#### **PACKING MATERIAL**

X3098-Pack F12K & F15K packing material

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### **SOFTWARE CODES**

Note: The latest version of the Sun

Fire 12K and 15K software http://systems.corp/products/servers/docs/SF Highend S

compatibility document can always W Matrix latest.pdf

be found at:

SOLZS-09AC9AYD

ASMV9-300-S92S SunMC 3.0 Advanced Systems Monitoring PMAY9-300-992S SunMC 3.0 Premier Management Applications

VP1V9-300-S92S SunMC 3.0 System Reliability Manager

SOLZS-08HB9A9S-IP Solaris 8 02/02 preload option for F12K/F15K Solaris 9 Full, (05/02 Rel.) Multilingual Pre-Install SOLZS-09AC9A9S-IP Solaris 9 System Administrator's media kit (FCS 5/02 SOLZS-09AC9AYC release). Contains Multilingual CD & DVD Media & Japanese Hardcopy Installation Documentation

Solaris 9 System Administrator's media kit (FCS 5/02 release). Contains Multilingual CD & DVD Media &

Simplified Chinese Hardcopy Installation

Documentation

Solaris 9 System Administrator's media kit (FCS 5/02 SOLZS-09AC9AYJ release). Contains Multilingual CD & DVD Media &

Traditional Chinese Hardcopy Installation

Documentation

Solaris 9 System Administrator's media kit (FCS 5/02 SOLZS-09AC9AYM

release). Contains Multilingual CD & DVD Media & English Hardcopy Installation Documentation

### Note: For Solaris 9 the following languages are should order:

| > SOLZS-09AC9AYM English / MultiLingual   |
|---|
| > SOLZS-09AC9AYM English / MultiLingual   |
| > SOLZS-09AC9AYM English / MultiLingual   |
| > SOLZS-09AC9AYM English / MultiLingual   |
| > SOLZS-09AC9AYC Japanese / MultiLingual  |
| > SOLZS-09AC9AYM English / MultiLingual   |
| > SOLZS-09AC9AYM English / MultiLingual   |
| > SOLZS-09AC9AYM English / MultiLingual   |
| > SOLZS-09AC9AYJ T.Chinese / MultiLingual |
| > SOLZS-09AC9AYD S.Chinese / MultiLingual |
|   |

| SOLZS-08HB9AYA | Solaris 8 media kit (French)(Sol 8 02/02)   |
|----------------|---|
| SOLZS-08HB9AYB | Solaris 8 media kit (German)(Sol 8 02/02)   |
| SOLZS-08HB9AYC | Solaris 8 media kit (Japanese)(Sol 8 02/02) |

Solaris 8 media kit (Simplified Chinese)(Sol 8 02/02) SOLZS-08HB9AYD

SOLZS-08HB9AYE Solaris 8 media kit (Italian)(Sol 8 02/02) Solaris 8 media kit (Spanish)(Sol 8 02/02) SOLZS-08HB9AYF

SOLZS-08HB9AYG Solaris 8 media kit (Swedish)(Sol 8 02/02) SOLZS-08HB9AYH Solaris 8 media kit (Korean)(Sol 8 02/02)

SOLZS-08HB9AYJ Solaris 8 media kit (Traditional Chinese)(Sol 8 02/02)

SOLZS-08HB9AYM Solaris 8 media kit (English)(Sol 8 02/02)

#### I/O EXPANSION CABINET

SG-(X)ARY030A 72" StorEdge Expansion Cabinet (X)9818A Opt. Door Assembly 72" Cabinet Opt. Fan Assembly 72" Cabinet

X9819A X-option Opt. Fan Assembly 72" Cabinet

X9660A 1RU Air Baffle for 72" Cabinet

(X)3858A U.S. Power cord - StorEdge Expansion Cabinet (X)3859A Intl. Power cord - StorEdge Expansion Cabinet

#### **I/O Devices**

must be found at:

Note: Due to the complexity and constant changes of additional new I/O devices being Qualified and supported I/O configuration information is not listed here and

http://systems.corp/products/servers/docs/SF Highend IO

Support Matrices latest.pdf

### **INSTALLATION & SERVICES**

F12K-INSTALL-SU

Sun Fire 12K Server Start

Sun Fire 15K Server Start

F12K-INSTALL-SB Sun Fire 12K Board installation F15K-INSTALL-BD Sun Fire 15K Board Installation

HPC-INSTALL-F12K Sun Fire 12K HPC Software Tools Installation
HPC-INSTALL-F15K Sun Fire 15K HPC Software Tools Installation

W9D-F12K-1PF12K Base System Platinum upgrade (1 Year)W9D-F12K-2PF12K Base System Platinum upgrade (2 Years)W9D-F12K-3PF12K Base System Platinum upgrade (3 Years)

W9D-F15K-1PF15K Base System Platinum upgrade (1 Year)W9D-F15K-2PF15K Base System Platinum upgrade (2 Years)W9D-F15K-3PF15K Base System Platinum upgrade (3 Years)

| W9D-F12K16-1P<br>W9D-F12K16-2P<br>W9D-F12K16-3P                | F12K-16 System Platinum upgrade (1 Year)<br>F12K-16 System Platinum upgrade (2 Years)<br>F12K-16 System Platinum upgrade (3 Years)                |
|--|---|
| W9D-F15K24-1P<br>W9D-F15K24-2P<br>W9D-F15K24-3P                | F15K-24 System Platinum upgrade (1 Year)<br>F15K-24 System Platinum upgrade (2 Years)<br>F15K-24 System Platinum upgrade (3 Years)                |
| W9D-F15K48-1P<br>W9D- F15K48 -2P<br>W9D- F15K48 -3P            | F15K-48 System Platinum upgrade (1 Year)<br>F15K-48 System Platinum upgrade (2 Years)<br>F15K-48 System Platinum upgrade (3 Years)                |
| W9D-F15K72-1P<br>W9D- F15K72-2P<br>W9D- F15K72 -3P             | F15K-72 System Platinum upgrade (1 Year)<br>F15K-72 System Platinum upgrade (2 Years)<br>F15K-72 System Platinum upgrade (3 Years)                |
| W9D-F12K-SYSBD4-1P<br>W9D-F12K-SYSBD4-2P<br>W9D-F12K-SYSBD4-3P | 4-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade (1 year)<br>4-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade (2 years)<br>4-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade (3 years) |
| W9D-F15K-SYSBD4-1P<br>W9D-F15K-SYSBD4-2P<br>W9D-F15K-SYSBD4-3P | 4-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade (1 year)<br>4-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade (2 years)<br>4-way CPU/MEM Board Platinum upgrade (3 years) |
| W9D-F12K-SYSBD2-1P   | MaxCPU board / 2-Way CPU Board Platinum upgrade (1 year)  |
| W9D-F12K-SYSBD2-2P   | MaxCPU board / 2-Way CPU Board Platinum upgrade (2 years)   |
| W9D-F12K-SYSBD2-3P   | MaxCPU board / 2-Way CPU Board Platinum upgrade (3 years)   |
| W9D-F15K-SYSBD2-1P   | MaxCPU board / 2-Way CPU Board Platinum upgrade (1 year)  |
| W9D-F15K-SYSBD2-2P   | MaxCPU board / 2-Way CPU Board Platinum upgrade (2 years)   |
| W9D-F15K-SYSBD2-3P   | MaxCPU board / 2-Way CPU Board Platinum upgrade (3 years)   |
| PS-PI-SCSDC-1  | Data Center Readiness Service (available Fall 2002)   |
| PS-PI-SCSAR-1  | Sun Fire 15K Application Readiness Service  |
| PS-PI-SRAAS-2<br>PS-PI-SRAAS-3                                 | Standard SunReady Availability Assessment offering Complex SunReady Availability Assessment offering  |
| ES-421   | Sun Fire 12K/15K System Administration Class  |

EA-215 Sun Fire Skills Package

| UPGRADE CODES  |  |
|--|--|
| ALW-04-S-E6-SC   |  |
| ALW-06-S-E6-SC   | E6x00 > 2 yrs. to F15K   |
| ALW-08-S-E6-SC<br>ALW-10-S-E6-SC   | ·  |
| ALW-15-S-E6SC-XXX  | (TBD) Allowance E6X00 to F15K  |
| ALW-20-S-E6SC-XXX  | (TBD) Allowance E10K to F15K   |
| ALW-04-S-F6-SC   | (1DD) Allowance Literate 11310   |
| ALW-06-S-F6-SC   |  |
| ALW-08-S-F6-SC   | F6800 > 2 yrs. to F15K   |
| ALW-10-S-F6-SC   |  |
| ALW-12-S-F6-SC   |  |
| ALW-18-S-F6SC-XXX  | F6800 from 1- 2 yrs. to F15K   |
|  | F6800 < 1 yr. to F15K  |
| ALW-24-S-F6SC-XXX  |  |
| ALW-04-S-E10-SC  |  |
| ALW-06-S-E10-SC  | E10K > 2 yrs. to F15K  |
| ALW-08-S-E10-SC  |  |
| ALW-10-S-E10-SC<br>ALW-12-S-E10-SC   |  |
|  | E10K from 1- 2 yrs. to F15K  |
| ALW-15-S-E10SC-XXX   |  |
| ALW-20-S-E10SC-XXX   | E10K < 1 yr. to F15K   |
| ALW-04-S-Z-SC  |  |
|  |  |
| ALW-06-S-Z-SC  | Qualified Category 6 Competitive Server to F15K  |
| ALW-06-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-08-S-Z-SC   | Qualified Category 6 Competitive Server to F15K  |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-10-S-Z-SC   |  |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC  | Qualified Category 6 Competitive Server to F15K  Server Consolidation with 8 points  |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-10-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS  | Server Consolidation with 8 points   |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-10-S-Z-SC   | Server Consolidation with 8 points Server Consolidation with 12 points   |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-10-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS  | Server Consolidation with 8 points   |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-10-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-06-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-08-S-O-SC-CNS  | Server Consolidation with 8 points  Server Consolidation with 12 points  Server Consolidation with 16 points   |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-10-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-06-S-O-SC-CNS   | Server Consolidation with 8 points Server Consolidation with 12 points   |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-10-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-06-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-08-S-O-SC-CNS  | Server Consolidation with 8 points  Server Consolidation with 12 points  Server Consolidation with 16 points   |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC ALW-10-S-Z-SC ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-06-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-08-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-10-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-12-S-O-SC-CNS                                    | Server Consolidation with 8 points  Server Consolidation with 12 points  Server Consolidation with 16 points  Server Consolidation with 20 points  Server Consolidation with 24 points   |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-10-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-06-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-08-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-10-S-O-SC-CNS   | Server Consolidation with 8 points  Server Consolidation with 12 points  Server Consolidation with 16 points  Server Consolidation with 20 points  |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC ALW-10-S-Z-SC ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-06-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-08-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-10-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-12-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-14-S-O-SC-CNS                 | Server Consolidation with 8 points  Server Consolidation with 12 points  Server Consolidation with 16 points  Server Consolidation with 20 points  Server Consolidation with 24 points   |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC ALW-10-S-Z-SC ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-06-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-08-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-10-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-12-S-O-SC-CNS                                    | Server Consolidation with 8 points  Server Consolidation with 12 points  Server Consolidation with 16 points  Server Consolidation with 20 points  Server Consolidation with 24 points  Server Consolidation with 28 points  Server Consolidation with 32 or more points |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC ALW-10-S-Z-SC ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-06-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-08-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-10-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-12-S-O-SC-CNS  ALW-14-S-O-SC-CNS                 | Server Consolidation with 8 points  Server Consolidation with 12 points  Server Consolidation with 16 points  Server Consolidation with 20 points  Server Consolidation with 24 points  Server Consolidation with 28 points  |
| ALW-08-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-10-S-Z-SC<br>ALW-04-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-06-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-08-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-10-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-12-S-O-SC-CNS<br>ALW-14-S-O-SC-CNS | Server Consolidation with 8 points  Server Consolidation with 12 points  Server Consolidation with 16 points  Server Consolidation with 20 points  Server Consolidation with 24 points  Server Consolidation with 28 points  Server Consolidation with 32 or more points |

| ALW-04-S-O-F12-CNS  | Server Consolidation for a F12K trade in with 4 or more points   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| ALW-06-S-O-F12-CNS  | Server Consolidation for a F12K trade in with 6 or more points   |  |  |  |
| ALW-08-S-O-F12-CNS  | Server Consolidation for a F12K trade in with 8 or more points   |  |  |  |
| ALW-10-S-O-F12-CNS  | Server Consolidation for a F12K trade in with 10 or more points  |  |  |  |
| ALW-12-S-O-F12-CNS  | Server Consolidation for a F12K trade in with 12 or more points  |  |  |  |
| ALW-14-S-O-F12-CNS  | Server Consolidation for a F12K trade in with 14 or more points  |  |  |  |
| ALW-16-S-O-F12-CNS  | Server Consolidation for a F12K trade in with 16 or more points  |  |  |  |
| ALW-18-S-O-F12-CNS  | Server Consolidation for a F12K trade in with 18 or more points  |  |  |  |
| ALW-20-S-O-F12-CNS  | Server Consolidation for a F12K trade in with 20 or more points  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: TRADE IN VALUE MUST<br>NOT EXCEED ORIGINAL LIST<br>PRICE OR ESTIMATED |  |  |  |  |
| ALW-30-S-2TO4-SER   | Upgrade 2 CPU -750MHz or 2CPU -900MHz Uniboard to a 4-CPU 1.05GHz Uniboard   |  |  |  |
| ALW-30-S-1XBB-SER   | Upgrade 4-750MHz or 4-900MHz Uniboard to a 4-CPU 1.05GHz Uniboard  |  |  |  |
| ALW-30-S-1XBB-SER   | Upgrade 2-way 900MHz MaxCPU board to a 2-way 1.05GHz Uniboard  |  |  |  |
| ALW-30-S-2TO4-SER   | Upgrade2-way 900MHz MaxCPU board to a 4-way 1.05GHz Uniboard   |  |  |  |
| ALW-30-S-1XBB-SER   | Upgrade 2-way 900MHz MaxCPU board to a 2-way 1.05GHz MaxCPU board.   |  |  |  |
| ALW-80-S-AXQ62  | Upgrade From: Sun Fire 12K Cab2 TO: Sun Fire 12K Cab3 or Sun Fire 12K Cab2 TO: Sun Fire 15K Cab3 or Sun Fire 15K Cab2 TO: Sun Fire 15K Cab3. Order UG-RMA with this order. Customer must return qty 9 6.1 expander kits from F12K or 18 from an F15K.  |  |  |  |
| ALW-25-S-IO-SER   | Upgrade from Hot swap PCI I/O assembly for the Sun Fire 12K and 15K. (4575A) Has 4 hot swap PCI slots. Upgrade to Sun Fire Link assembly for the Sun Fire 12K/15K (C)4121A Has a dual Sun Fire Link interface and two hot swap PCI slots. Return 4575A |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |

11.8.8 Configuration Flow Charts

There are sets of Configuration Flow Charts for the Sun Fire 12K and Sun Fire 15K which are available at the MySales website under: http://mysales.central/public/configGuide/

# CHAPTER 12 Additional Resources

# **Configuration Information**

Complete and up to date configuration information can be found at the following web sites.

For the Sun Fire 15K:

http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15k/configuration.html

For the Sun Fire 12K:

http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire12k/configuration.html

# Sun Fire 12K and 15K Server Configuration Guide

In an effort to better serve their readers, the Sun Fire 12K and 15K Server Just the Facts guide and the Configuration guide have now been merged. The following Configuration guide SunWin token is now obsolete: Token #312503.

#### Sales Desk Sales Order Process Information

The Sales Desk website contains critical information required to process Sun Fire 12K and 15K system orders, including the Technical Checklists and Configuration Diagrams required by the MCSO process. Detailed information regarding the complete Sales Process is also available on the SalesDesk website. http://sales-desk.west

## Sun Fire 12K and 15K Server Ordering Information and Flowcharts

Reference the High-End/Data Center Servers chapter in the online Configuration Guide for step-by-step configuration and ordering instructions for Sun Fire 12K and 15K Full System Bundles, Standard Server Configurations, Building Block Configurations, and associated upgrades.

## Sun Fire 12K and 15K Software Compatibility Matrix

The Sun Fire 12K and 15K Software Compatibility Matrix defines the availability and readiness of software and its inter-dependency with other software. Please use the companion Supported Products Matrix to nail down the support status of specific devices or hardware features.

## Sun Fire 12K and 15K Server I/O Support Matrix

Includes supported product configuration tables for network interface cards, disk storage host bus adapters, disk and tape storage products.

#### **Product Announcements**

Discover the latest information regarding product announcements, system enhancements, price adjustments and more.

# Training

Two types of training will be available for Sales. Web based training and instructor lead training. Information about web based training for sales on the Sun Fire 12K and 15K can be located at: http://webtrain.central.sun.com

Sun Fire 12K and 15K instructor led training can be found at: http://webtrain.central.sun.com/gsot/

The following is from the Sales web based training website:

#### Sun Fire 12K/15K Server Solutions

Welcome to the Sun Fire 15K Server Solutions module. This module provides information about the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers which are the largest server in the Sun Fire family. It offers enhanced scalability and performance in a large-scale, centralized, enterprise server for parallel processing of commercial and technical applications.

Updated information is posted every Tuesday. Watch for pages to see the latest updates:

CPU/Memory Board System Controller Board IBM's Regatta IBM's Messaging/Sun's Responses Regatta Weaknesses

The following is from the Sales Instructor Led training web site:

## Sun Fire 12K/15K Applied Solutions (SASII)

A 4 day intensive look at the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers covering the overall architecture and design of the server hardware and software, with additional focus on Sun Fire 12K/15K RAS, shared resource domains, and IDN technologies. Exercises and hands-on labs will enable students to effectively distinguish between the advantages of one configuration over another given a particular customer scenario.

Available for both Sun and partner SEs, the web-based training from the Sun Product Learning Portal is prerequisite to attending this instructor-led course. It is available at Geo-specific training hubs worldwide:

Americas: Milpitas, CA

Europe/Middle East/Africa: Munich, Germany

Asia/Pac: Tokyo, Japan

# **Sun Experts CD** - Sun Fire 12K/15K Edition.

The Sun Experts CD series is a pre-sales training and support mechanism, that is self-contained and can be loaded on your laptop, PC, or Solaris workstation and used anytime, anywhere, without a network connection. Comprised of presentation material, reference material like datasheets and white papers, videos, and product demos, the CD is a great way to learn about Sun's products and solutions. The first Sun Fire 12K/15K edition was made available in December 2001. Topics will include Competition, late-breaking, post-Launch updates, sales strategies, server sizing tips, and much more.

Sun Experts CD can also be ordered through Javacart (Sun internal) and via the Partner portal at: http://reseller.sun.com/training/sunexpert.html

# White Papers

Many fine white papers have already been written about the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers. These papers may be found on the external Sun website at: <a href="http://www.sun.com/servers/wp/search/search.cgi">http://www.sun.com/servers/wp/search/search.cgi</a>

Additional internal use only white papers may also be found on SunWin.

Some of the white papers that can be found there include:

# Sun Fire 15K Open System Controller (OpenSC) White Paper

This paper describes how to set up and verify third-party software on system controller (SC) boards, creating an open system controller (OpenSC). The SC board hosts System Management Services (SMS) software that monitors and controls a Sun Fire[tm] 15K system. Applications that run on the OpenSC, other than the SMS software and the Solaris[tm] operating environment, are considered third-party software. Third-party applications are expected to be lightweight, such as monitoring and backup agents, and not to demand intensive system resources. Described here are the SMS resource requirements, the maximum permitted resource consumption for third-party software, and techniques to help ensure that SMS receives the resources it needs to function properly.

#### Service Portfolio for the Sun Fire 15K Server

This white paper is targeted for current and new Sun customers with high-end data centers who are likely to deploy the Sun Fire 15K server in the near term. Information includes a complete service portfolio from Sun Professional Services, Sun Educational Services, and Sun Support Services.

# The Sun Fire 15K Server for High Performance and Technical Markets

This white paper describes today's HPTC markets and the Sun Fire 15K architecture and features that are designed to server these markets. A brief description of the Sun Fire family of systems and Sun's comprehensive HPTC hardware/software stack is also included to provide a better understanding of Sun Fire 15K server's overall value proposition.

# **Sun Fire 15K Server: System and Resource Management**

The Sun Fire 15K server is the most scalable and powerful mainframe class server in Sun Microsystems' extensive server product line, supporting up to 106 1.2GHz UltraSPARC[tm] III processors, 576 GB of memory, 72 I/O slots, over 250 TB of online disk storage, and over 15,000 software applications for the Solaris[tm] Operating Environment. This paper addresses the complement of management tools offered by the Sun Fire 15K server.

# Sun Fire 15K Server: The Ultimate System for Raising Service Levels and Reducing Total Cost of Ownership

This paper provides an overview of the unique capabilities of the Sun Fire 15K server in delivering on the new demands of the networked data center.

Other white papers are available internal to Sun can be found at: http://systems.corp/tools/salestools/datacenter/highend toolkit/whitepapers.html

# Sun Fire 15K Server Security Whitepaper

This document provides an overview of the Sun Fire 15K security design characteristics and how these technologies contribute protecting your information and computing resources. (Token #312488)

# **Sun Fire 15K General Positioning Whitepaper**

This paper provides an overview of the Sun Fire 15K server with general technical information, features and benefits. The target audience is IT management. (Token #312485)

# Sun Fire 15K Server: Availability for the Net Effect Whitepaper

This white paper details the features of the Sun Fire 15K server and demonstrates that Sun understands highly-available services are the result of the careful interaction of people, process, and product. With the Sun Fire 15K server, Sun Cluster software, Sun Management Services software, Sun Management Center software, and an extensive line of enterprise-class services and training, Sun provides an end-to-end solution for helping customers realize the most demanding availability requirements. (Token #312487)

# Service Portfolio for the Sun Fire 15K Server Whitepaper

This document is targeted for current and new Sun customers with high-end data centers who are likely to deploy the Sun Fire 15K server in the near term. Information includes a complete service portfolio from - Sun Professional Services, Sun Educational Services, and Sun Support Services. (Token #314209)

Sun Fire Servers - Lowering the Total Cost of Ownership of Information Technology, PDF

## The Sun Fireplane System Interconnect

System interconnect is a key determiner of the cost, performance, and reliability of large cache-coherent, shared-memory multiprocessors. Interconnect implementations have to accommodate ever greater numbers of ever faster processors. This paper describes the Sun Fireplane two-level cache-coherency protocol, and its use in the medium and large-sized UltraSPARC[tm] III based Sun Fire servers.

# Sun Fire 12K and 15K Success Stories

Success Stories are always a useful way to see the creative ways that customers are using Sun's products.

SUN FIRE 15K Success Stories are available at http://sundoc.central.sun.com

**Success Story: TELUS Mobility** 

SunWIN #: 339634

Telecommunications: 'The Sun Fire 15K server's Dynamic System Domains, scalability, and computational power help TELUS Mobility in its drastic consolidation.'

**Success Story: Uppsala University** 

SunWIN #: 339632

HPC/Academic Research: 'The Sun Fire 15K server provides Uppsala University with the extra speed, flexibility, and large memory required for its high-performance computing needs.'

# Success Story: Mitthogskolan (Mid-Sweden University)

SunWIN #: 339634

HPC/Academic Research: 'Reliability, scalability, simplification, and computational performance support Mitthogskolan's choice of the Sun Fire 15K server to meet its high-performance computing needs.'

# Sun Rack 900 White Paper

White paper for the Sun Rack 900 SunWin # 361810

# **Sun Managed Services White Paper**

Sun Managed Services: Helping Companies to More Efficiently Manage Sun Technology, An IDC White Paper. SunWin # 366270

# Sun UltraSPARC III Memory for RAS White Paper

Sun has devoted great care and attention to memory when developing systems based on the UltraSPARC III microprocessor. This UltraSPARC III memory incorporates enhanced RAS features.

SunWin # 365454

# Sun Fire Link - a High-Speed Interconnect for SunPlex Systems White Paper

This white paper describes the Sun Fire Link interconnect and its features when deployed in a SunPlex system, using Sun Cluster software.

SunWin # 360770

# Enterprise Business Intelligence Reference Architecture for OLAP Business Overview White Paper

This white paper describes the business conditions and how a customer can be successful at implementing a Business Intelligence solution. SunWin # 345679

IDC: Sun Mainframe Rehosting at Transamerica Life Canada White Paper

How to maintain customer service levels while reducing TCO? This was the challenge Transamerica meet when it decided that an aggressive mainframe rehosting project could achieve a 6-month ROI.

SunWin # 358034

# Sun's Server Platforms Improve Customer Total Cost of Ownership White Paper

IDC looks at the Total Cost of Ownership for acquiring and operating computer systems and how Sun's platform can help reduce that.

SunWin # 362237

# Improving Economies of Scale with Blade Computing White Paper

By improving the economies of scale found in today's typical data centers, Blade Computing helps to reduce costs by sharing infrastructure and streamlining management.

SunWin # 358353

# Using Automated Dynamic Reconfiguration for Workload Management on Sun Fire Servers Presentation and White Paper

This paper discusses Dynamic Reconfiguration best practices and interactions with other resource management utilities and provides details on the new WBEM client interface to DR, WDR. PATROL.

SunWin # 358990

# Product Lifecycle Management (PLM) in Data Centers White Paper

An insight into the role of Data Centers in PLM deployement. SunWin # 358447

# Computing at the Edge White Paper

This document discusses the trends associated with edge computing as well as platforms, management, security, and specific examples of customers using Sun technology to implement effective edge computing.

SunWin # 355421 and SunWin # 353816

Compexity and Cost in the Data Center: Opportunities for Blade Management White Paper Blade Server management will allow business decision makers to directly associate the cost of services with revenue, eliminating unnecessary expenditure and reducing TCO for the IT systems.

SunWin # 358359

## Sun Fire 12K and 15K Documents

The following websites will list the currently available documents from Sun on the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers.

http://www.sun.com/products-n-solutions/hardware/docs/Servers/High-

End Servers/Sun Fire 15K/HW Documentation/index.html

and

http://docs.sun.com/db/coll/925.2

The following link will show the currently available documents covering the Systems Management Services Software which resides on the two System Controllers in the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers.

http://docs.sun.com/db/doc/816-5076-10

The following link is the main page that covers the COD 2.0 program. http://ipgproducts.eng/programs/datacenter/cod/#highend

This following list shows some, but not all of the available documents for the Sun Fire 12K and 15K servers.

Note: All hardware, software and service manuals published for the Sun Fire 15K can also be used to manage the Sun Fire 12K

# Sun Fire 15K/12K Specific Software Documentation

Sun Fire 15K/12K Dynamic Reconfiguration (DR) User Guide Sun Fire 15K/12K Dynamic Reconfiguration Installation Guide and Release Notes

Sun Fire 15K/12K Software Overview Guide

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System Management Services (SMS) 1.2 Dynamic Reconfiguration User Guide
System-Level Documentation (English)
806-3507-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Read Me First
806-3508-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Unpacking Guide
816-1122-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Getting Started
806-3509-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Overview
806-3510-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Site Planning Guide
806-3511-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Hardware Installation and De-Installation Guide
806-3512-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Service Manual
Other Documentation (English)
806-3514-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Service Reference I - Nomenclature
806-3513-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Service Reference II - Component Numbering
816-0768-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Carrier Plate Configurations
816-4972-10 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Logo Placement
816-5417-10 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems MaxCPU Installation
816-6062-10 Enabling Capacity on Demand (COD) CPU/Memory Boards on Sun Fire
            15K/12K/6800/4810/4800/3800 Systems
816-6066-10 License Certificate: Capacity on Demand Right-to-Use License for the Sun Fire
            15K/12K/6800/4810/4800/3800 Systems
Sun Fire 15K/12K Hardware Documentation: French, Japanese, Korean, Chinese
816-4973-10 Sun Fire 12K System Introduction (fr)
816-4974-10 Sun Fire 12K System Introduction (ja)
816-4975-10 Sun Fire 12K System Introduction (ko)
816-4976-10 Sun Fire 12K System Introduction (zh)
816-4977-10 Sun Fire 12K System Introduction (zh_TW)
816-2164-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Unpacking Guide (fr)
816-2165-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Unpacking Guide (ja)
816-2166-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Unpacking Guide (ko)
816-2167-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Unpacking Guide (zh)
816-2168-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Unpacking Guide (zh_TW)
816-2169-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Read Me First (fr)
816-2170-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Read Me First (ja)
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816-2192-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Hardware Installation and De-Installation Guide (zh) 816-2193-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Hardware Installation and De-Installation Guide (zh\_TW) 1.2
816-2184-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Site Planning Guide (ja) 816-2194-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Service Manual (ja) 816-2195-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Service Reference I Nomenclature (ja) 816-2196-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K System Service Reference II Component Numbering (ja) 816-2197-11 Sun Fire 15K/12K Systems Carrier Plate Configurations (ja)

## Sun Fire 15K BluePrints

Sun realizes how important security is for our customers. Because of this Sun has created a series of papers called BluePrints that define the best way to implement features on Sun's Products. All Security BluePrints can be found from the following weblink: http://sun.com/security/blueprints

The following Sun Fire 12K and 15K Blue Prints are available.

Securing Sun Fire[tm] 12K and Sun Fire[tm] 15K Domains: updated for SMS 1.2 by Alex Noordergraaf and Dina K. Nimeh

This article has been updated to include new security features and capabilities specific to SMS 1.2. The detailed recommendations included in this article describes how the Solaris[tm] Operating Environment can be hardened on a Sun Fire[tm] 12K/15K domain. Included are recommendations on how the Solaris Operating Environment image running on the Sun Fire 12K/15K domains should be configured in secure environments.

# Securing Sun Fire[tm] 12K and Sun Fire[tm] 15K System Controllers: updated for SMS 1.2 July 2002, by Alex Noordergraaf and Dina K. Nimeh

This article has been updated to include new security features and capabilities specific to SMS 1.2. The detailed recommendations included in this article describes how the security of the Sun Fire[tm] 12K/15K System Controller (SC) can be improved. These recommendations include specific recommendations on how the Solaris[tm] Operating Environment (Solaris OE) image running on the SC should be configured in secured environments.

# **Related Products**

# StorEdge™ S1 Thin Storage Array (Boot Device)

## I. Product Description

The StorEdge S1 is the next generation of the Netra st D130 thin storage array. Built on the success of the D130, the StorEdge S1 retains many of the key features of the D130 that our customers have embraced, and is enhanced with new features that our customers have requested. The new S1 provides faster data access, increased flexibility of space utilization, and higher scalability at the same price as the D130.

For customers requiring additional storage capacity, a simple boot device, or incremental storage for horizontal-scaling applications in a rack-optimized package, the S1 is the obvious choice. Value to the customers include:

Low cost storage solution

- o Less then \$3000 List price.
- Faster data access
  - o With a transfer rate of up to 160MB/s
- Flexibility of space utilization
  - o Long cabling distance of up to 12 meters
- Investment protection
  - o Backward compatible with the Netra st D130 and single ended devices

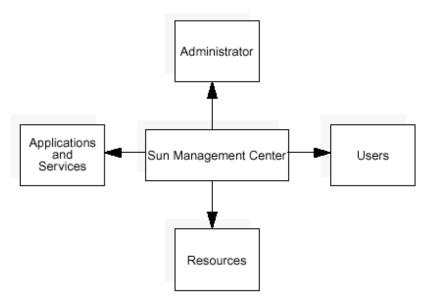
# Sun Management Center (SunMC)

Managing an integrated enterprise IT environment of servers, desktops, storage subsystems, relational databases, transaction monitors, and complex applications like SAP, Baan, and PeopleSoft, is a difficult and time consuming task. While no single application can provide a complete management solution for every platform, organizations can utilize intelligent, flexible enterprise management tools to solve many common problems related to continuous service availability. Enterprise management solutions helps enable organizations to manage systems, middleware, applications, and the networks that connect them, with the overall goal of optimizing service levels while minimizing administrative costs.

One component of enterprise management, and perhaps the most pressing problem organizations face, is systems management. Focusing on the management of the hardware platform, operating system, and storage components, systems management includes the monitoring, performance optimization, and resource management capabilities that are essential to ensuring continuous service availability. Monitoring and adjusting CPU utilization and network bandwidth allocation enables application response time and service-level requirements to be met. In addition, storing data for trend analysis enables effective capacity planning and resource management. When systems such as these operate at peak efficiency, organizations are better equipped to work more productively and make better decisions —factors that can mean the difference between merely surviving and thriving in an increasingly competitive marketplace.

Conventional tools cannot support the move from managing small pockets of disparate systems and services to managing the integrated enterprise. IT organizations need an integrated set of systems management tools—a platform that offers common services for all enterprise management applications. Such solutions must have a consistent look-and-feel, implement enterprise-wide security procedures, integrate with other management tools, and enable new functionality to be added with ease.

Sun Management Center 3.0 is one of the best systems management tools from Sun to date. The Sun Management Center 3.0 three-tiered framework offers a single point of management for all Sun systems, the Solaris TM Operating Environment, applications and services for data center and highly distributed computing environments. With Sun Management Center software, IT organizations can efficiently manage and arbitrate between users, applications, and resources (see figure below) Sun systems, which have long been the preference for both technical and commercial computing users, capitalize on Sun's strengths in reliability, availability, serviceability (RAS), as well as performance and scalability. Enterprise management tools, however, must be designed to understand the systems they intend to manage—and no one knows how to manage Sun hardware and operating systems better than Sun. As a result, Sun Management Center software gives administrators one of the most comprehensive tools for managing Sun systems, as well as a platform that integrates easily with other enterprise management frameworks.



Sun Management Center software provides a single point of management for the enterprise Key Features

Sun Management Center software is an advanced system management tool. Designed to support Sun systems, Sun Management Center technology provides a platform upon which the enterprise can base its administrative and management operations to help ensure all systems and the services they provide are highly available. A powerful tool for managing the enterprise network, Sun Management Center software enables system administrators to perform remote system management, monitor performance, and isolate hardware and software faults for hundreds of Sun systems, all through an easy-to-use Web interface.

Key features of Sun Management Center 3.0 software include the following:

- · Reliability, availability, and serviceability (RAS) features
  - Proactive and automated management of complex and common administrative tasks, reducing the likelihood of costly errors and helping to ensure availability
  - GUI using Java<sup>™</sup> technology, providing heterogeneous GUI support, a common look and feel for all Sun Management Center applications, and the flexibility to manage the enterprise from any platform using Java technology, thereby increasing administrator efficiency; GUI supports dynamic reconfiguration and multi-pathing, allowing higher system availability
  - Predictive failure analysis, helping to enable administrators to predict potential memory and disk hardware failures on a statistical basis, thereby enhancing decision making and increasing availability

# System administration tools

- Health monitoring, a sophisticated set of heuristics that incorporates a large body of administrative knowledge, including an intelligent rules-based health monitor that correlates metrics and gives suggested steps for resolution, resulting in simplified administration
- Log-file scanning, enabling administrators to search and parse logs and registers for a particular status—the foundation for application health monitoring
- Physical viewer, displaying photo-realistic images of hardware components and

- pointing to components with an associated event, guiding administrators unfamiliar with a particular Sun platform to quickly determine which components need to be replaced
- Logical viewer, presenting a tree hierarchy of the managed host or domain, including all hardware and operating system components—if an event is associated with a particular component, the logical viewer will identify its exact location within the hierarchy
- Event and alarm management, providing administrators with the information they need when they need it
- Real-time performance analysis, helping to enable administrators to isolate potential and existing bottlenecks

# Integration features

- Single event model, enabling information to be shared with multiple consoles or users with ease
- Standard interfaces and protocols, enabling integration with third-party management tools, including Tivoli TME 10 TEC 3.6, HP OpenView ITOps, BMC Patrol, and Computer Associates Unicenter TNG, thereby providing a complete enterprise management solution
- Full SNMP (versions 1, 2,c and V2usec) and RMI connectivity, helping to enable information to be shared with other enterprise management tools

#### · Scalability and customization features

- Common management platform, scalable from a single system to thousands of server and desktop systems
- Configuration flexibility, allowing Sun Management Center technology to be configured out of the box to best fit the needs of the environment, as well as providing easy customization for new rules, scripts, actions, and so on
- Extensible agent architecture, allowing administrators to add functionality and management features with ease
- Developer environment, helping to enable organizations to plan, design, develop and integrate Sun Management Center modules as well as third-party applications, tools, and customized solutions based on the Sun Management Center framework
- Rules writing documentation, helping to enable rules to be created and customized for the Sun Management Center environment

#### · Security features

 Enterprise-wide security measures, such as authentication, data integrity, and access control lists for management of data and active management functions

#### · Ease of use features

- Single point of management, allowing effective use of administrative resources Dynamic agent modules, providing functionality to be added or removed asynchronously and dynamically
- Domain-aware agents, providing dynamic system domains supported on the Sun Enterprise™ 10000 server and its associated resources to be monitored independently
- Multiple system support, allowing administrators to monitor and manage all Solaris
   Operating Environment systems remotely
- Logical element grouping, helping to enable the grouping of Sun systems by geographical location, server role, administrative responsibility, and so on; the status of the individual systems are summarized by the group, as events and alarms are issued to each system

- Hierarchy and topology viewer, a central management application that displays the hierarchy and a topology map of all the objects that are being managed
- Automatic discovery of Sun systems, including IP address, subnet address, hostnames, and OIDs to identify specific types of systems
- Console wrapper, enabling users to access native UNIX® commands with ease

# Solaris<sup>™</sup> 8 Operating Environment

The industry's premier UNIX® operating environment includes key features such as:

- Hot patching (unique): Apply patches to the operating environment without rebooting.
- Live upgrade: Build a new, upgraded operating environment image while maintaining a full system application service load.
- IP network multipathing: Provides load balancing and failovers with multiple network interface cards.
- Mobile IP: Helps enable users to stay connected to the network regardless of location.
- UNIX file system (UFS) logging: Store transactions in a log before applying to the file system.
- Extensive security capabilities: Including IPSec, Kerberos v5, pluggable authentication modules (PAMs), role-based access control (RBAC), shared-secret and public-key encryption, and smart card support.

# Top 10 Reasons for Moving to the Solaris 8 Operating Environment Today

- Massive scalability. Multithreaded design enables it to scale to handle heavy network traffic, huge data sets, and compute-intensive processes.
- 2. **Reduced cost of ownership.** Offers data center-class reliability, availability, and serviceability at a fraction of the cost of a mainframe.
- Reactive scalability. Helps enable system administrators to write and execute scripts that
  quickly address peak load situations and dynamically move system resources from one
  domain to another.
- 4. Lower downtime due to planned events. Live upgrade helps enable system administrators to build a new, upgraded environment image while system is running full application service load. Hot patching framework allows patches to take effect without rebooting, greatly reducing system downtime required to diagnose, test, analyze, and correct problems.
- 5. Highly available system and network resources. Sun Cluster 3.0 helps enable system administrators to manage servers and storage devices as a single entity. Dynamic multipathing technology handles load balancing and failovers with multiple network interface cards.
- 6. **Secure and predictable operations.** Built-in network protection features include IPSec, Kerberos, RBAC, SunScreen SKIP, SunScreen firewall, and smart card support.
- 7. *Connectivity to the world.* Supports iPlanet Directory Server, Solaris PC NetLink, mobile IP, XML, Java 2 Platform, and legacy connectivity.
- 8. *Manageability*. Easily manage systems with Solaris Management Console™ software, diskless client management, and Sun Management Center.
- 9. *High performance application services.* Solaris Network Cache Accelerator dramatically increases Web server performance. Java technology is tightly integrated into Solaris platform to efficiently leverage its multithreading capabilities.
- 10. Universal operating environment. Delivers technologies that combine billions of users and devices over the Internet and provides extensive support for 37 different languages and 127 locales.

# Solaris™ Management Console (SMC)

http://webhome.corp/solarispm/sunmc/

# Sun™ Remote Services (SRS)

http://srs.ebay/

# Sun StorEdge™

http://webhome.ebay/networkstorage/software/

# System Management Services (SMS) 1.3

Sun Fire™ 12K and 15K System Management Services 1.3 is the third system management software release specifically designed for use on Sun Fire 12K and 15K System Controllers to manage a Sun Fire 12K or 15K system. An instance of this software is required on each of the main and backup System Controller. While only one System Controller is needed at any time to control the whole system, when configured with a backup System Controllers, the configuration will have automatic failover capability and higher availability.

The Sun Fire 15K/12K System Management Services 1.3 Web Release uses a command line interface and is a text based management tool. For customers who prefer to use administrative tools with Graphic User Interface (GUI), they should also install the Sun Management Center 3.0 PU4 software (with patches) when the System Management Services 1.3 software is implemented.

Sun Fire™ 12K and 15K System Management Services 1.3 is distributed with each newly ordered Sun Fire™ 12K or 15K system. In addition it is available to all customers as a Web release. System ManagementServices 1.3 is designed to support several new functions, and is expected to provide superior availability and functionality over previous versions of System Management Services software. All existing System Management Services 1.2 or 1.1 users are VERY STRONGLY encouraged to migrate to System Management Services 1.3 as soon as possible.

The Sun Fire™ 12K and 15K System Management Services 1.3 offers following New features for customers' productive use:

The Sun Fire 15K/12K System Management Services 1.3 Web Release offers immediate support for the following new features:

- Capacity On Demand 2.0: SMS 1.3 recognizes and can manage the new Capacity On Demand (2.0) boards and the RTU licensing of COD CPUs.
- Sun Fire 15K/12K Slot 1 Dynamic Reconfiguration (DR) for MaxCPU boards and hsPCI assemblies.
- Patch consolidation. Many bugs resulting from field deployment of SMS 1.1 or 1.2 are now fixed in SMS 1.3.
- Supporting Solaris 9 12/02, incrementally, as a domain Operating Environment.
- Supporting Solaris 9 12/02, as the Operating Environment for a Sun Fire 15K/12K System Controller.
- Sun Management Center, through patches to Sun Management Center 3.0 PU4.
- Sun Fire 15K/12K security enhancement: Security feature, ssh-fomd, delivered as a patch to SMS 1.2 is now incorporated into the SMS 1.3 code base. Also, SMS 1.3 is in compliant with the Security Blueprint.

- SMS 1.3 allows 12 domains to at a time. SMS 1.1 limits this to 1 domain at a time. SMS 1.3 also supports all the features that were found in SMS 1.2 including:
- Configuring up to 9 Dynamic Systems Domains on the Sun Fire 12K and 18 Dynamic Systems Domains on the Sun Fire 15K.
- Configuring and managing up to 18 System/Memory boards and up to 18 I/O or MaxCPU boards in combination on the Sun Fire 15K and up to 9 System/Memory boards and up to 9 I/O or MaxCPU boards in combination on the Sun Fire 12K.
- On the Sun Fire 15K each domain can have up to the maximum number (18) of available system boards, up to 18 I/O boards (including up to 17 MaxCPU boards substituting for I/O boards).
- On the Sun Fire 12K each domain can have up to the maximum number (9) of available system boards, up to 9 I/O boards (including up to 8 MaxCPU boards substituting for I/O boards).
- Providing various services to manage up to 18 Dynamic Systems Domains on the Sun Fire 15K and up to 9 Dynamic Systems Domains on the Sun Fire 12K.
- Supporting up to 288 GB of addressing capability for each domain, 576 GB in a single domain on the Sun Fire 15K is a future feature.
- Supporting Solaris 8 10/01 and later as the Operating Environment for each Dynamic Systems Domain
- Supporting Solaris 8 10/01 and later as the Operating Environment for a System Controller
- Allowing CPU/Memory boards running at their rated speeds on a per board basis, once boards with CPU speed greater than 900 MHz are introduced.
- Monitor temperatures, currents, and voltage levels
- Monitor and control power to the components
- Execute diagnostic programs
- Warns of impending problems
- Automatically reboots a domain after a system software failure
- Keeps logs of interactions between the SC environment and the domains
- Managing hot plug and swap of an I/O assembly or I/O cards
- Controlling resource management of the platform or domain with access privileges
- Automatic failover of System Controller
- Automatic failover of the main control board
- Automatic failover of clock signal
- Automatic System Recovery
- Rapid booting for up to 6 domains simultaneously. On the Sun Fire 15K all 18 domains can be rebooted automatically in sequence with grouping of 6.
- Dual Power Grid support
- Supporting Sun Management Center 3.0
- Supporting I/O Multipathing (IPMP)
- Supporting Sun StorEdge(TM) Traffic Manager

#### Post GA features are:

- Support for the Sun Fire Link boards.
- Supporting Reconfiguration Coordination Manager

Further information on SMS may be found at the following URL: http://www.sun.com/servers/highend/sunfire15k/

# Relevant URLs

## **Internal Resources**

- Sun Fire 12K Homepage http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire12K
- Sun Fire 15K Homepage <a href="http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15K">http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/sunfire15K</a>
- Sun Fire 3800, 4800, 4810 and 6800 Servers <a href="http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/index.html">http://systems.corp/products/servers/datacenter/index.html</a>
- Sun Fire15KProduct Information http://onestop/
- Sun BluePrints Security Documents http://sun.com/security/blueprints

# Glossary – Technical Terminology

# **ACL**

Access Control List. In order to assign a board to a domain, the board name must be listed in the Access Control List (ACL). When a board is listed in the ACL, the system controller software is allowed to process addboard or deleteboard requests for that board..

## **ADR**

Automated Dynamic Reconfiguration. Allows one to invoke scripts for tasks such as adding or deleting a system board to or from a domain, moving a board between domains, or for determining the status of a system board.

## alternate pathing

A software feature which gives you the ability to have multiple paths to the same device from one domain. This provides an extra degree of fault tolerance. For disks, this is MPxIO. For networks it is IPMP.

# **Automatic System Recovery (ASR)**

Provids system operation in the event of a hardware failure. Identifies and isolatse a failing hardware component, and builds a bootable system configuration without the failed hardware component.

#### boardset

In the Sun Fire 15K, one expander board plus its attached System board and/or I/O board.

#### CDC

Coherence Directory Cache. A cache of information associated with each home agent, located in SRAMs on the expander board, which may record a cache line where its owner is or which expanders may have a shared copy.

## Cheetah

The internal name for the UltraSPARC-III processor.

#### CLI

Command Line Interface. A user interface to a computer's operating system or an application in which the user responds to a visual prompt by typing in a command on a specified line, receives a response back from the system, and then enters another command, and so forth.

#### Coherent

A somewhat overused (and therefore ambiguous) term. *Coherent transactions* may refer only to RTO, RTS, and WB type transactions; or is sometimes used to refer to any transactions to cacheable address space.

#### **COMA**

Cache-Only Memory Architecture. An architecture in which main memory is treated like a large cache, and memory pages can be present in more than one place. WildCat uses *Simple COMA*, renamed Coherent Memory Replication (see).

#### control boardset

Plugs into one of two control slots on the plane interconnect. Consists of a plane interconnect support board, a system controller, and a peripheral board.

#### **cPCI**

Compact PCI. A form of PCI that allows an individual PCI card to be removed and replaced while the system is running.

## **CPU**

Central Processing Unit. An UltraSPARC III processor in this context.

## **Domain**

A logical grouping of system boards. Each partition contains up to two domains. Domains do not interact with each other. Domains differ from partitions in that they share Repeater boards. A domain is able to run its own copy of the Solaris operating environment and has its own host ID. A domain must contain at least one system board and one I/O board.

#### domain isolation

Mechanism where by the AXQ confirms that the address transaction destination is in the same domain as the source. Enabling technology for "split slot" configurations.

# **Double-pumped**

A degraded mode in which the information is sent over half the wires using twice the normal number of cycles, thus avoiding a broken wire.

# DR

Dynamic Reconfiguration. Adding or removing resources to a domain, such as removing a CPU board from one domain and giving it to another.

## **DSD**

Dynamic System Domain. Mainframe-style partitioning allows a single UNIX server to be divided logically into multiple servers, creating "systems within a system."

# dynamic reconfiguration

Software support for the hardware configuration changes made to a domain running the Solaris operating environment. Dynamic Reconfiguration handles the software aspects of dynamically removing a defective board from the system and installing a replacement board without bringing the system down and with minimum disruption to user processes running in the domain.

# **ECC**

Error Correcting Code. Extra bits that go along with data bits to detect or correct errors. See SECDED.

# expander board

The Sun Fire 15K board that interposes between the CPU and IO boards and the plane interconnect. The expander board contains the AXQ and SDI ASICs.

## fault tolerance

The ability of a system to continue to perform its functions, even when one or more components have failed.

# fireplane bus

The interconnect architecture used by the Sun Fire servers when communicating between L1 and L2 devices.

## **FRU**

Field replaceable unit or replacement part.

## HA

High Availability.

# **Hot Plug**

Physically connecting hardware to a powered system.

# **Hot Swappable**

The ability to physically add or remove a component from the system whiule the system is up and allowing that hardware to be configured into the system without interruption to system operation. Hot swap is combination of Hot plug and Dynamic Reconfiguration.

#### **IDN**

Inter-Domain Networking.

## **IPMP**

IP Multipathing. Increases network availability and performance.

## keyswitch

See virtual domain keyswitch.

# Latency

The time between initiating a request from data and the beginning of the actual data transfer.

#### Level II SRAM

External cache. In Cheetah, this is called the L2 cache, with the data kept in external SRAM chips and the tags kept in the Cheetah chip.

## LVD

Low Voltage Differential. (Ultra2 and beyond) LVD reduces the amount of power needed to drive the SCSI bus, and increases the cable length from 3 meters to 12 meters.

# **MaxCPU** board

A Dual Proc board, which plugs into slot 1 (the "I/O" slot) of the Expander. Originally called the MacCat board.

#### **MPxIO**

MultipathI/O. I/O framework allowing Solaris to represent and manage storage devices which are accessible through multiple host controller interfaces within a single instance of Solaris.

# **MTBF**

Mean Time Between Failure. Is a measure of how reliable a hardware product or component is.

# **MTBSF**

Mean Time Between System Failure. Is a measure of how reliable a hardware product or component is. It is more important then MTBF.

# **MTTR**

Mean Time to Repair. The average time it takes to repair a Failed component.

# **NAFO**

Network Adapter Failover. Exclusively a feature of Sun Cluster.

#### **NetCon**

Network Console. System controller service that provides a "console" for single-user operations.

## No Single Point of Failure

Implies that for any one component failure (which may cause a system crash), the system can still be rebooted with full data access, though perhaps with degraded performance. When a failure occurs, Sun systems automatically reboot (fast reboot) and reconfigure to recovery.

## **NUMA**

Non-Uniform Memory Access. An architecture in which memory and processors are in clumps, and accesses to memory in another clump is possible but slower.

#### **NVRAM**

Non-Volatile RAM. Any semiconductor memory device that does not lose its contents when power is turned off.

#### **OLTP**

Online Transaction Processing. Is a class of programs that facilitates and manages transaction-oriented applications, typically for data entry and retrieval transactions.

## partition

A hardware feature that provides very good hardware failure isolation between two groups of system boards and their associated Repeater boards. Each partition has its own set of Repeater boards. When a system is divided into two partitions, the system logically behaves as two separate systems. Now called a segment.

#### **RAS**

Reliability, Availability, and Serviceability.

#### **RCM**

Reconfiguration Coordination Manager. A generic framework which allows dynamic reconfiguration (DR) to interact with system management software. The framework enables automated DR removal operations on platforms with proper software and hardware configuration and provides enhanced error reporting on DR operation failures.

# SBM

Solaris<sup>™</sup> Bandwidth Manager. A policy-based, directory-enabled software solution regulating IP networks' bandwidth usage in LANs and WANs.

# SC

System Controller (see).

#### Scalable Shared Memory (SSM)

A mode of the Fireplane interconnect which allows multiple Fireplane buses to be connected together.

# **Shared Resource Domain (SRD)**

A Sun Fire 12K or 15K domain that is permitted to send and receive a restricted set of transactions to/from other domains (its client domains), thus allowing it to facilitate and control inter-domain communication.

# shared expander

In the Sun Fire 12K or 15K, an expander which is either an SRD expander (see) and/or a split expander (see).

#### Slot-0 board

A board that has an off-board bandwidth of 4.8 GBps. One type of slot-0 board is used in the Sun Fire: the System board.

#### Slot-1 board

A board that has an off-board bandwidth of 2.4 GBps. Three slot-1 board types are used in the in Sun FIre servers: PCI, cPCI, and 3800 cPCI.

#### **SMP**

Symmetric Multi-Processor. The Sun Fire servers are SMPs.

#### **SNMP**

Simple Network Management Protocol. SNMP is any system listening to SNMP events. This is usually the system with the Sun Management Center software installed.

# split expander

When the two system boards in a boardset are in different domains, since the expander board keeps the transactions separate for each system board.

#### SRD

Shared Resource domain. A Sun Fire domain that is permitted to send and receive a restricted set of transactions to/from other domains (its client domains), thus allowing it to facilitate and control inter-domain communication.

# SRS

Sun Remote Services. Continuous system monitoring that utilizes an intelligent agent based architecture to monitor key systems variables 7x24. When a problem is detected, an alarm is automatically generated to notify SRS engineers and initiate resolution.

# **SSM**

Scalable Shared Memory. That part of the Safari architecture that enables point-to-point coherency, thus minimizing system addressing bottlenecks. Coherency messages only get sent to components that need to be involved in a particular transaction.

# **System Controller**

The system controller consists of the System Controller board and the system controller software. The system controller provides communication pathways for console traffic and other data that needs to be passed between the system controller and the system. The system controller software monitors and controls the system, manages hardware, and configures domains.

# **System Controller board**

A board containing a microSPARC™ processor, which oversees operation of the system and provides clocks and the console bus.

## **UltraSPARC-III**

The SPARC V9 processor used in all systems comprising the Sun Fire family of systems. Internally known as the Cheetah.

## **US-III**

See UltraSPARC-III.

## **UltraSPARC IV**

Second generation processor model of the Safari-bus generation. Pin compatible with UltraSPARC III.

#### **UPA**

Ultra Port Architecture.